

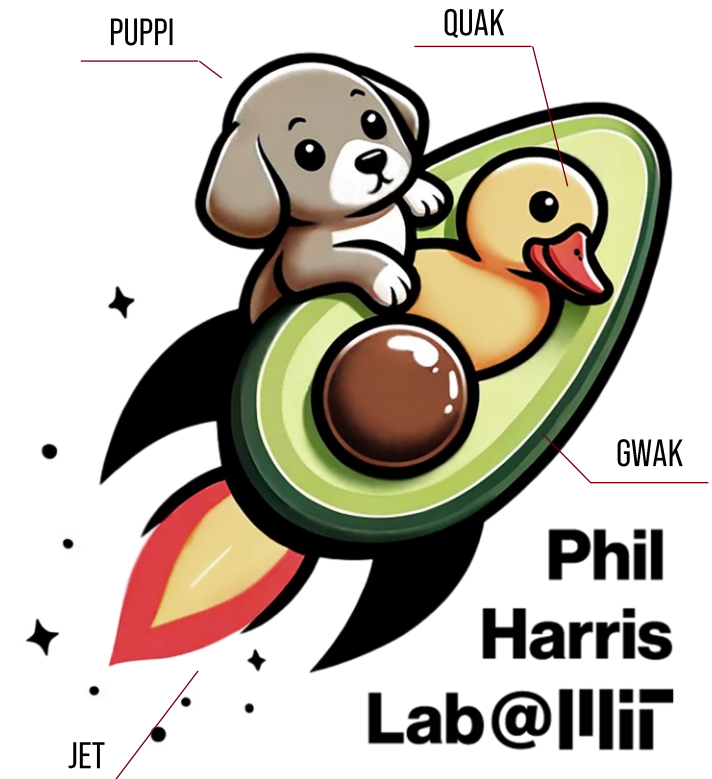
High p_T Higgs Probes of New Physics

Overview of recent searches at CMS

Andrzej Novak

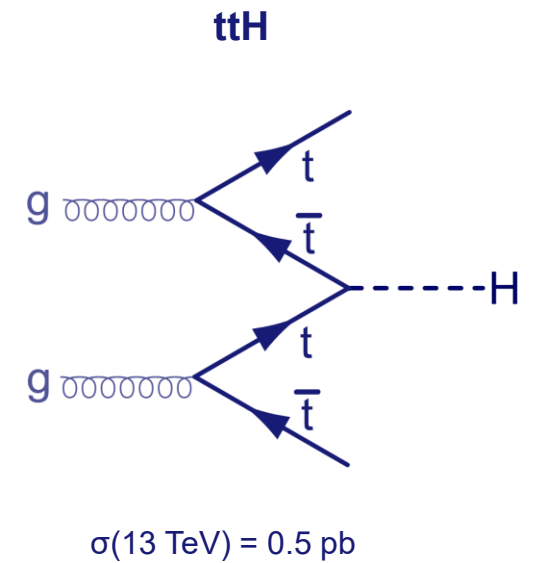
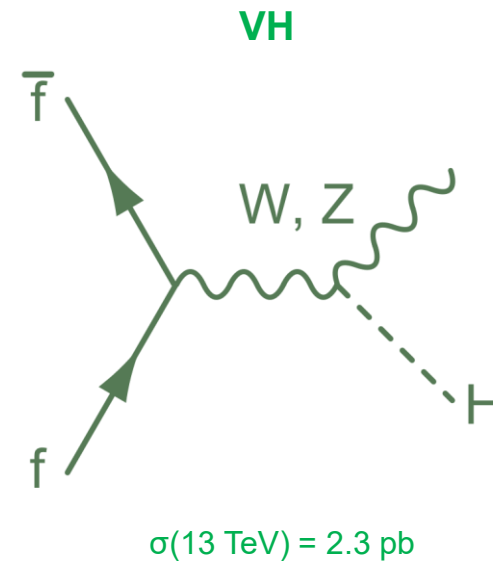
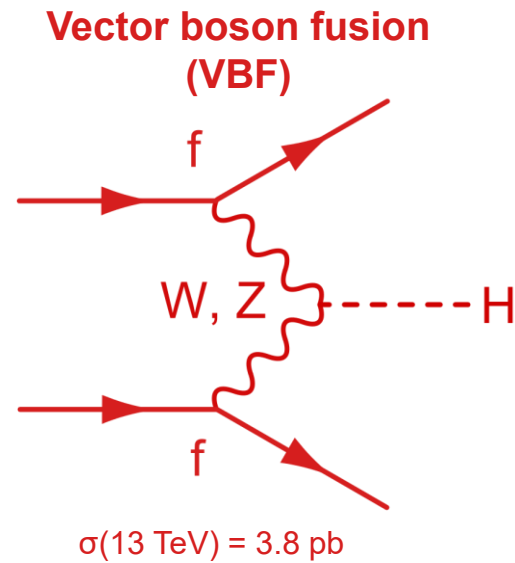
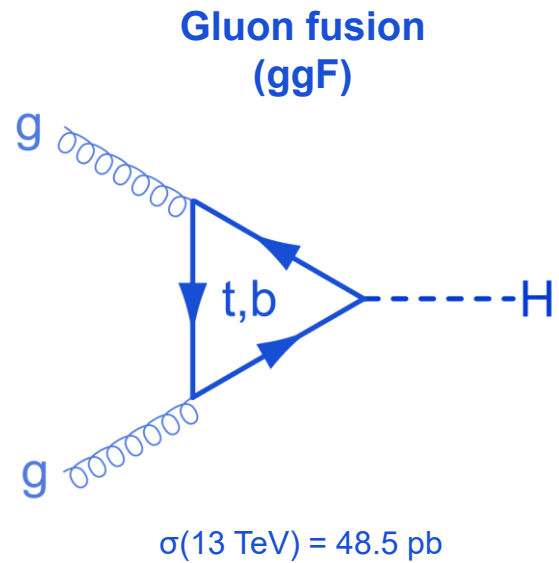
8 Oct 2024

DOE HEP Review



Higgs Boson Production at the LHC

- Higgs boson production initiated by different proton constituents
 - Different modes probe different couplings
- Gluon fusion is the statistically dominant channel...



Higgs Boson Production at High p_T

• ~~Gluon fusion is the dominant channel... Or is it?~~

• p_T spectra differ between production modes

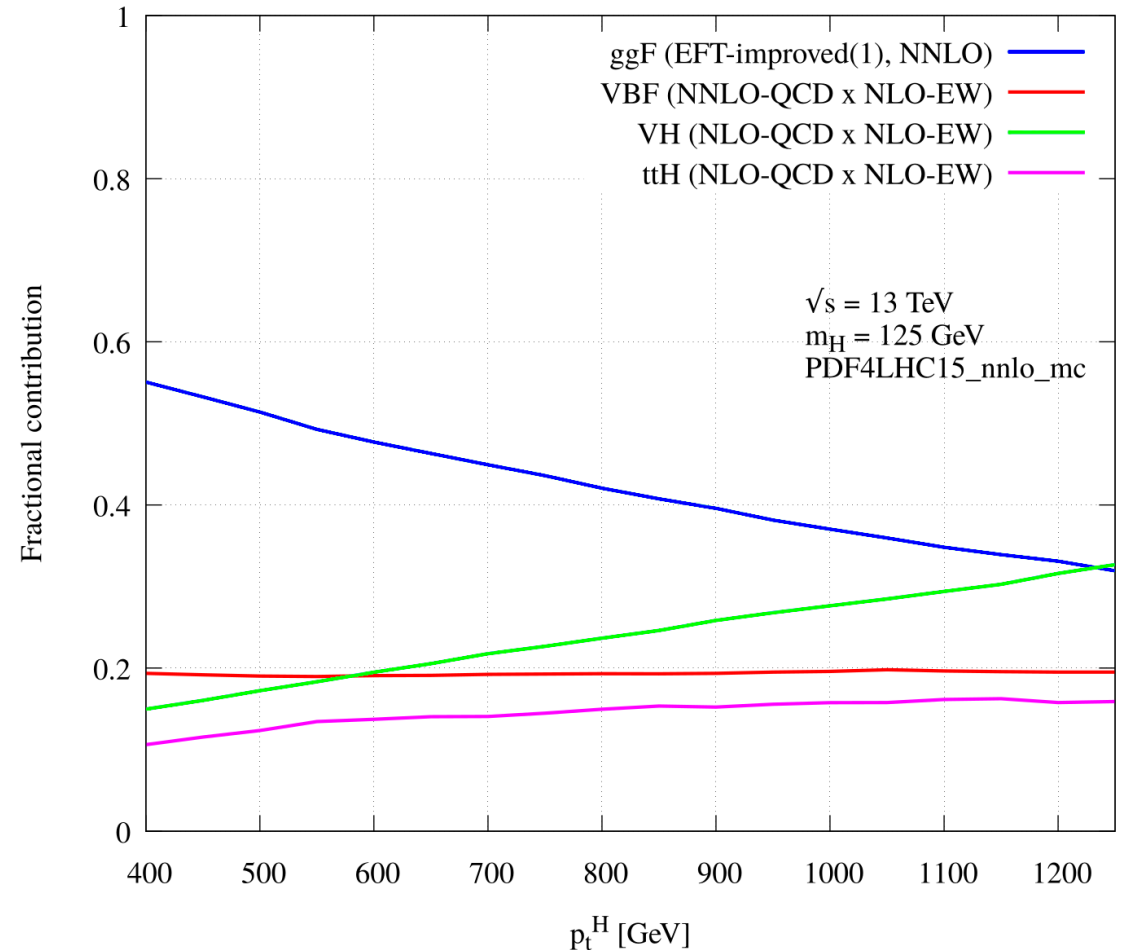
• Inclusively:

• ggF = 88%, VBF = 6.9%, VH = 4.2%, ttH = 0.9%

• At $p_T = 800$ GeV:

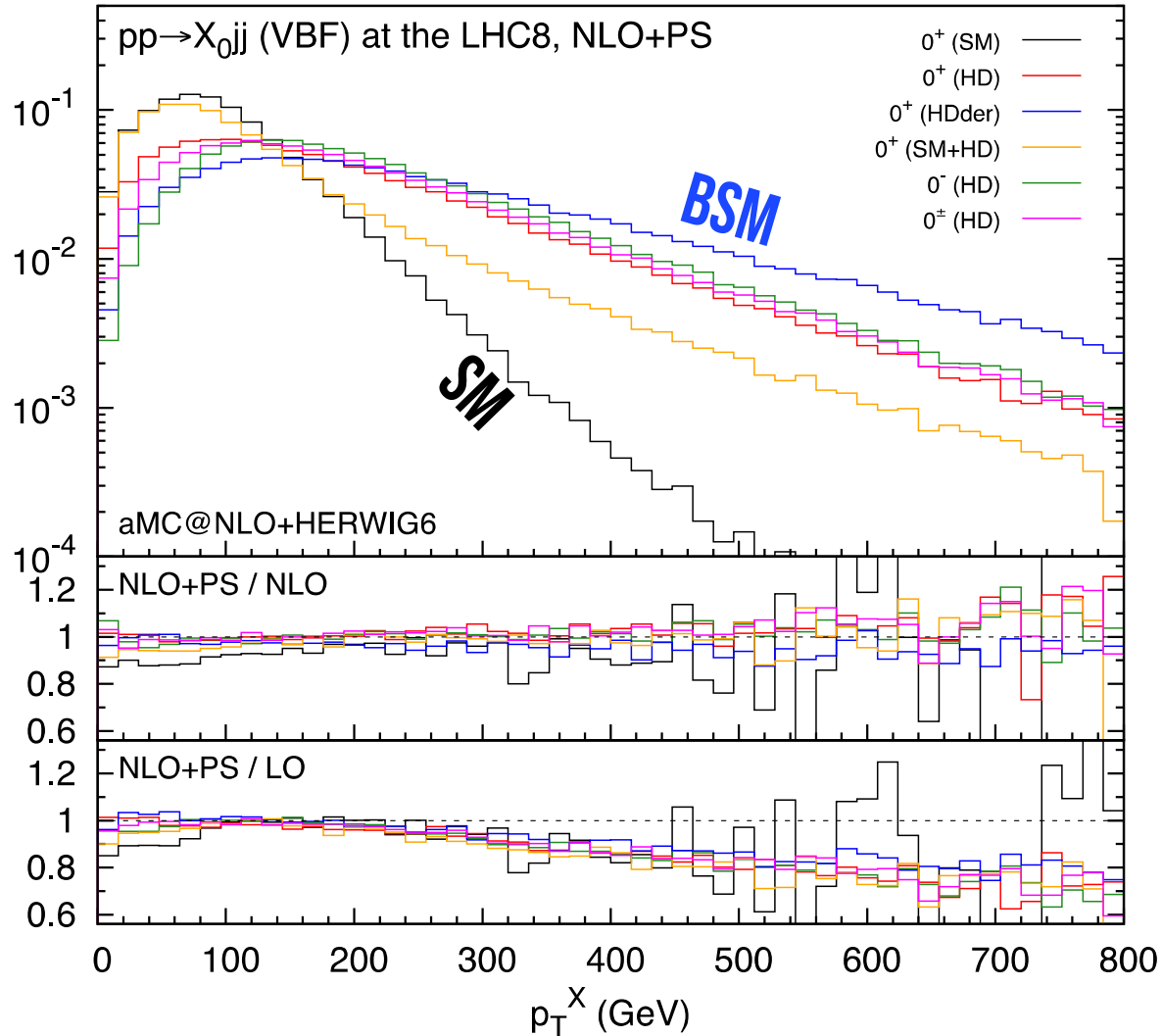
• ggF = 42%, **VBF = 19%**, **VH = 26%**, ttH = 13%

• Gluon fusion accounts for less than half



Higgs Boson Production at High p_T ... is Interesting

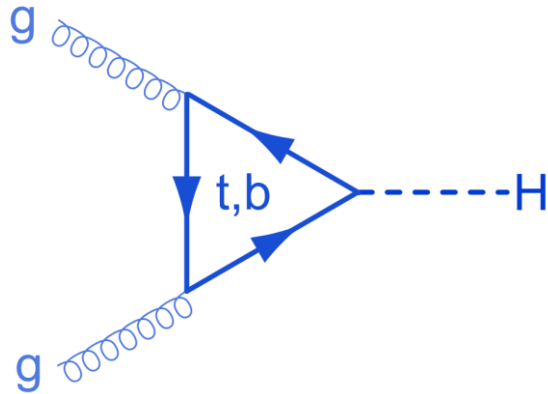
arXiv:1311.1829



- Not yet well measured
 - Difficult due to decreasing statistics.
- New physics can modify the p_T distribution
 - Is the Higgs a fundamental particle?
 - Best visible in the tails
- Does the Standard Model still describe Higgs interactions in this regime well?

Detecting Higgs – Statistical Power vs Purity

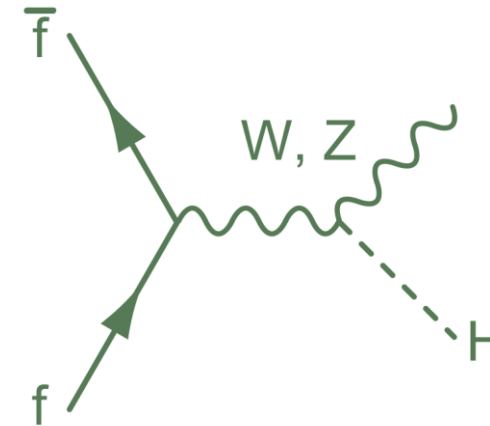
Gluon Fusion



Premise:

- Largest Higgs production cross-section
 - $\sigma(pp \rightarrow H)@13 \text{ TeV} = 48.6 \text{ pb}$
- Very large QCD contamination: $g \rightarrow qq$
 - $\sigma(pp \rightarrow qq)@13 \text{ TeV} \sim 360\,000 \text{ pb}$ ($HT > 300 \text{ GeV}$)

Higgs Strahlung



Premise:

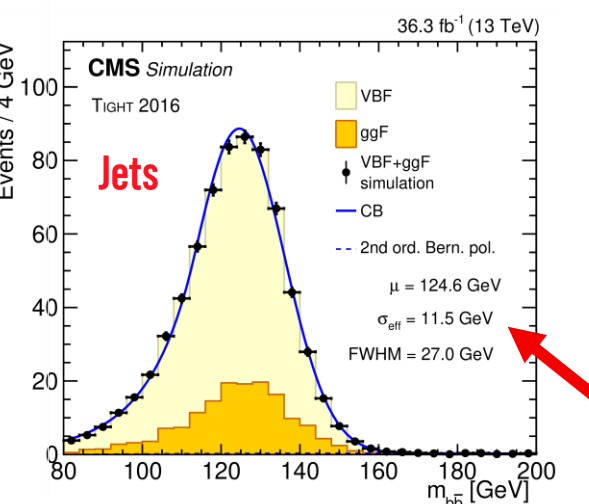
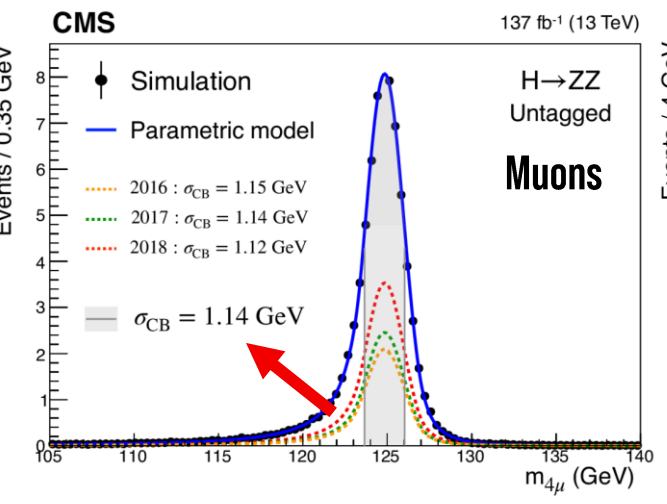
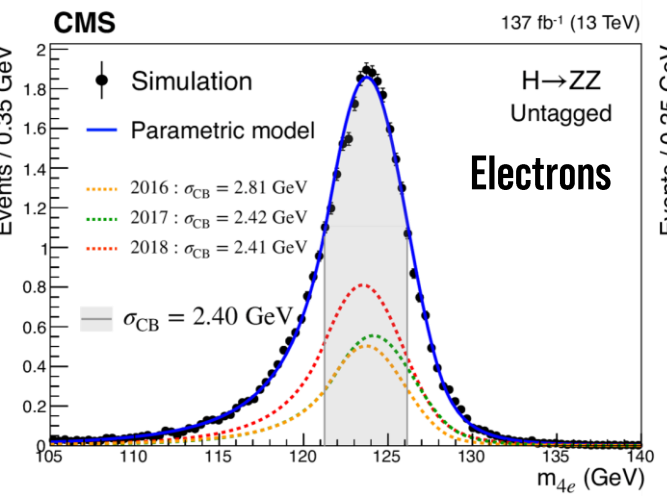
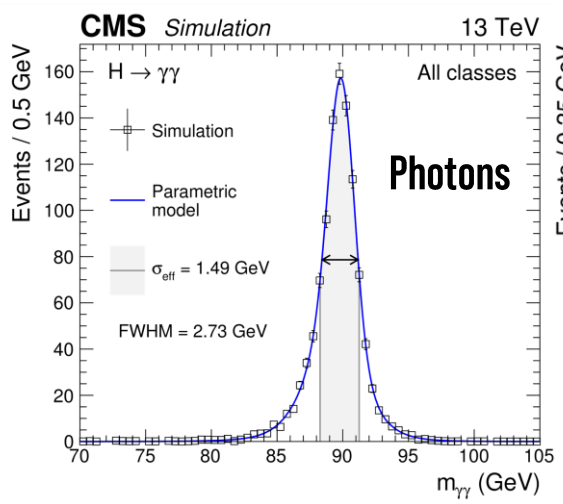
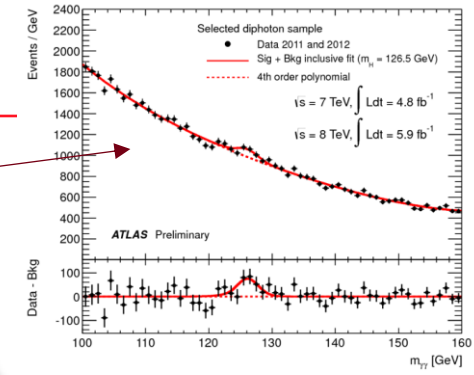
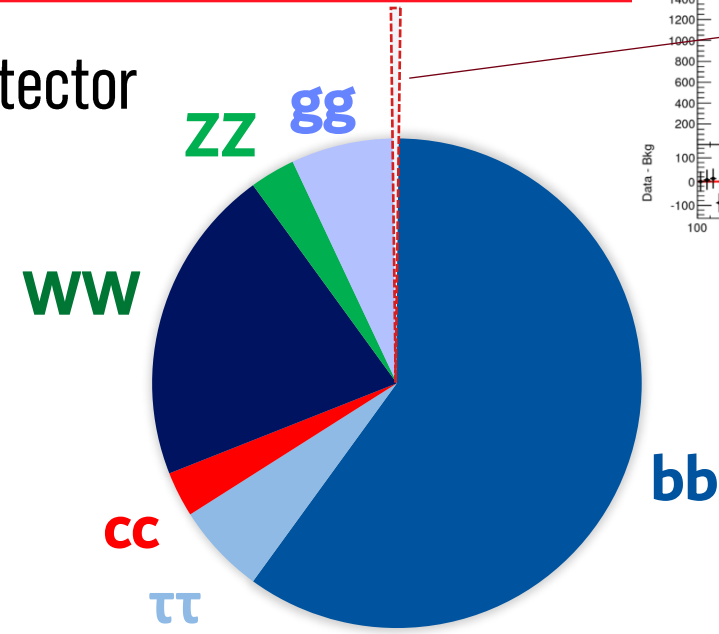
- Low cross-section
 - $\sigma(pp \rightarrow VH)@13 \text{ TeV} = 2.25 \text{ pb}$
- Clean signature: trigger on leptons from Z,W
- Mostly V+jets background
 - $\sigma(pp \rightarrow V+qq)@13 \text{ TeV} \sim 600 \text{ pb}$ ($HT > 400 \text{ GeV}$)

x 20

x 600

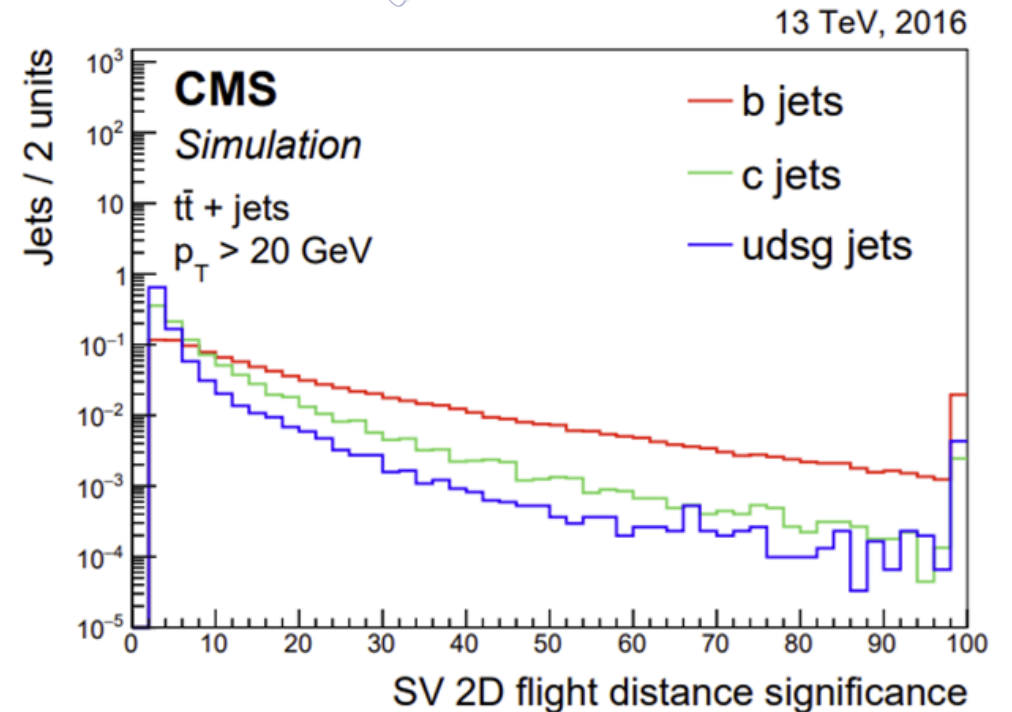
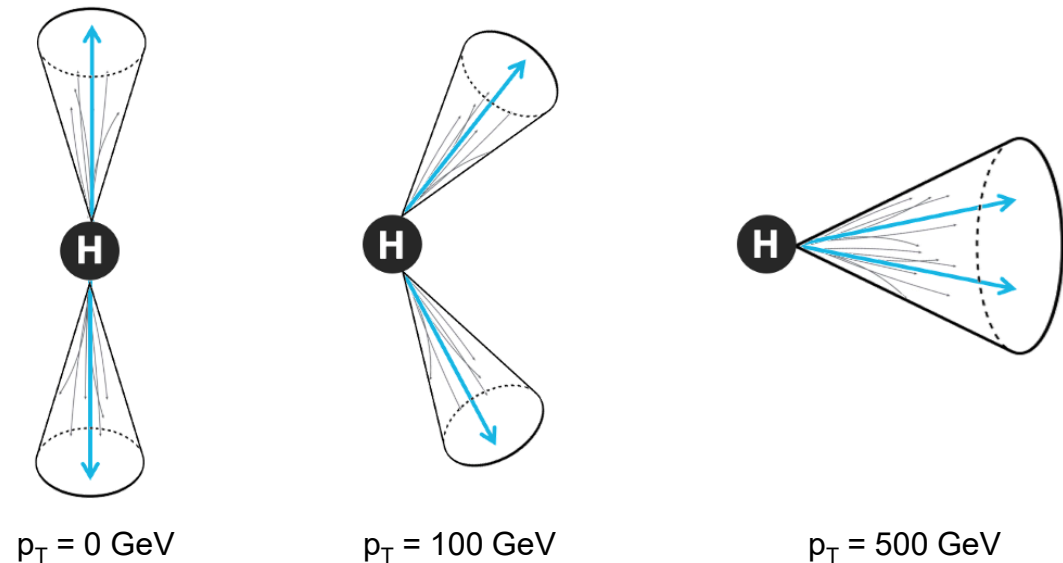
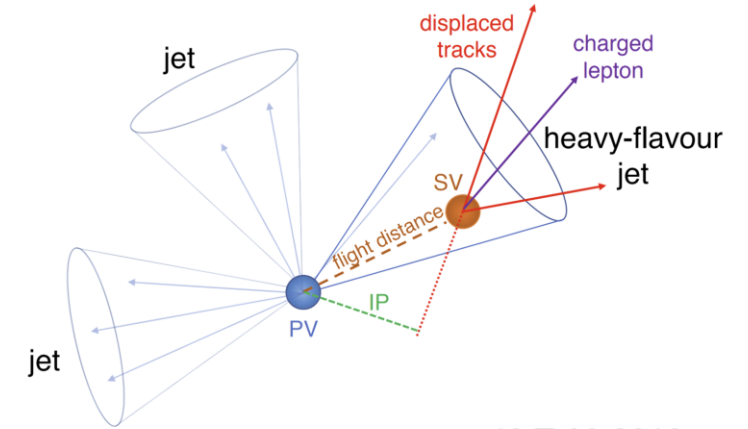
Detecting Higgs – Statistical Power vs Purity in Decays

- Bulk of Higgs decays are hadronic – forming **jets** in the detector
- But... jets are *everywhere*
 - $\sim 10^9$ fb vs $\sim 10^7$ fb for photons @ 7 TeV
- Jet resolution and identification is very *poor



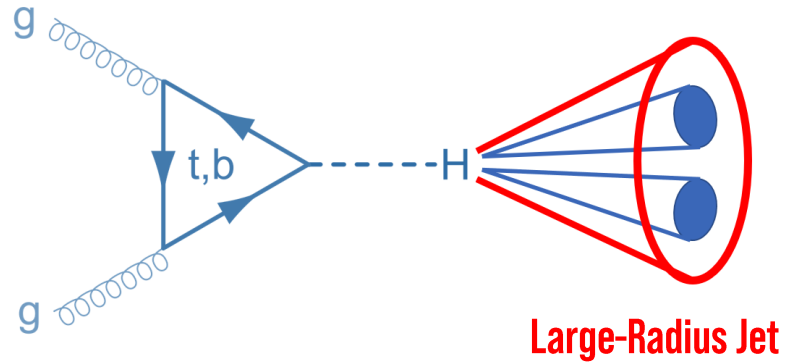
Detecting Higgs – Making Lemonade out of Lemons

- At high p_T , Higgs boson decays products become **collimated**
 - This generates an inherent **jet substructure** that can be used for identification
- Together with **flavor information** provides a strong tagging handle
 - Secondary vertex and displaced track information

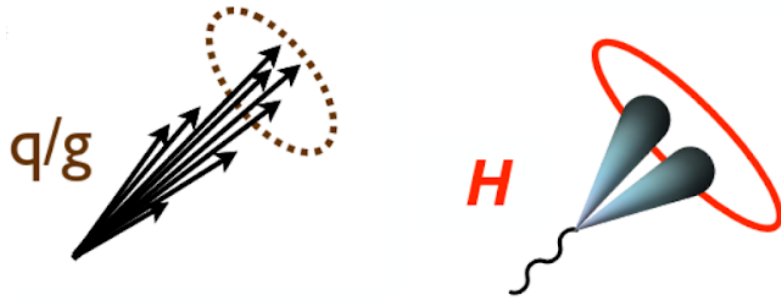


Typical Analysis Strategy

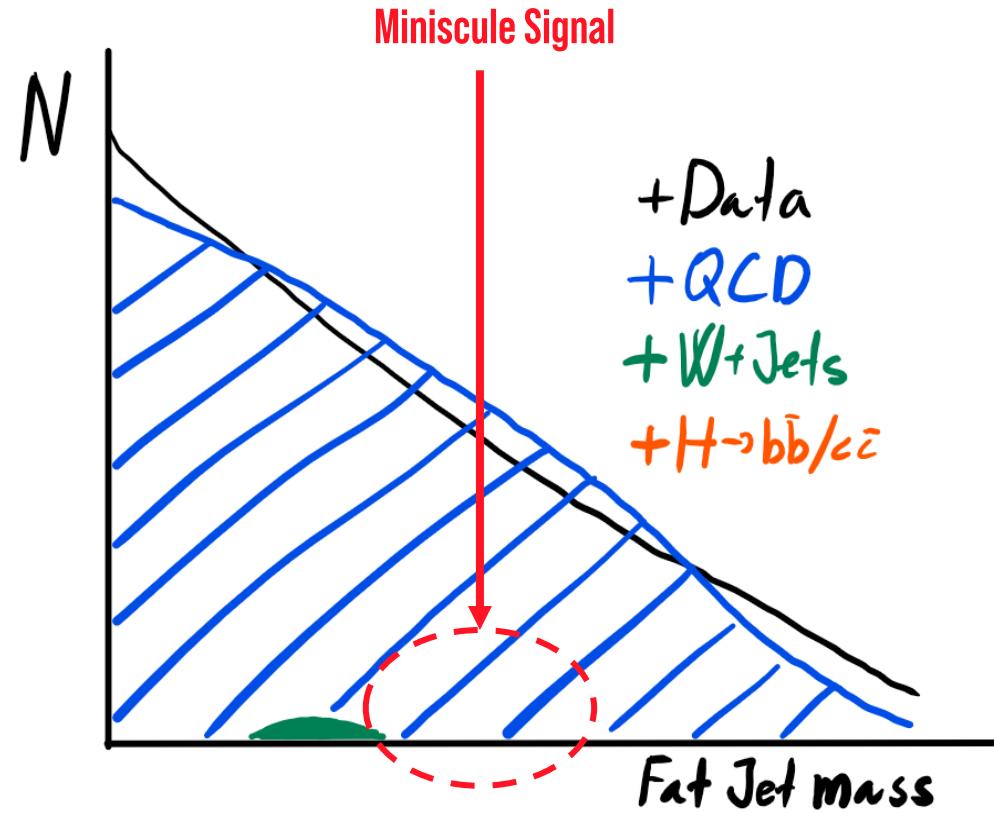
Reconstruction



Jet Identification / Flavour Tagging

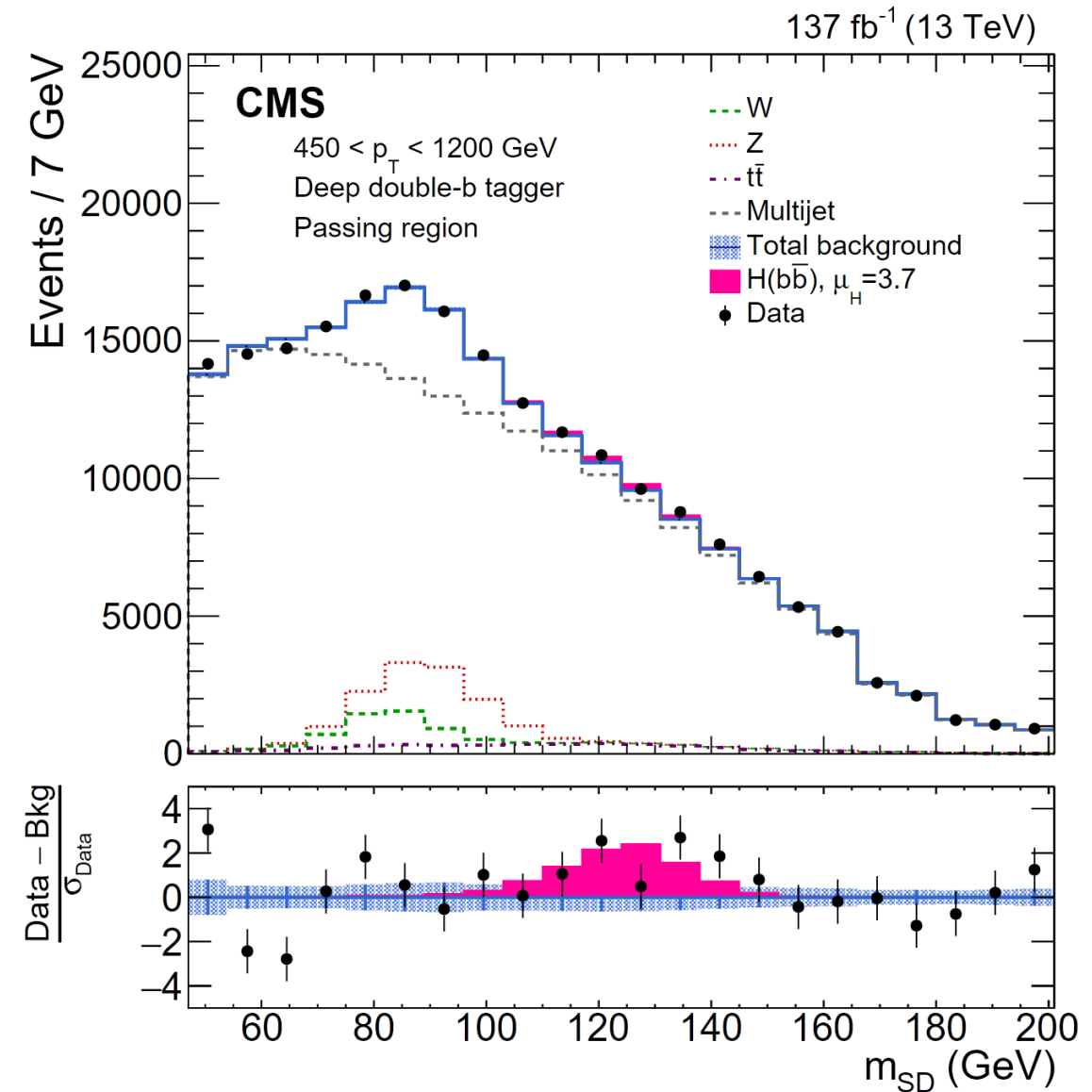
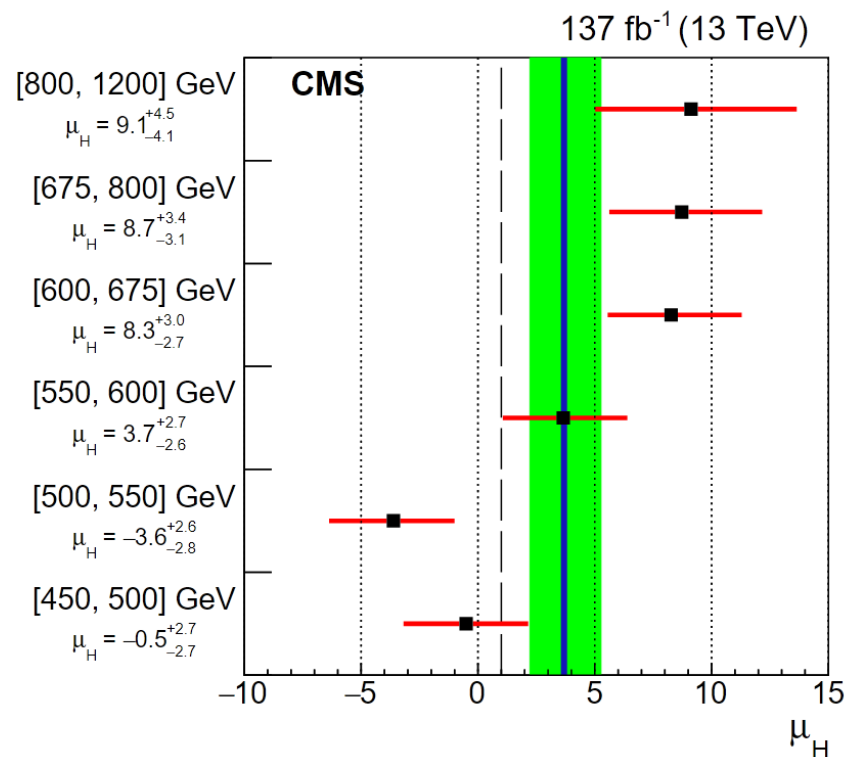


Data-driven Fit

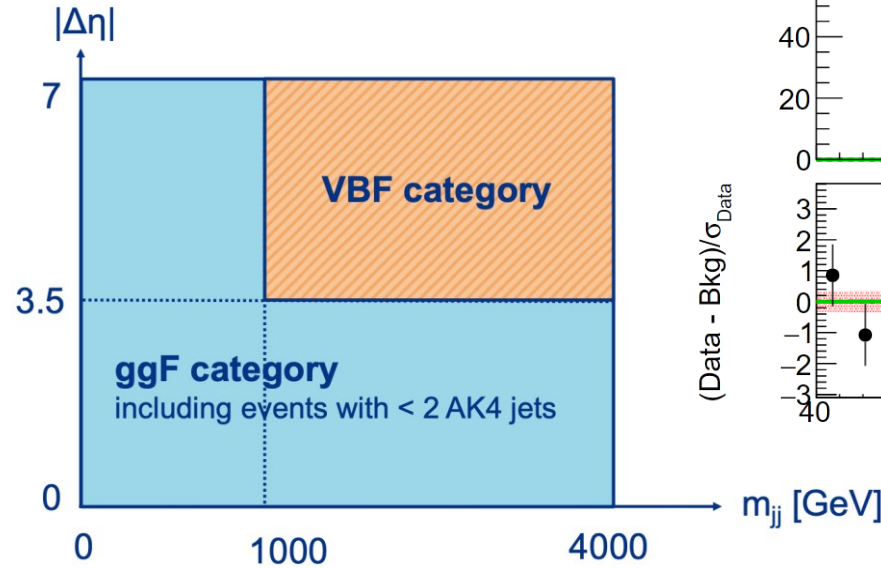
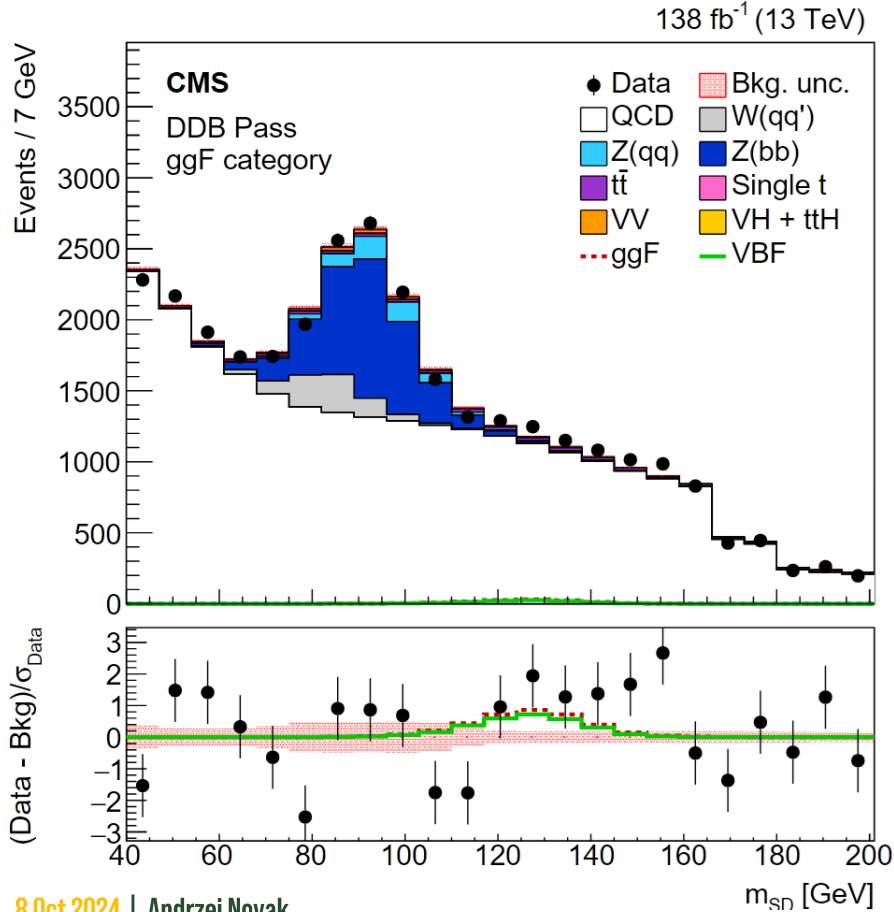
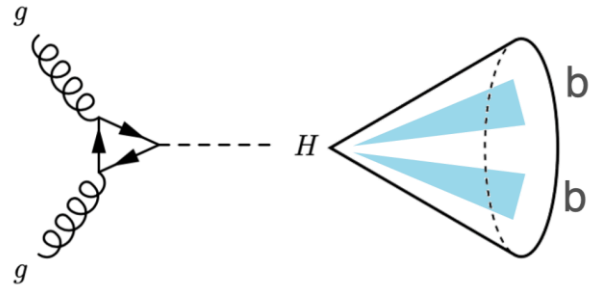


Inclusive High p_T Search ($H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$)

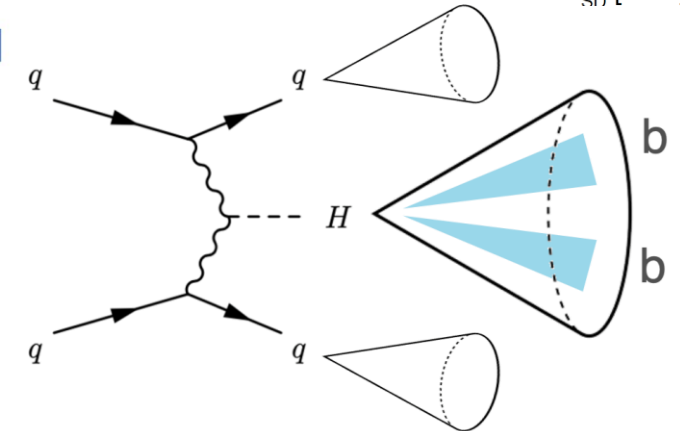
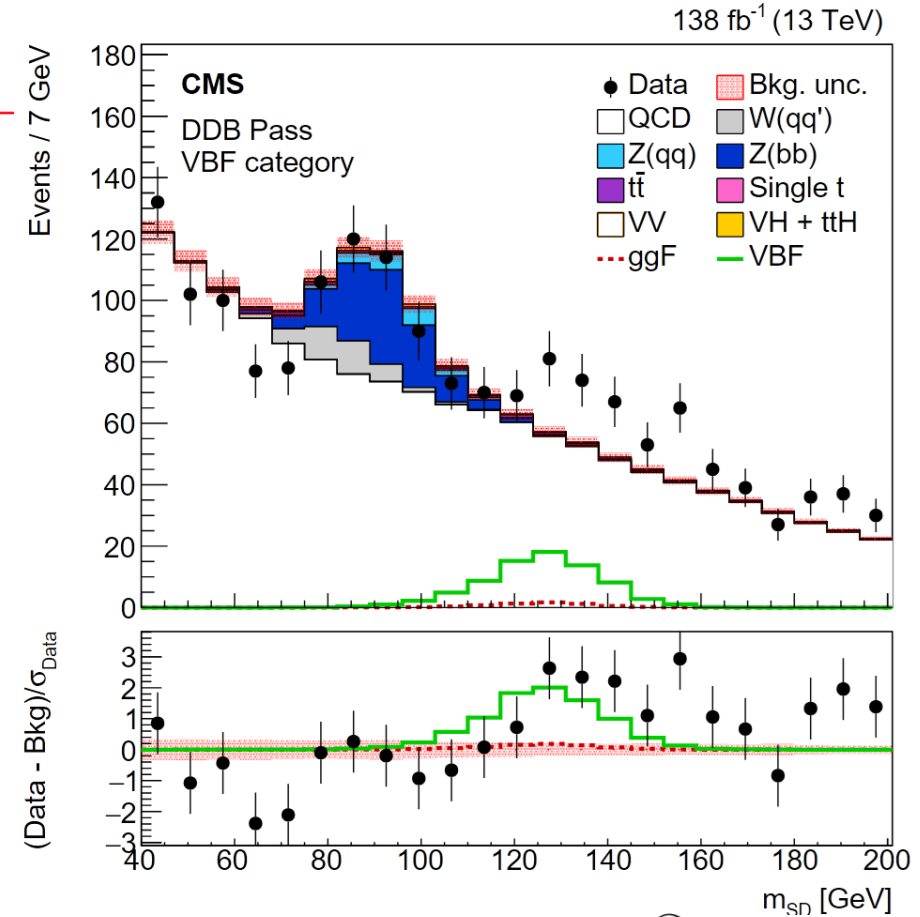
- First full Run2 analysis in this phase space
- Observed a moderate excess – 3.7x SM expectation
 - 2.5 (0.7) σ observed (expected) local significance
- A good first hint to test this space further



Splitting the Phase Space – ggF vs VBF

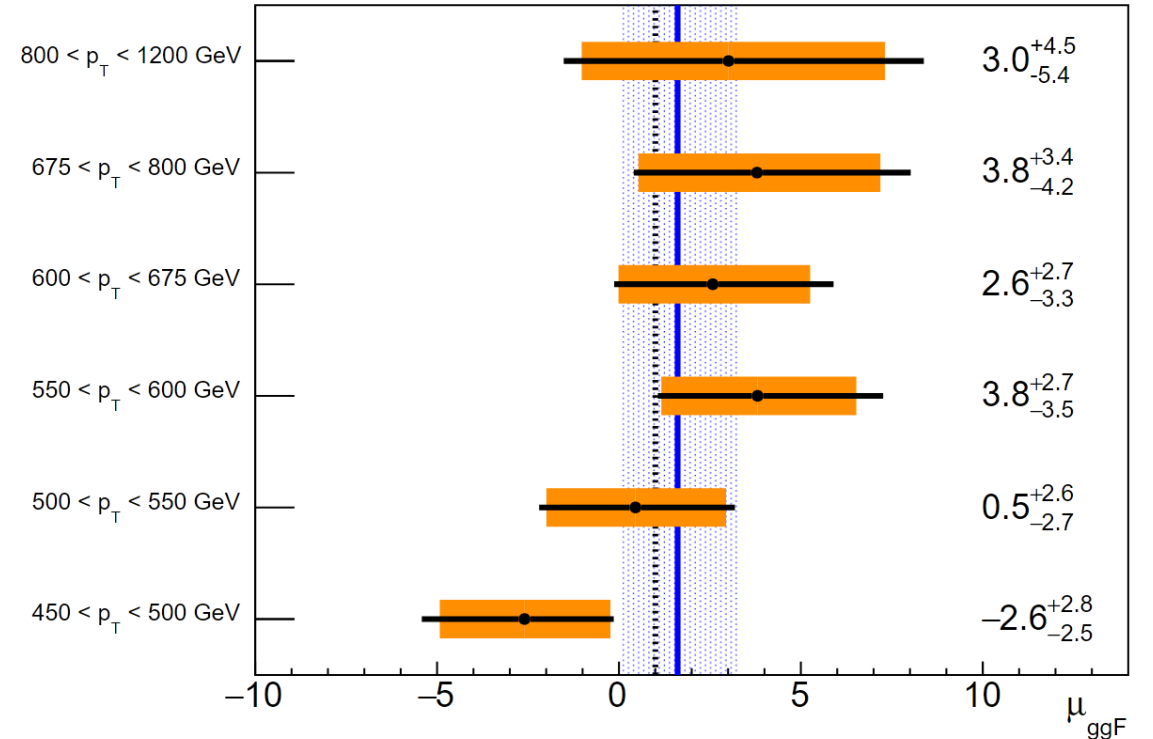
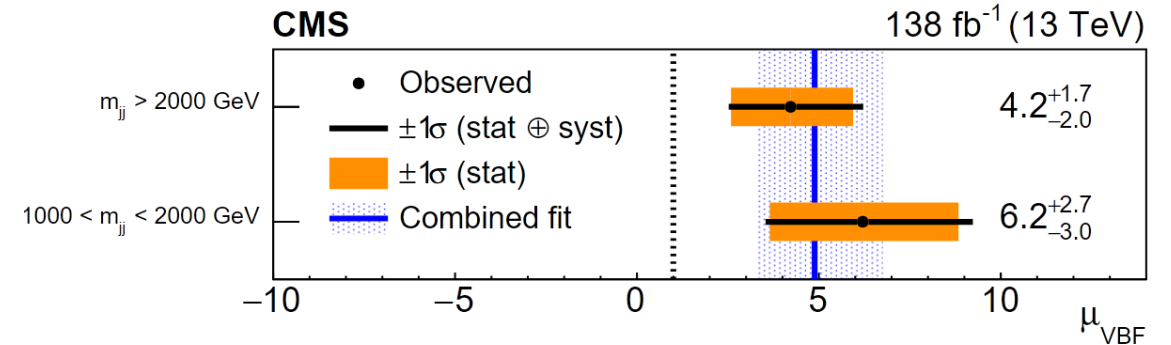
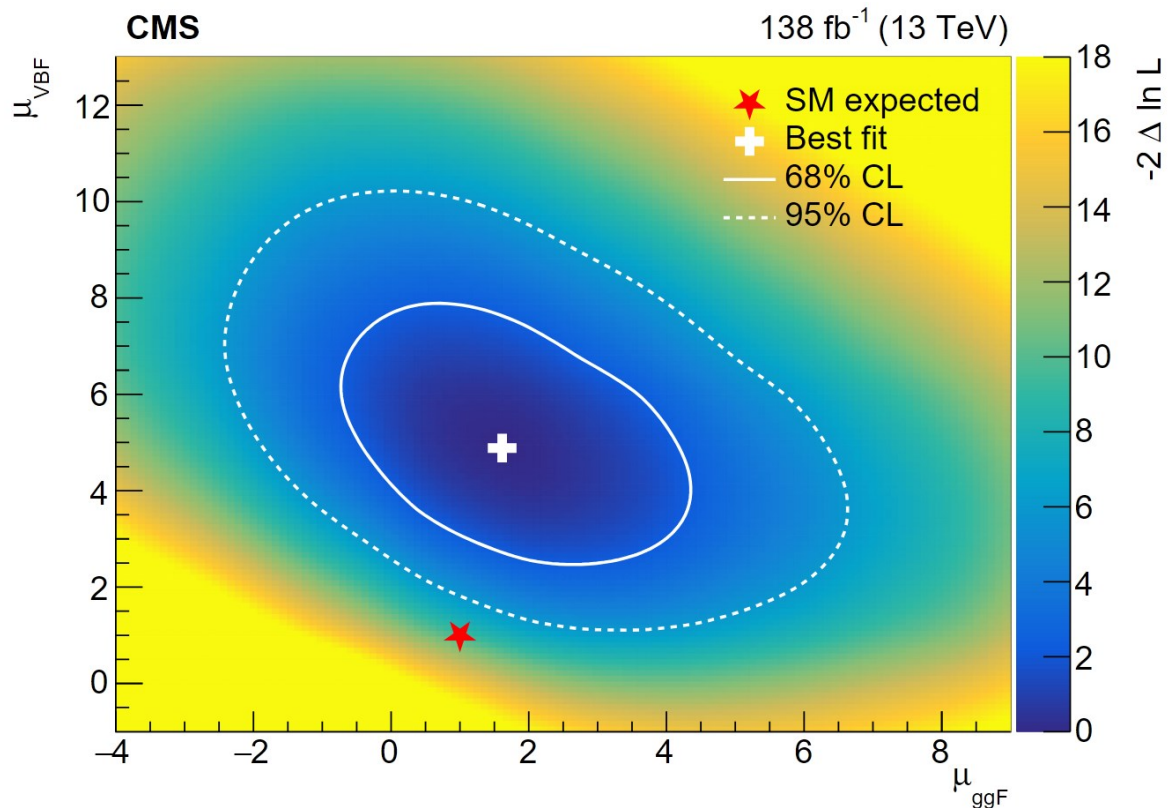


- Reanalysis of the same events



Splitting the Phase Space – ggF vs VBF

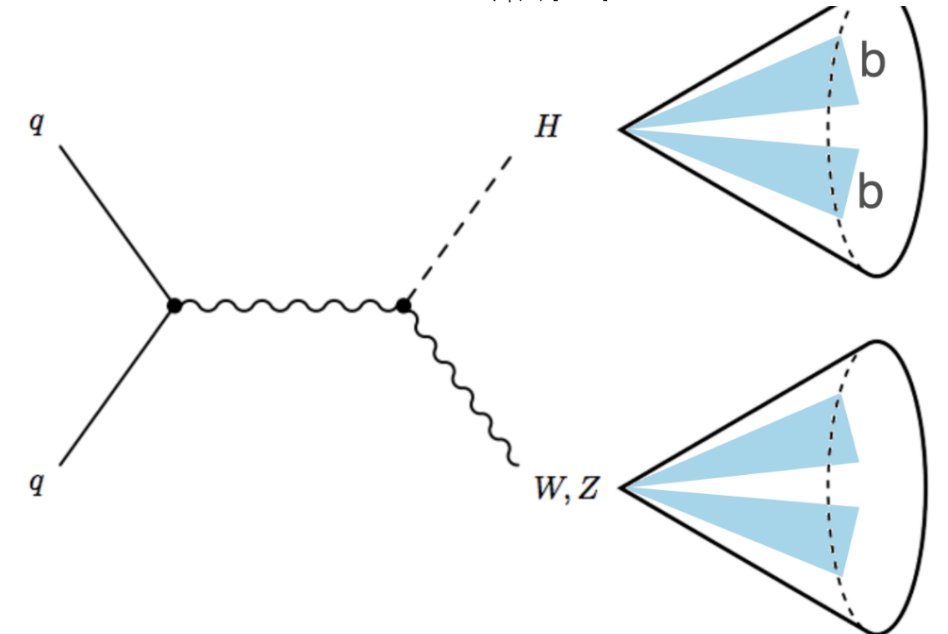
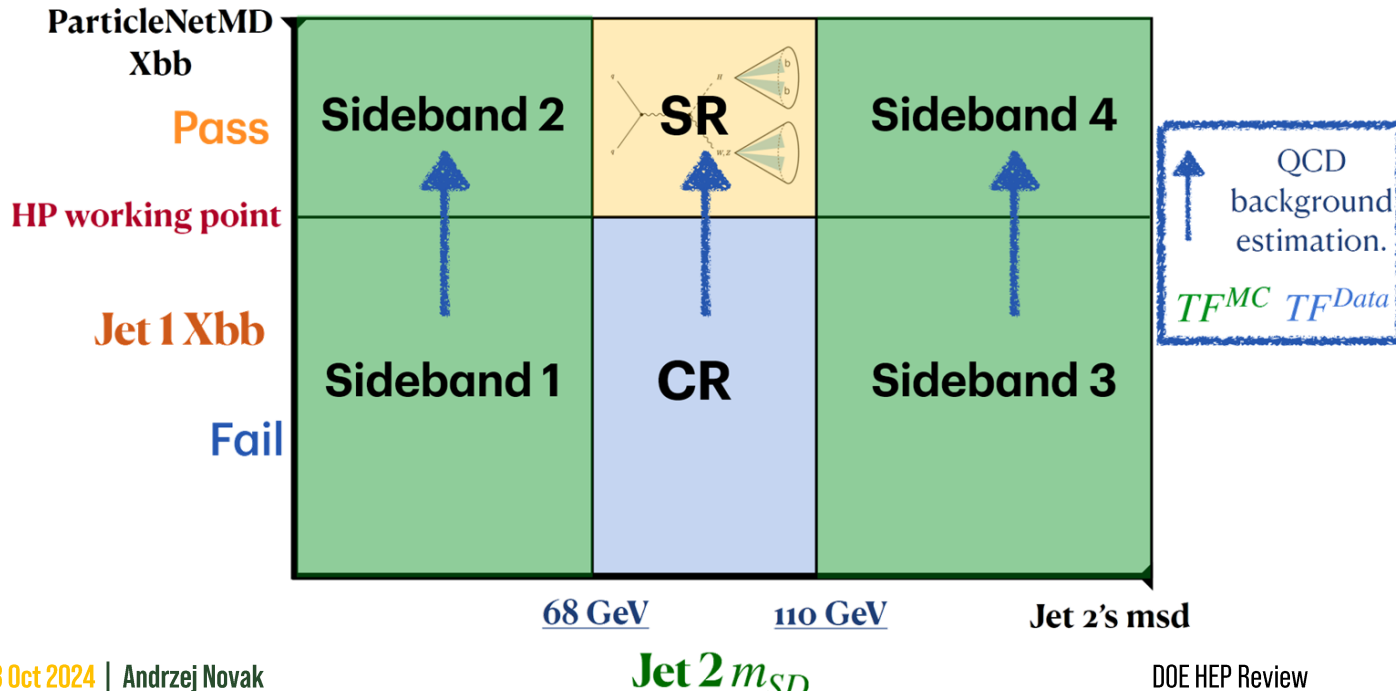
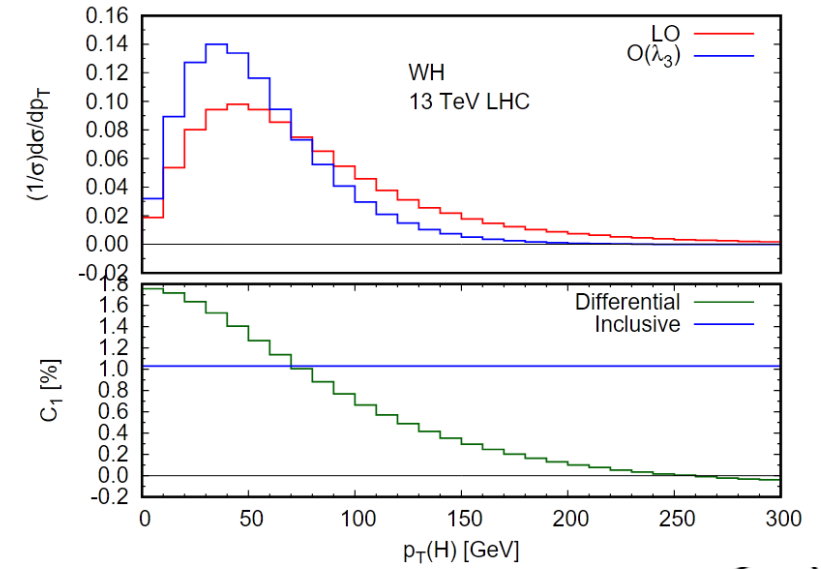
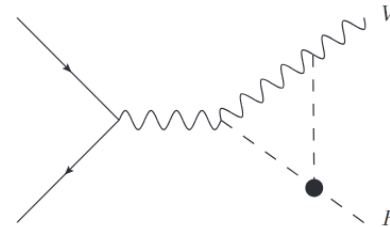
- Excess confirmed
 - Localized in the VBF production mode
 - 3.0 (0.9) σ observed (expected) local significance (VBF)





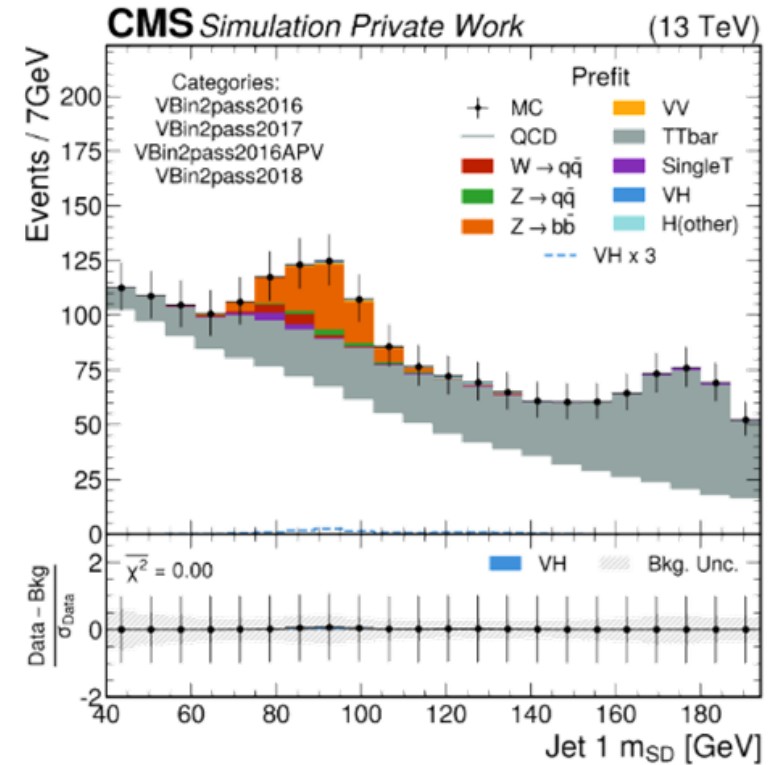
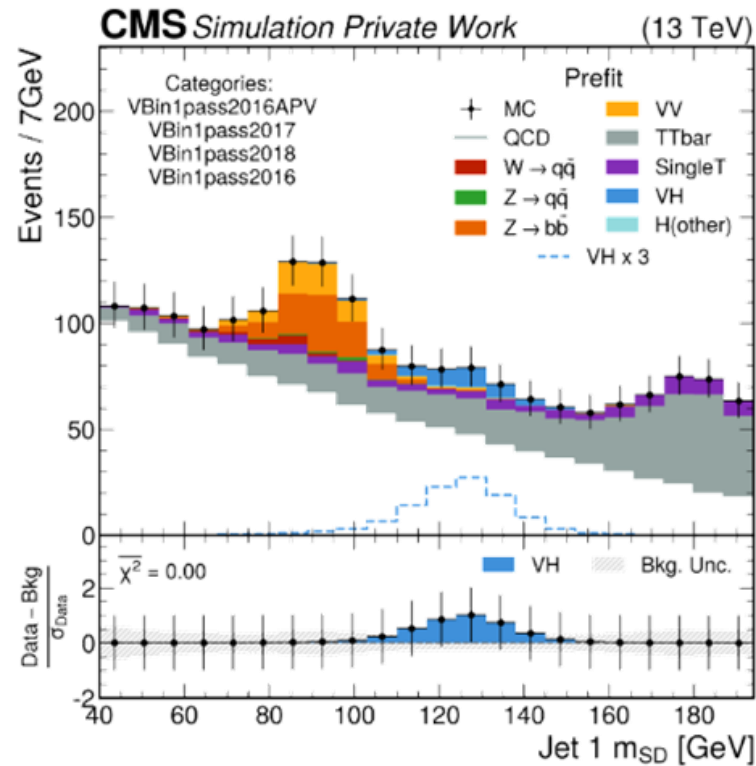
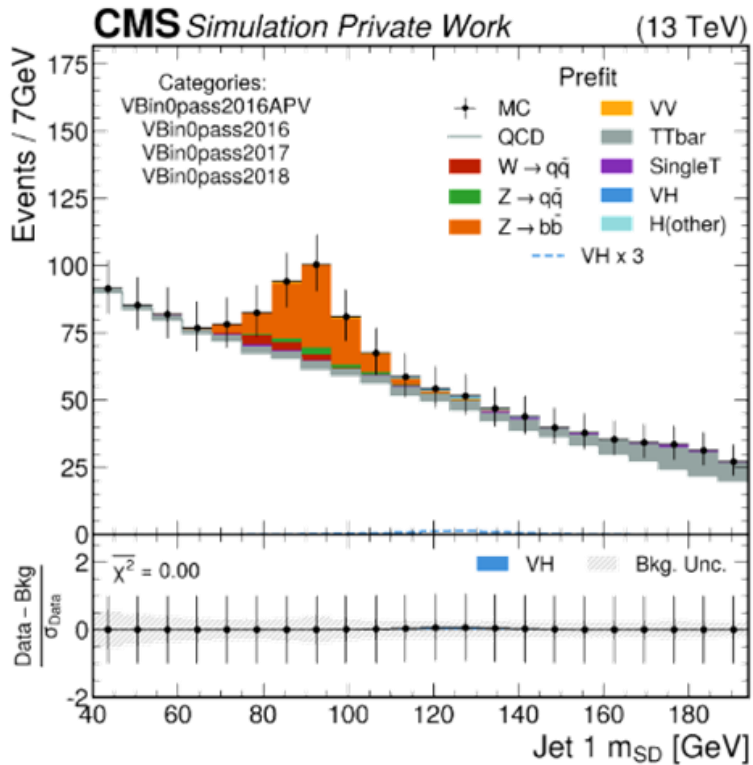
Closer look at Coupling to Vector Bosons – VH

- Higgs coupling is the same in VH and VBF production modes
 - Independent test of the VBF excess (events largely not overlapping)
- An indirect probe of Higgs self-coupling [1]
 - Modification of VH p_T spectrum
- Not yet measured at CMS



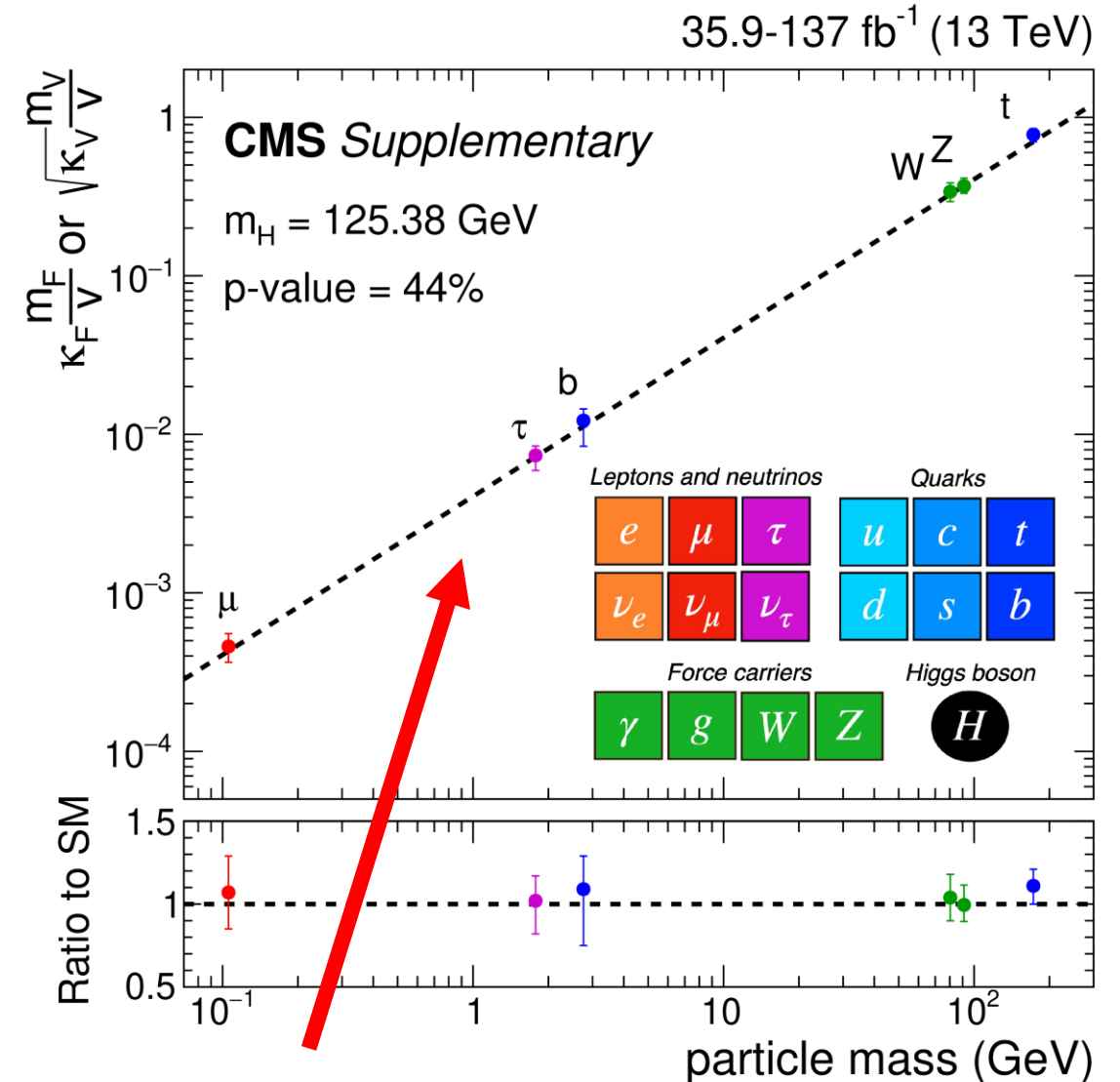
Closer look at Coupling to Vector Bosons – VH

- Jet 2 mass sidebands allow us to disentangle VV from V+jets processes
- Pre-approval talk today in the morning!



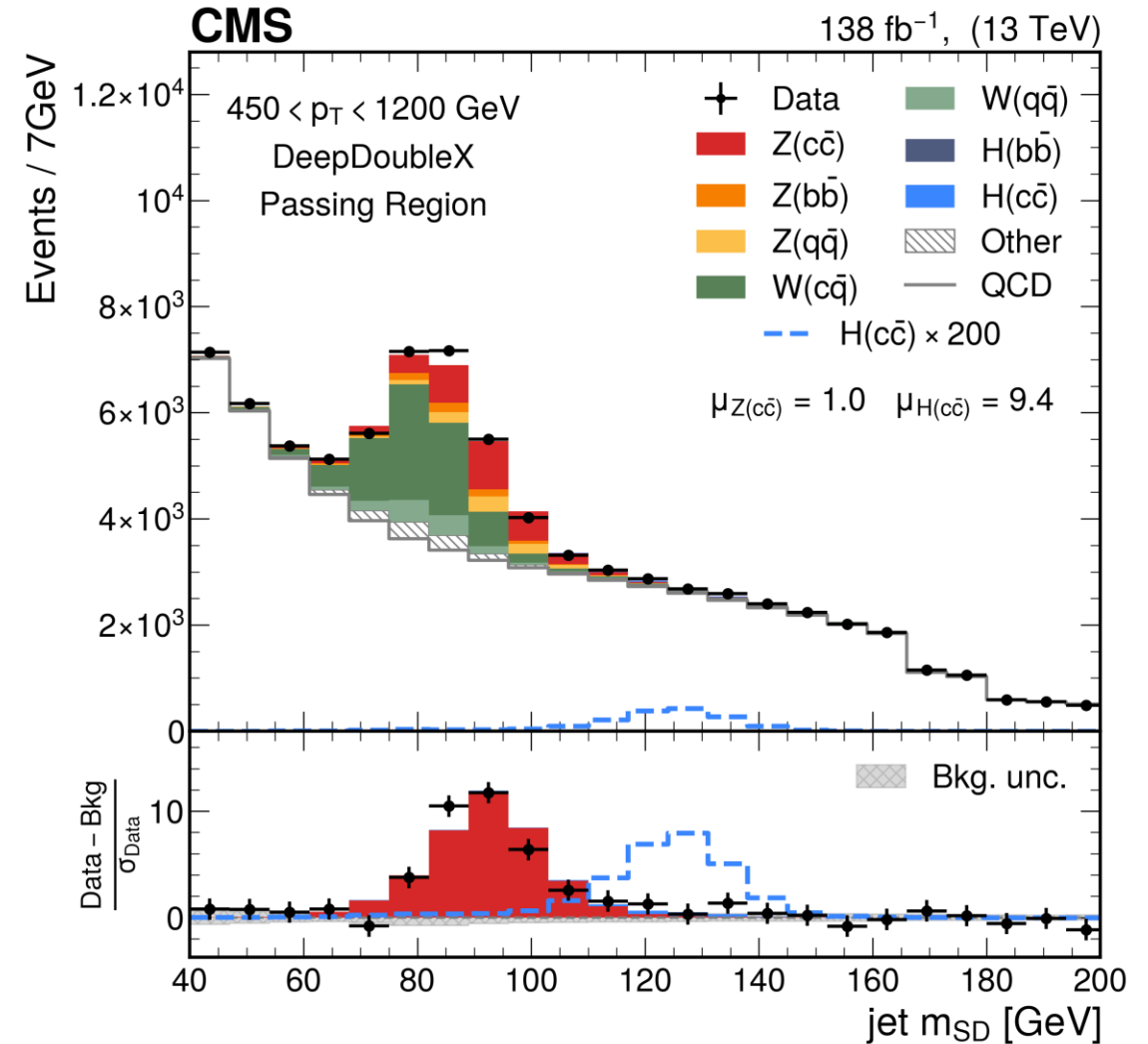
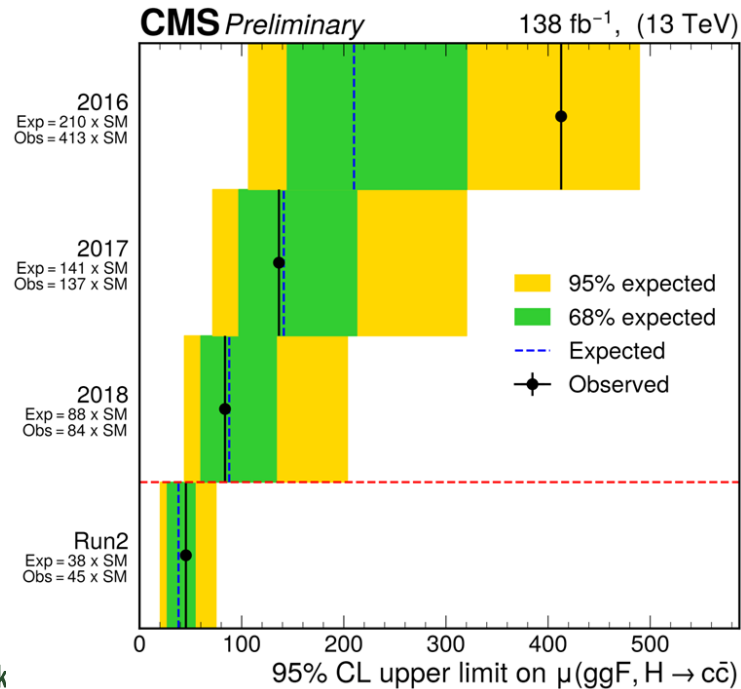
Charm Coupling – Well-Motivated Completionism?

- Complete description of the Higgs boson
 - Observed couplings (~90% of BR)
 - Vector bosons (WW, ZZ)
 - 3rd generation fermions (ttH, bb, $\tau\tau$)
 - Evidence for 2nd generation couplings
 - $H \rightarrow \mu\mu$
- Next target – $H \rightarrow cc$
 - Largest missing fraction of BR
 - Establishing couplings to 2nd gen. quarks
 - Enhancements to couplings would hint at BSM



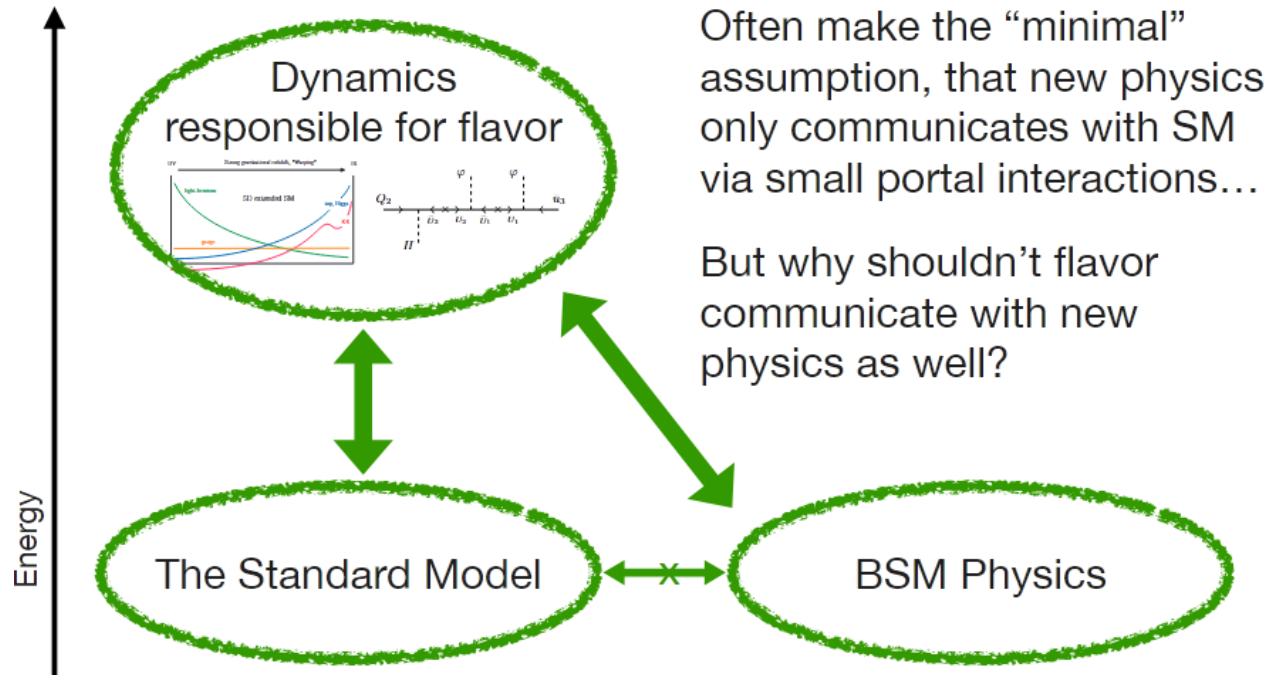
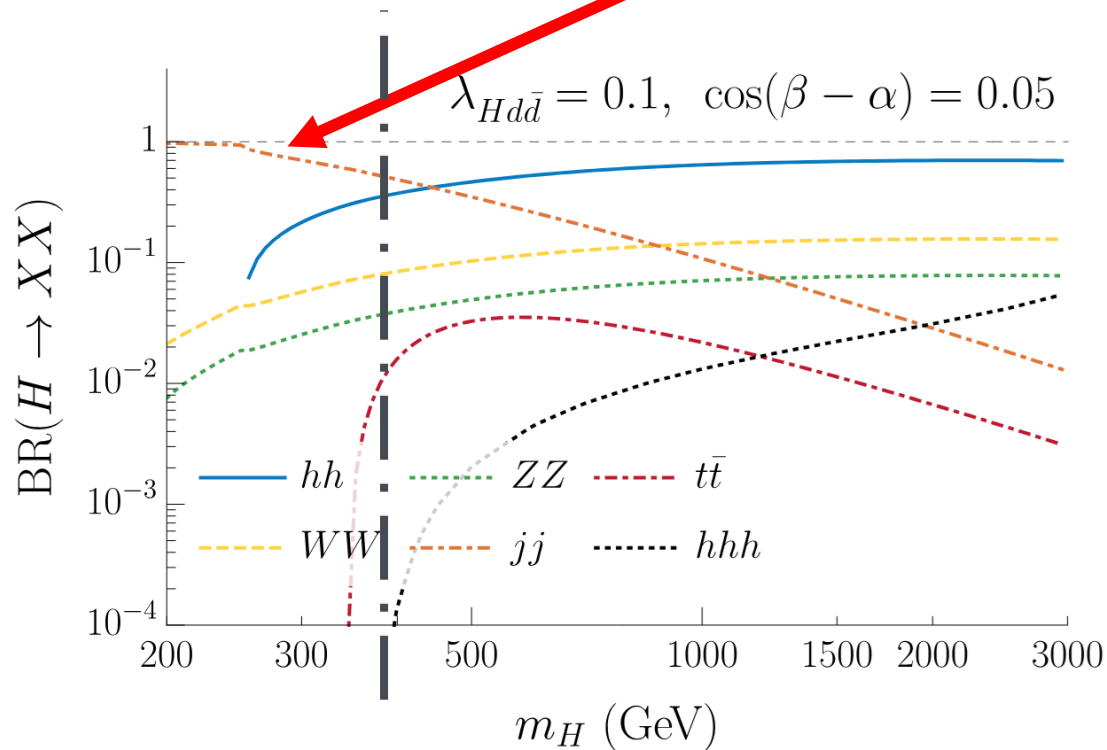
Inclusive High p_T Search ($H \rightarrow cc$)

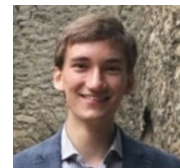
- **First $Z \rightarrow cc$ observation at hadron collider**
 - Significance $\gg 5 \sigma$, validation of the analysis method
- $H \rightarrow cc$ limit **47 [39] \times SM@95%**
 - First new channel for $H \rightarrow cc$ since VH searches
 - Statistically limited



Charm Physics and Low-mass Resonances

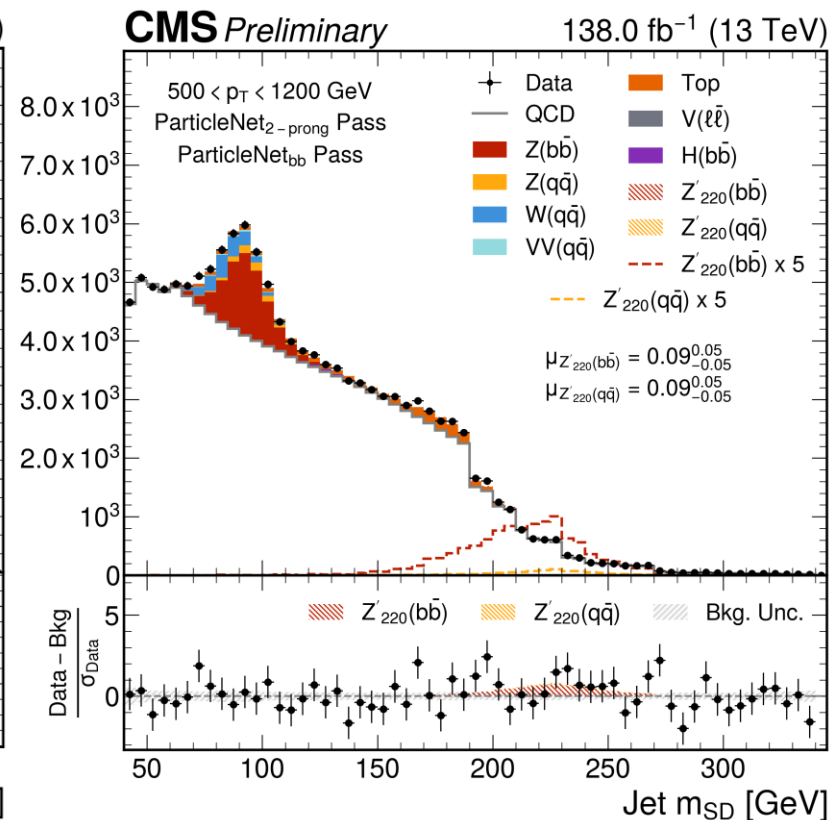
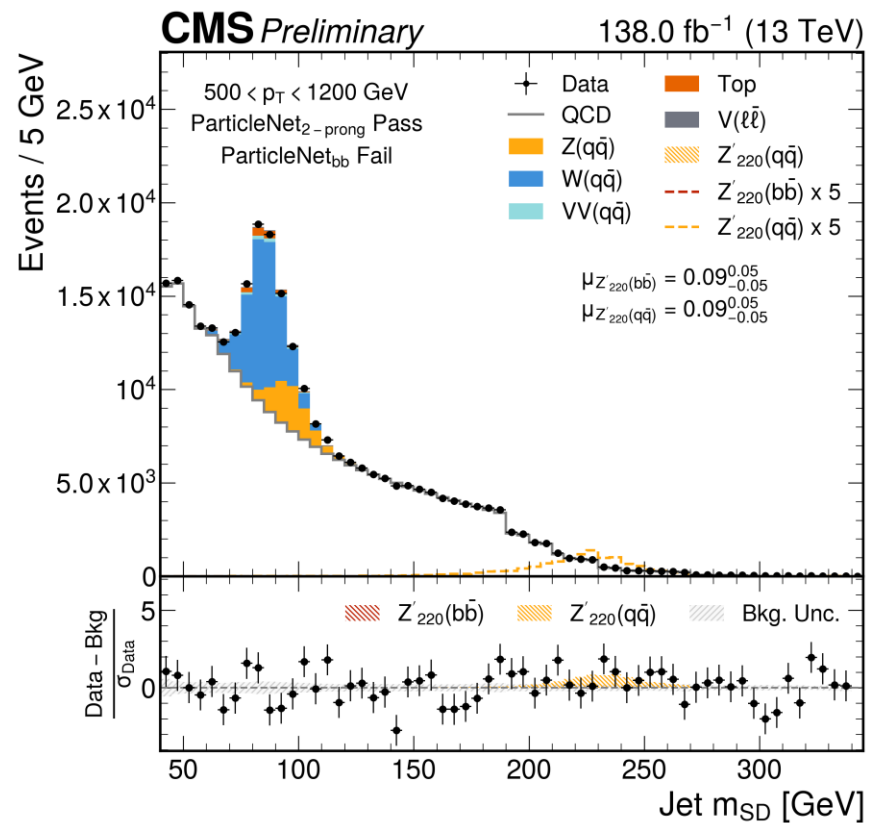
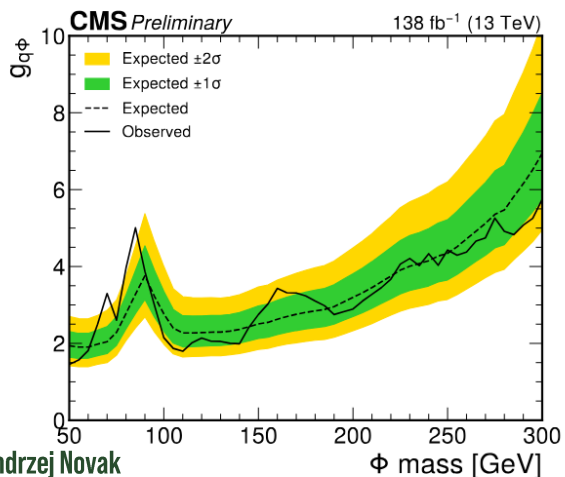
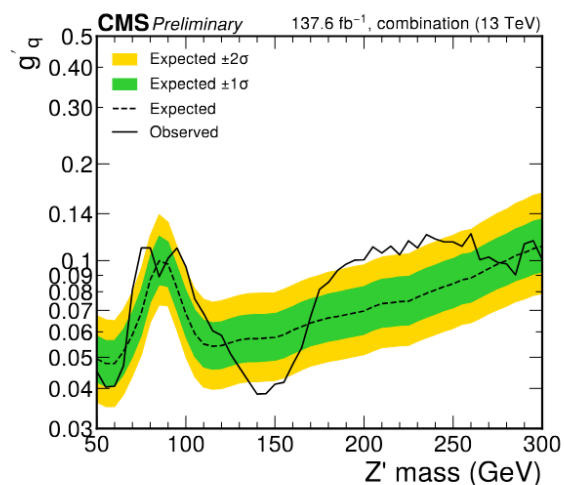
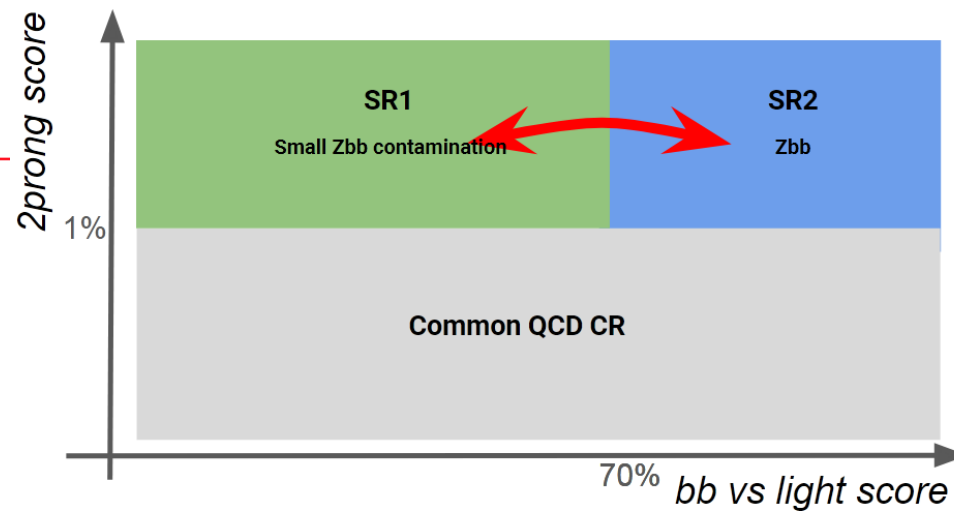
- Enhancements up to $3 \times \kappa_C^{SM}$ not yet excluded by other fits
- Correlated with resonant signatures of new physics
 - For $m_H < 400$ preferentially decays to di-jets
- Also connects to **Dark Sector**



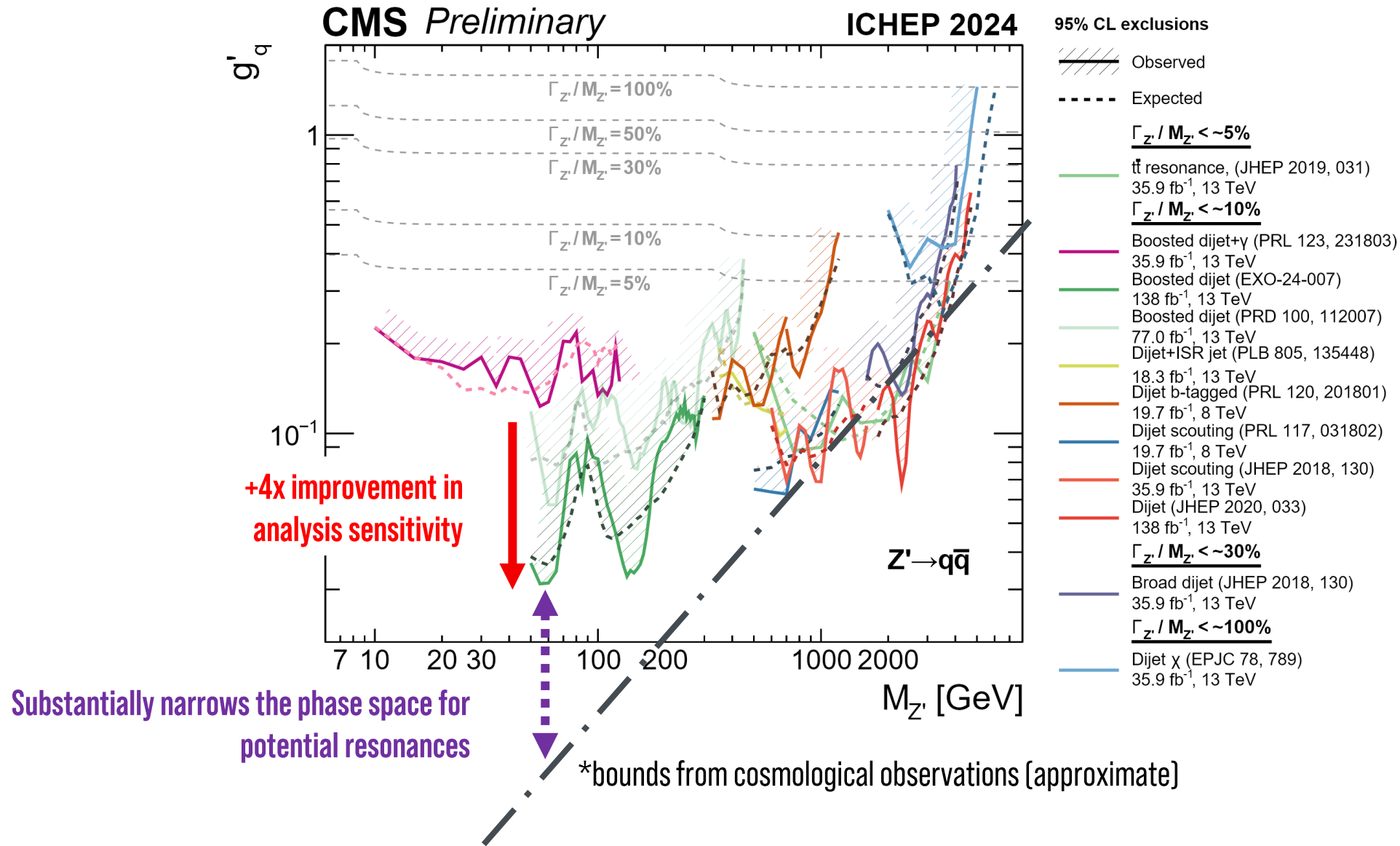


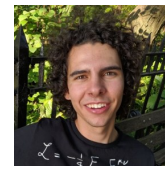
Low-mass Resonances

- Same analysis techniques can be applied
- Newly split SR into bb-enriched/depleted



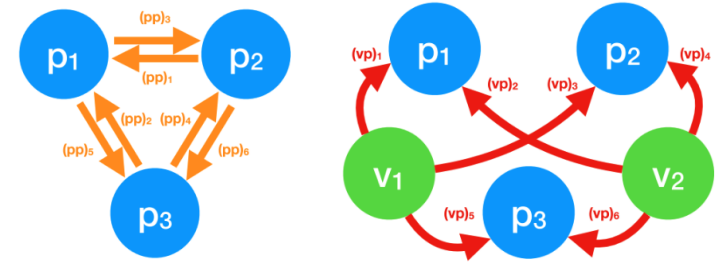
Low-mass Resonances



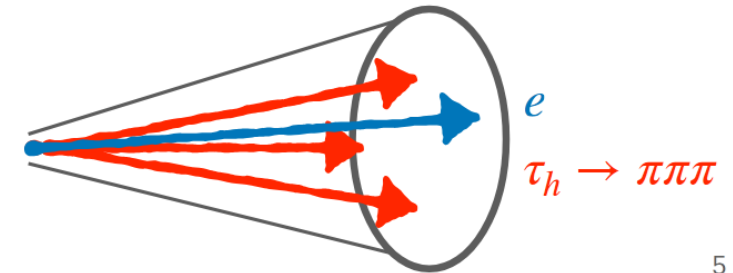


What About Other Decay Modes ($H \rightarrow \tau\tau$)

- Same scalars could decay to tau leptons
- Similar analysis approach can be used
 - However, custom di-tau jet tagging algorithm is needed – Interaction Networks
 - Train both discriminator and mass regression
- 3 channels x 3 sensitivity regions x (1 SR + 2 CRs)
- Enables data-driven background predictions (tt, W)

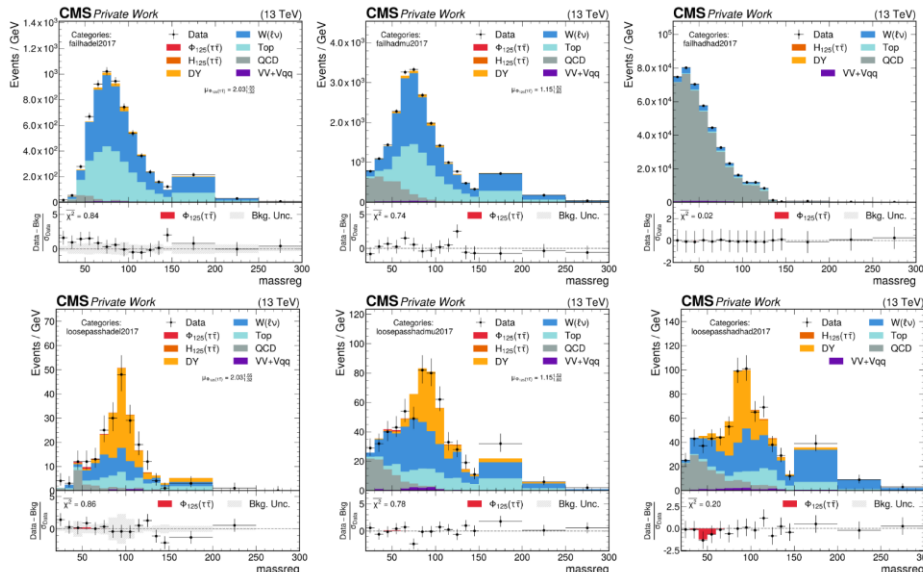
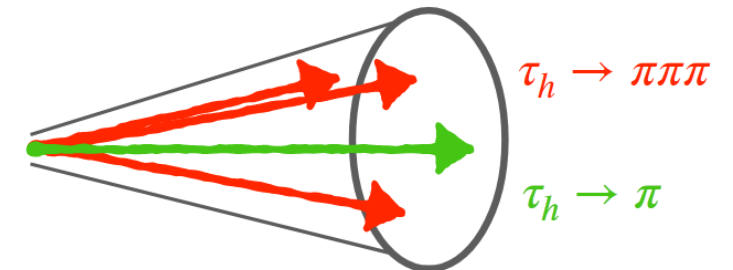


e.g. boosted $e\tau_h$



5

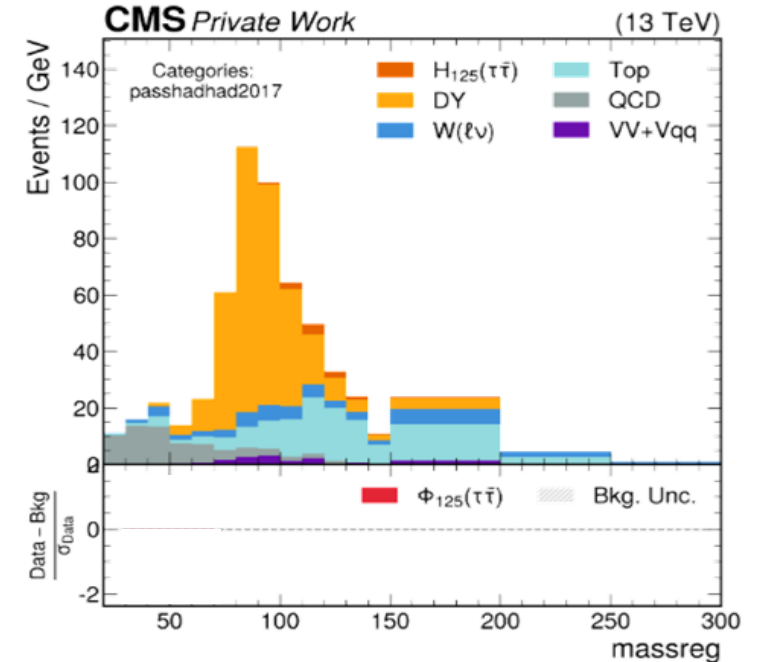
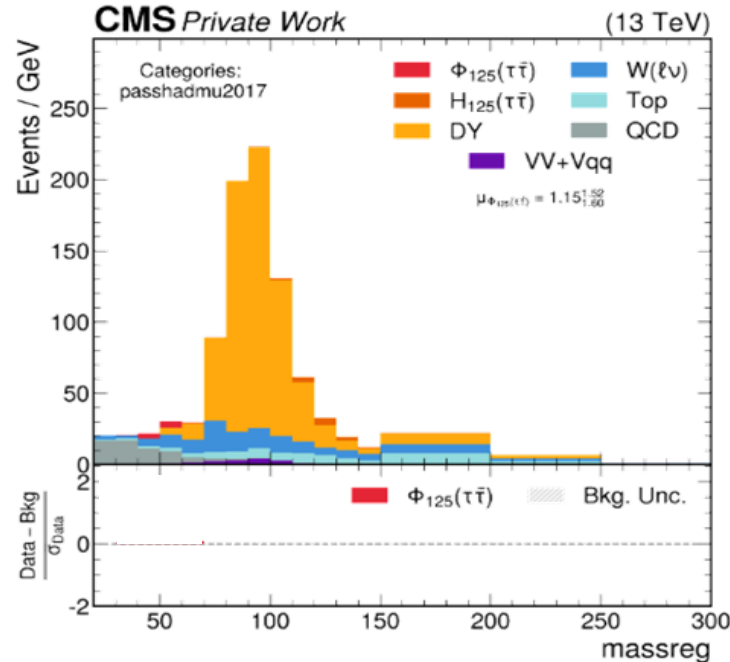
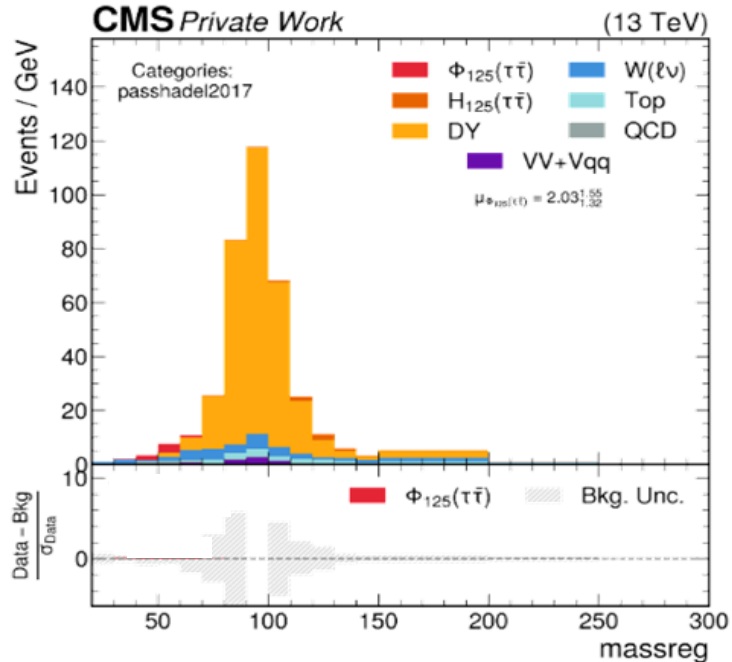
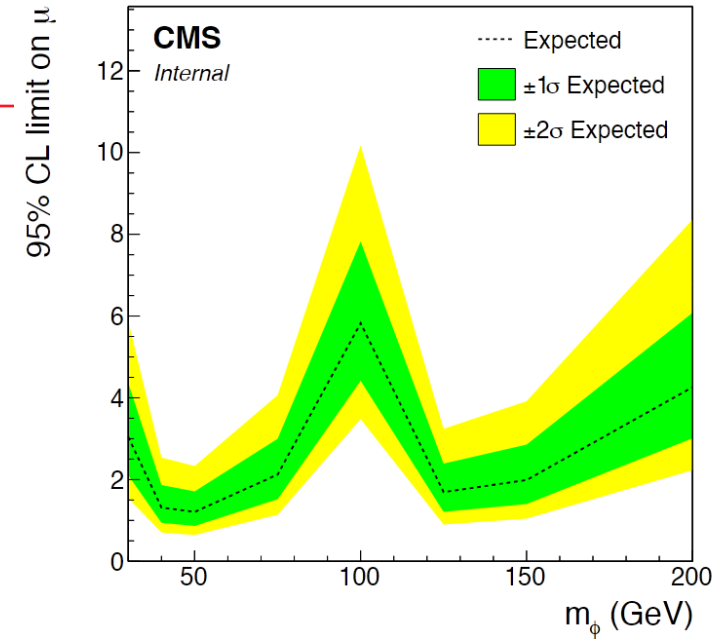
e.g. boosted $\tau_h\tau_h$



+ 2 CRs

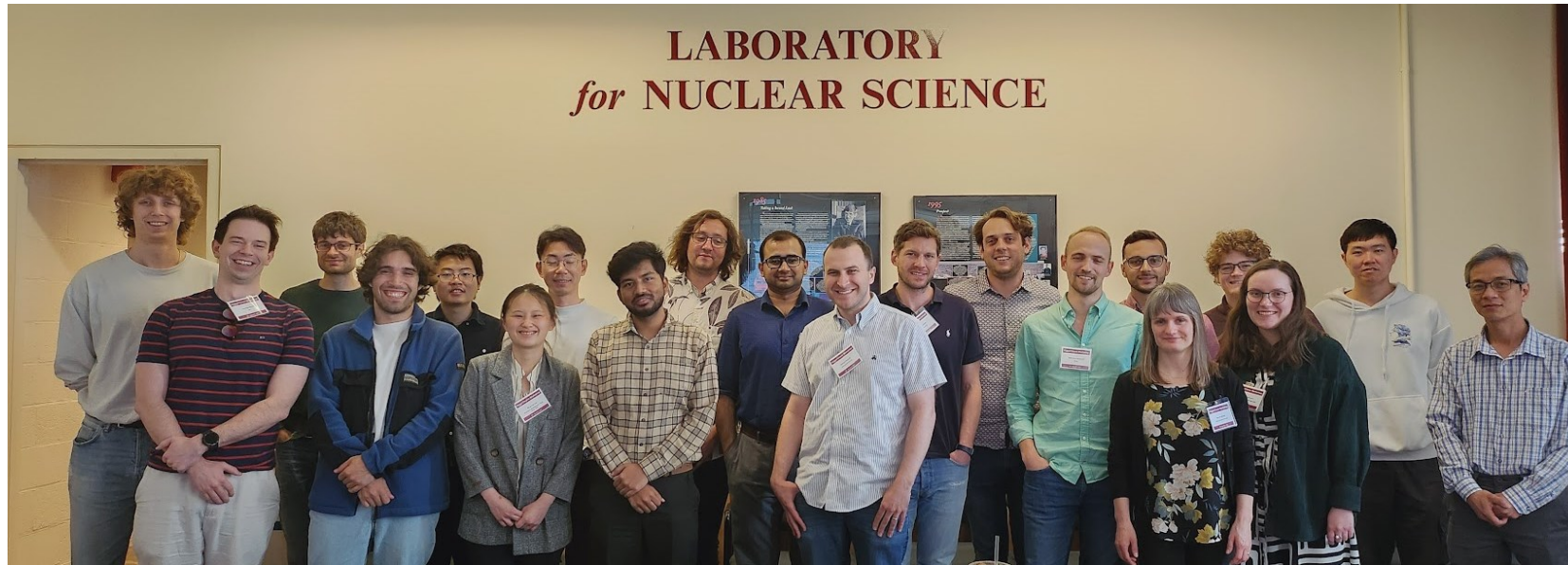
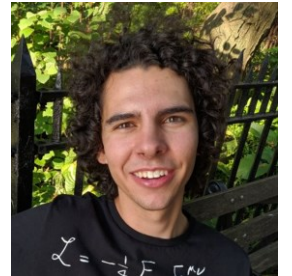
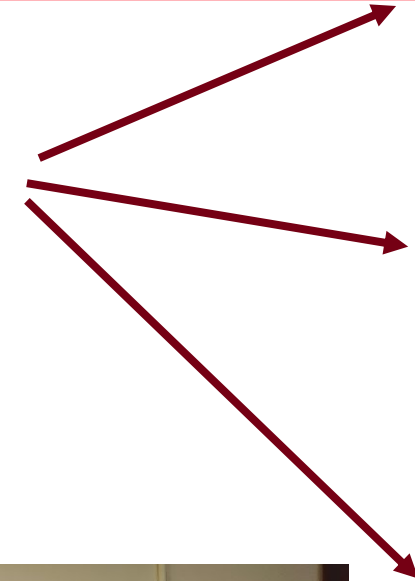
What About Other Decay Modes ($H \rightarrow \tau\tau$)

- Currently in internal review
 - Unblinding before the end of the year
- Substantial expected sensitivity from leveraging GNNs
- Tau leptons offer a good balance of background rejection and BR%



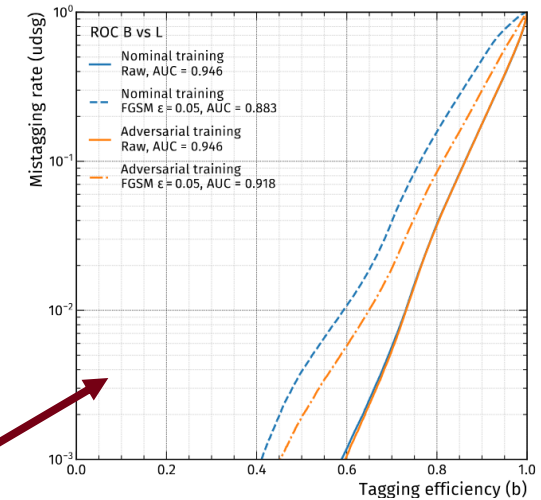
Group Engaged in Ongoing Efforts in CMS

- Robust effort in boosted Higgs and BSM searches
- Three analyses completed* in 2024 (PAS, PreApp scheduled, L3 review)
- Leadership role in CMS – L3 Hbb/cc convenership
- Organized a successful Higgs/Charm workshop at MIT in May 2024

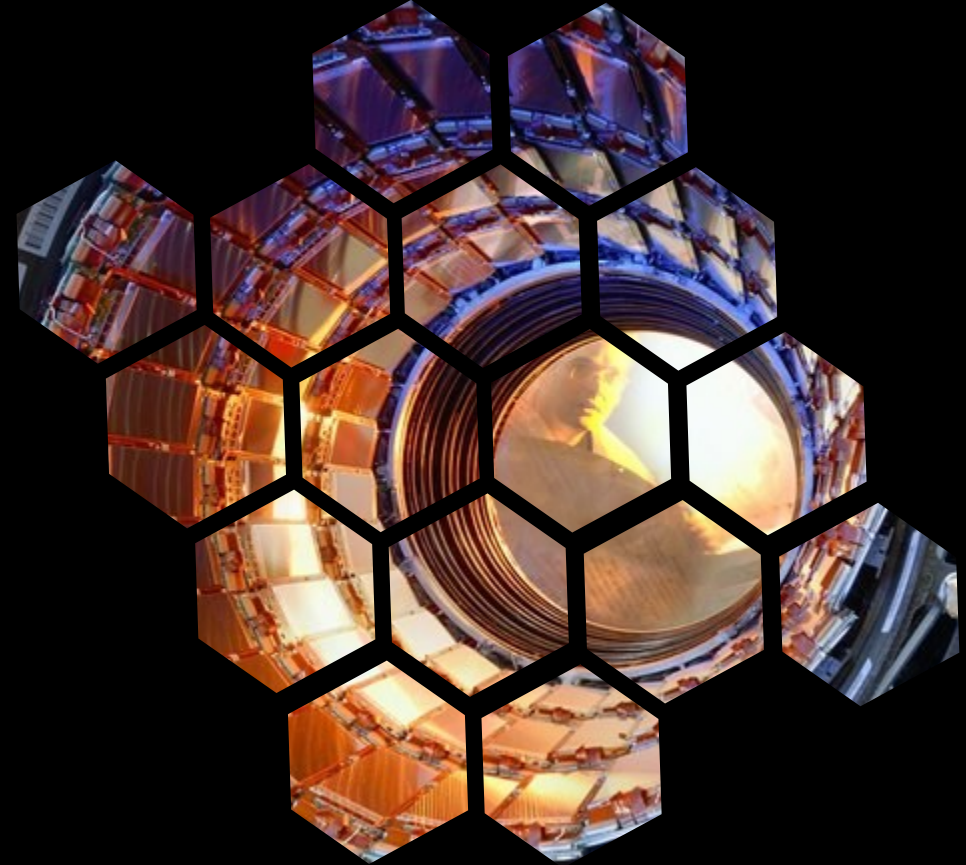


Future Work

- Expertise with b-jet, c-jet, and tau leptons identification and analysis
- Continue to build out boosted Higgs physics program
 - Important test of the Standard Model
 - Organizing work towards Run3 analyses - statistically limited
 - **Direct improvement with more data!**
 - Rich collaboration with other institutes (FNAL, UCSD, Cornell, Brown, JHU...)
- Strongly intertwined with new ML/AI developments
 - Controlling **robustness** and systematic uncertainties of classifiers becomes crucial with more data
 - Self-supervised and contrastive learning can be used for **anomaly detection**
 - Leverage existing analysis frameworks and strategies



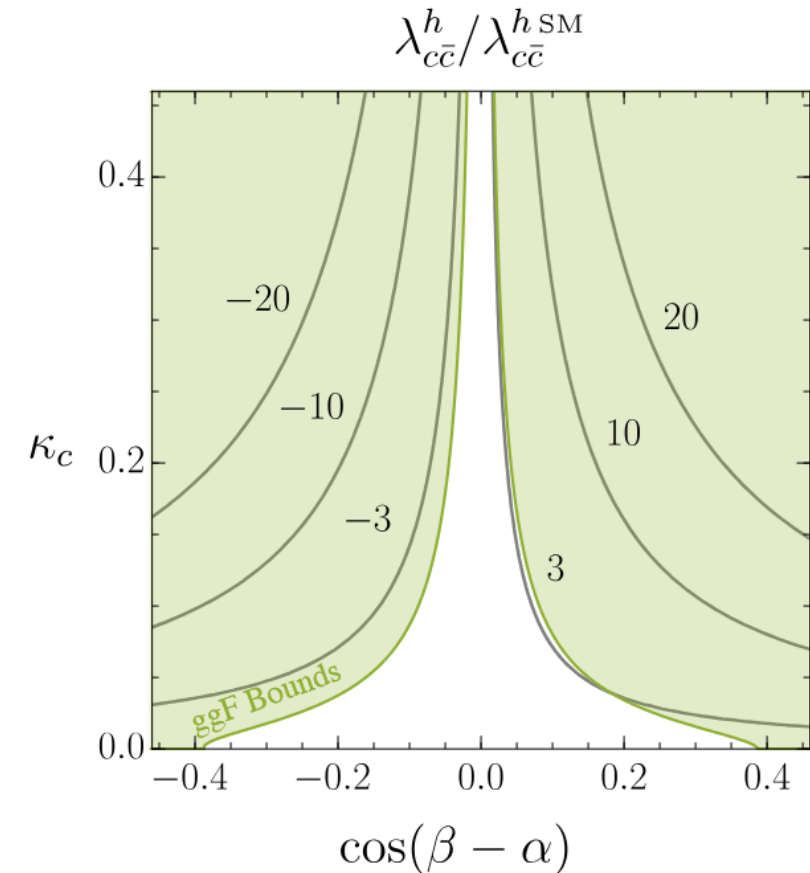
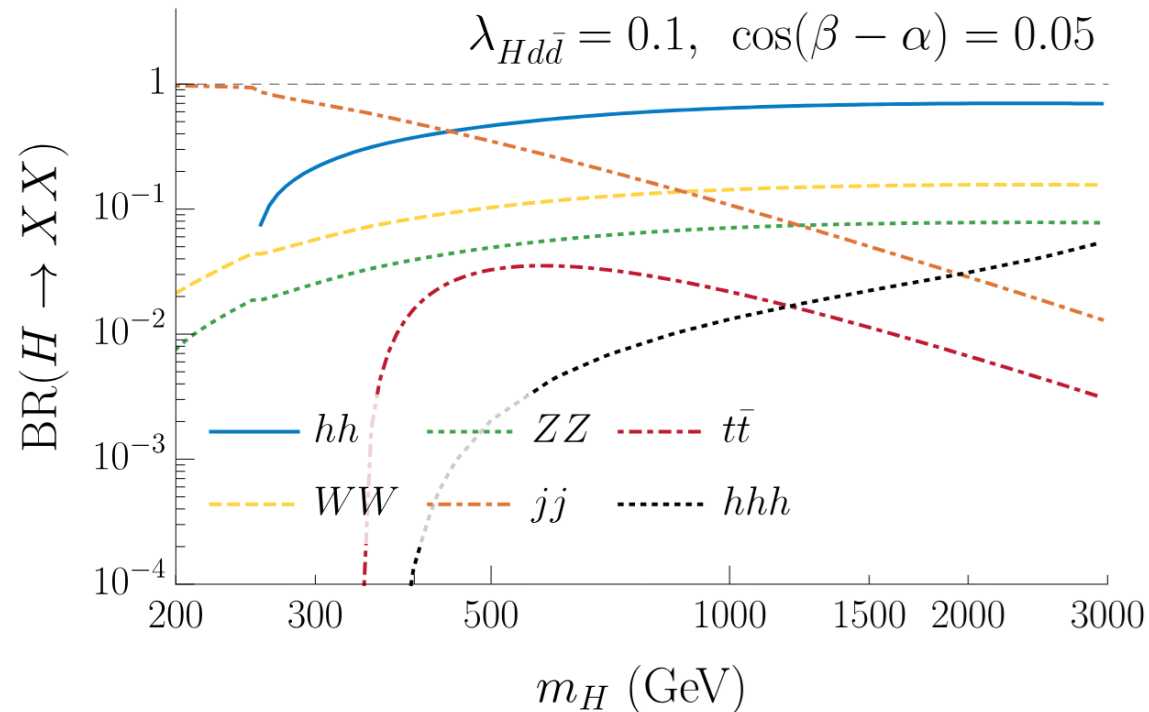
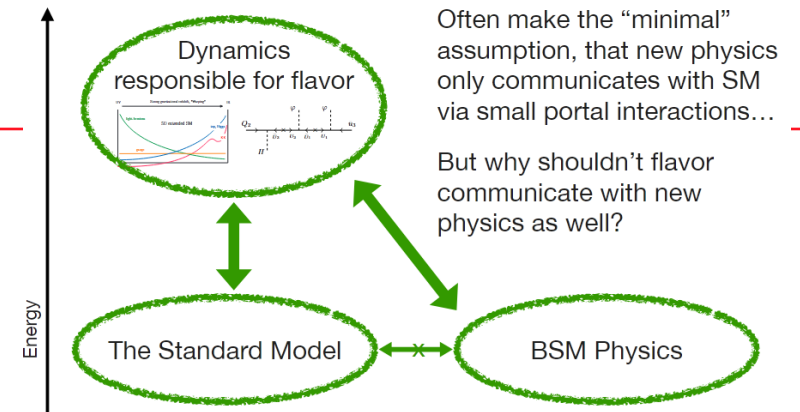
Thank You



Andrzej Novak

Charm Physics and Low-mass Resonances

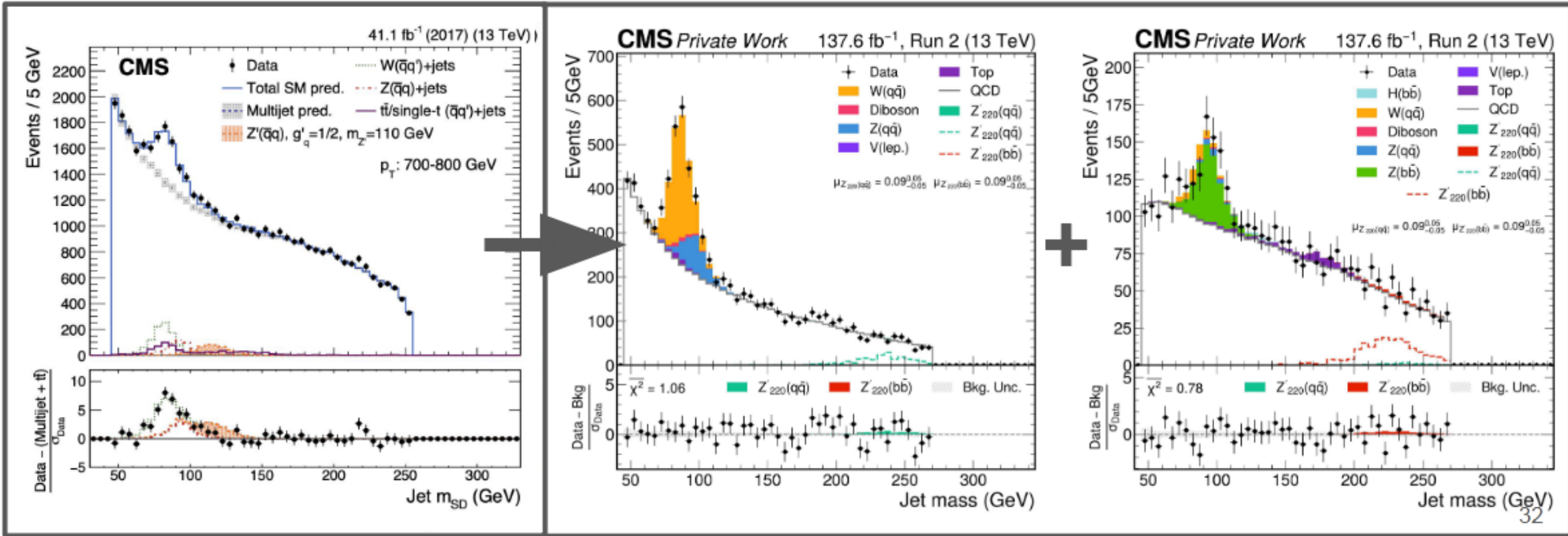
- Enhancements up to $3 \times \kappa_C^{SM}$ not yet excluded
- Correlated with resonant signatures of new physics
 - For $m_H < 400$ preferentially decays to dijets
- Also compatible with DM models



Low-mass Resonances

EXO-18-012 (old)

EXO-24-007 (new)



Transfer Factor Fit

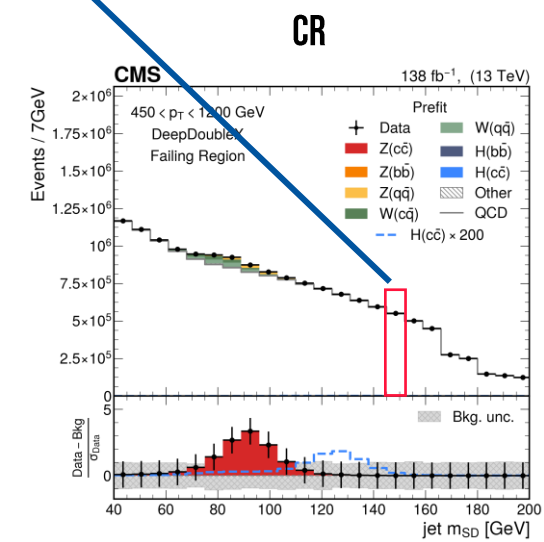
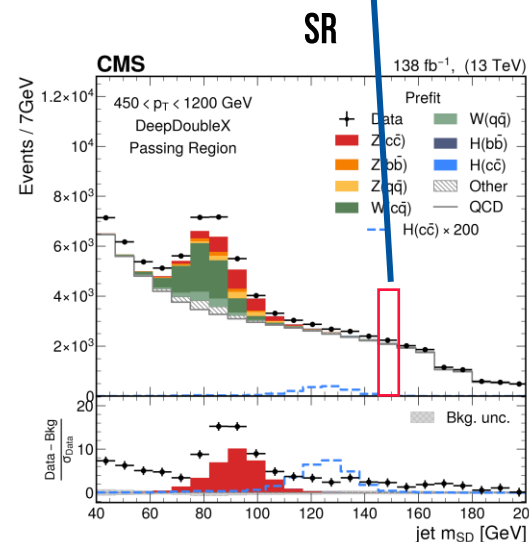
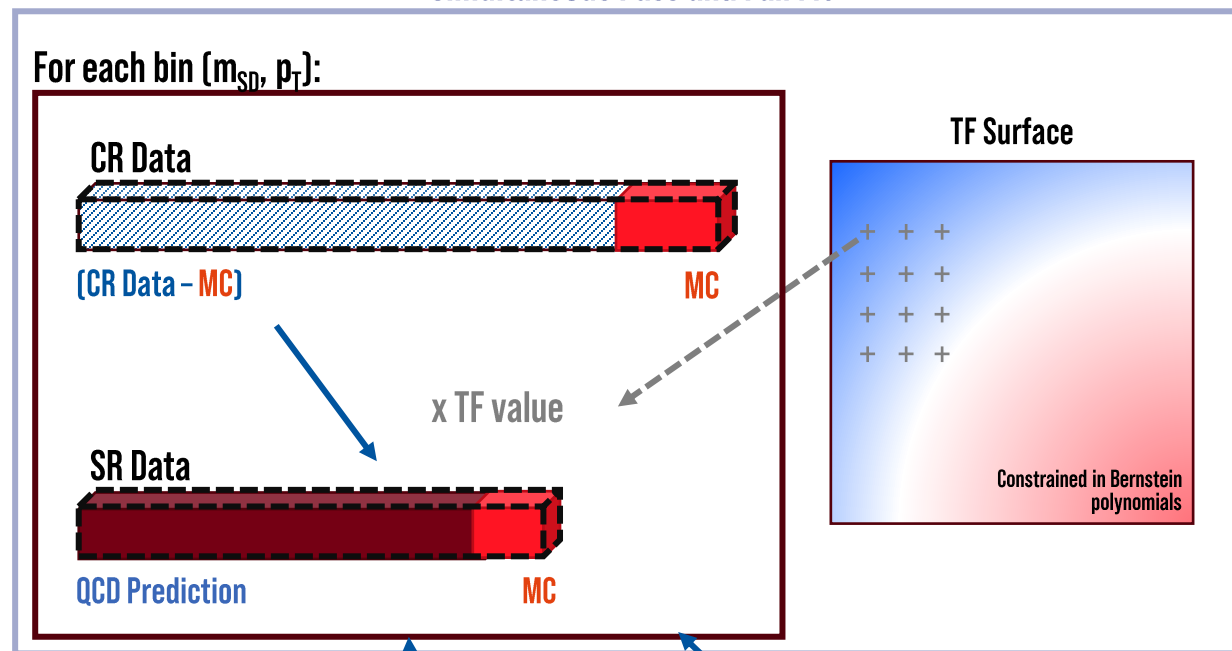
- *R*halphabet
 - Differential Alphabet et (ABCD)
- **Transfer Factor – residual correction**
 - Accounting for different tagger response
 - Flat TF → **Regular ABCD method**
- TF defined (constrained) bin **barycenters**
 - 6 p_T x 23 ρ (mass) bins
 - Surface parametrized in **Bernstein basis**

$$R(\rho, p_T) = \sum_{k=0}^{n_\rho} \sum_{\ell=0}^{n_{p_T}} a_{k,\ell} b_{k,n_\rho}(\rho) b_{\ell,n_{p_T}}(p_T) \epsilon^{\text{QCD}}(\rho, p_T)$$

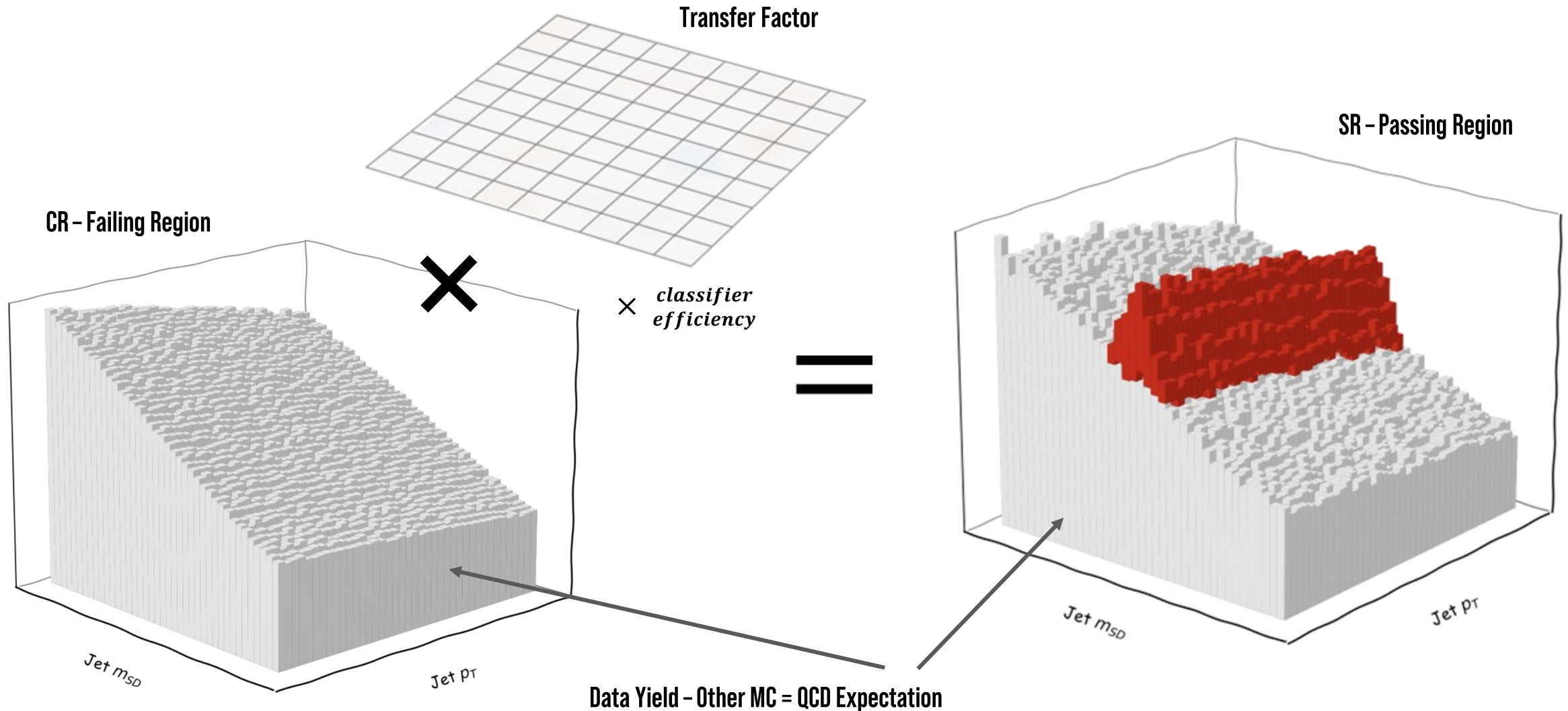
$$b_{\nu,n}(x) = \binom{n}{\nu} x^\nu (1-x)^{n-\nu}$$

- **Order of polynomials is arbitrary**
 - **Determine optimal configuration based from goodness of fit (F-test)**

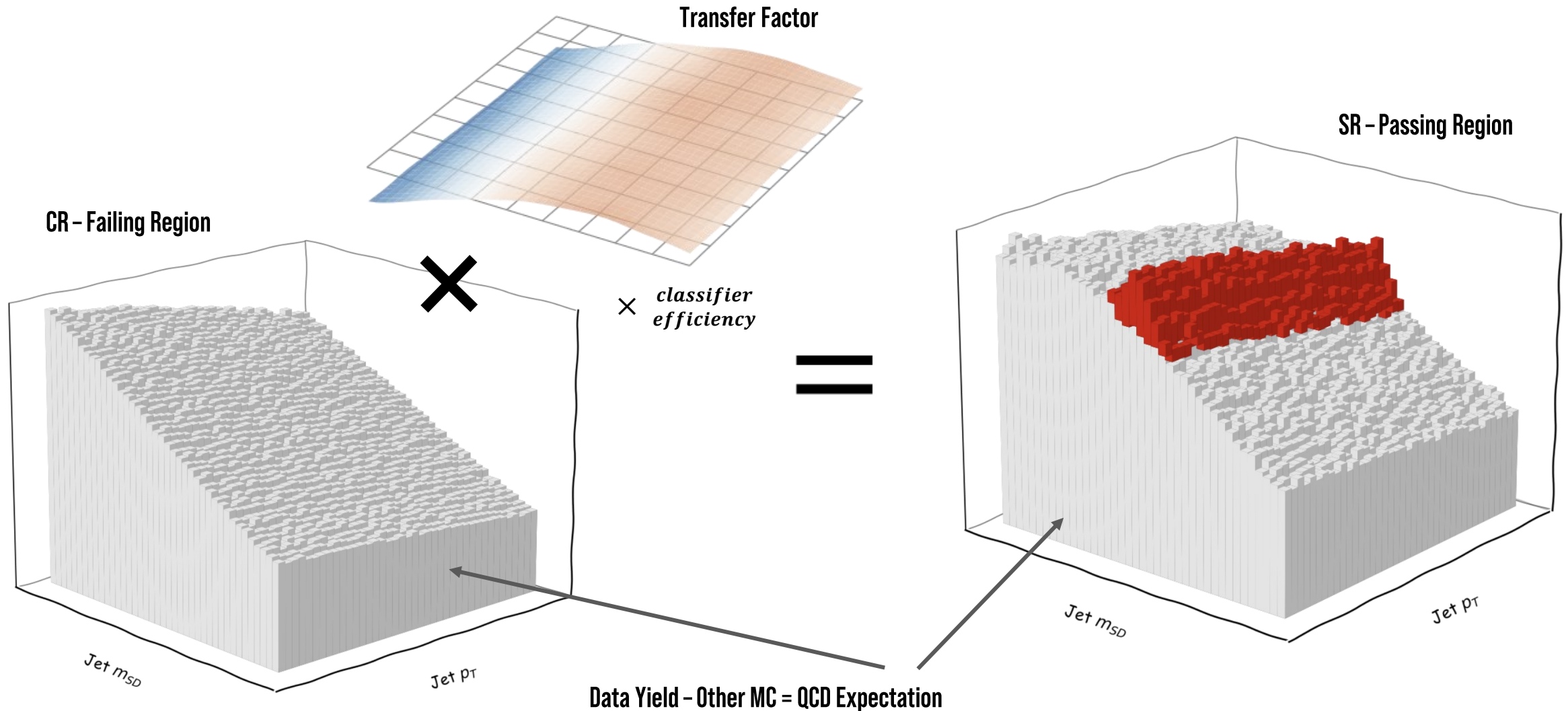
Simultaneous Pass and Fail Fit



Transfer Factor Fit – Optimal Case (ABCD)



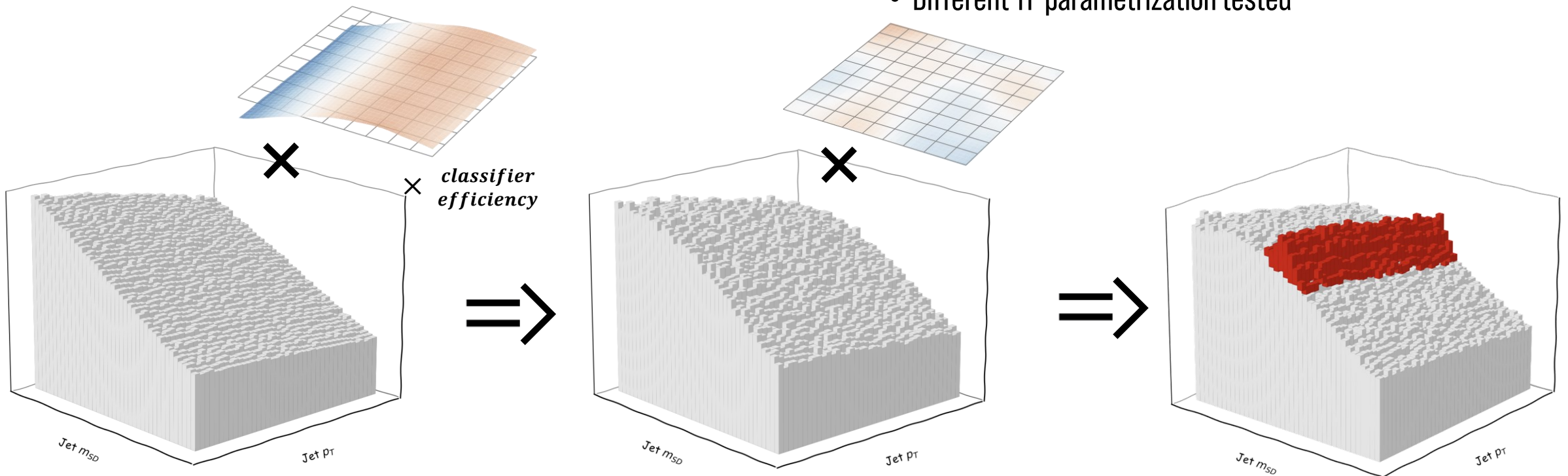
Transfer Factor Fit – Realistic Example



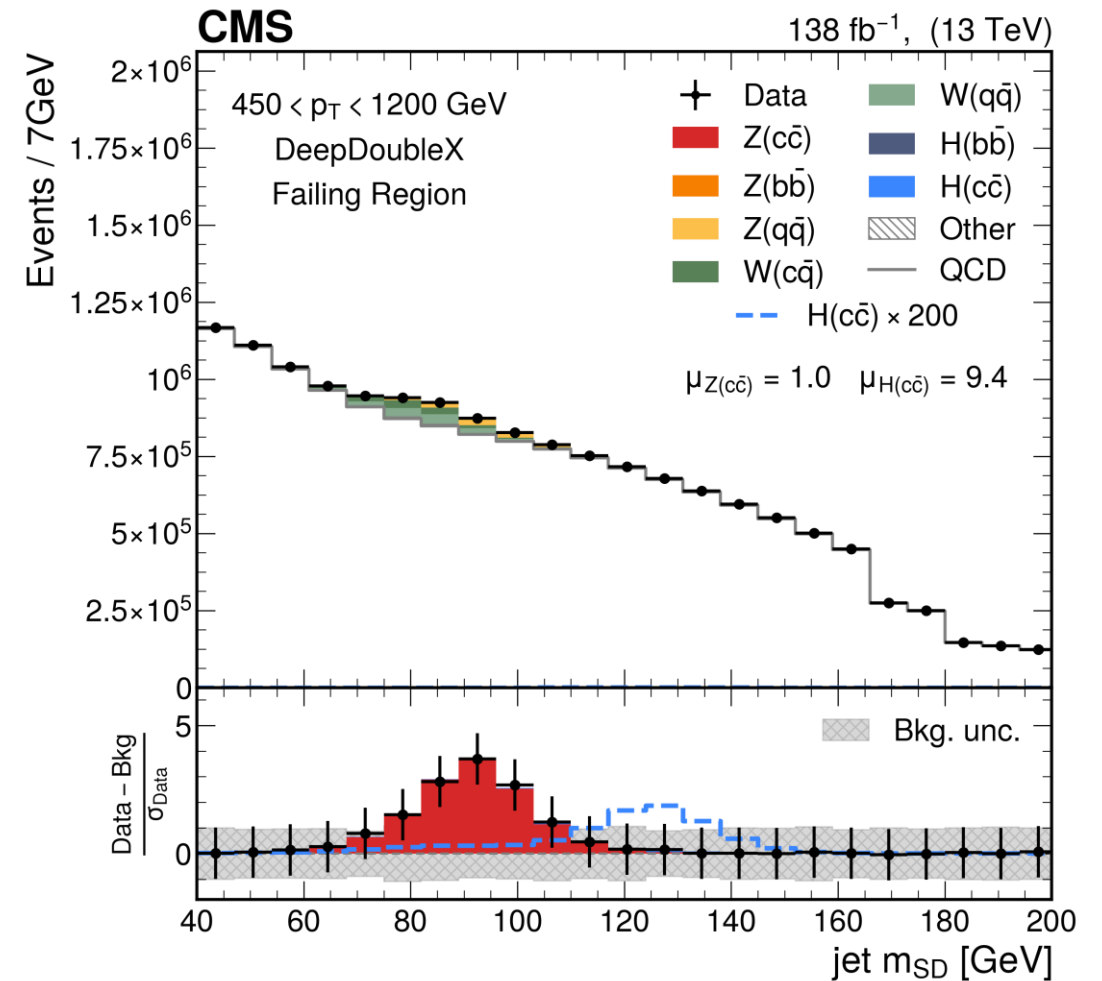
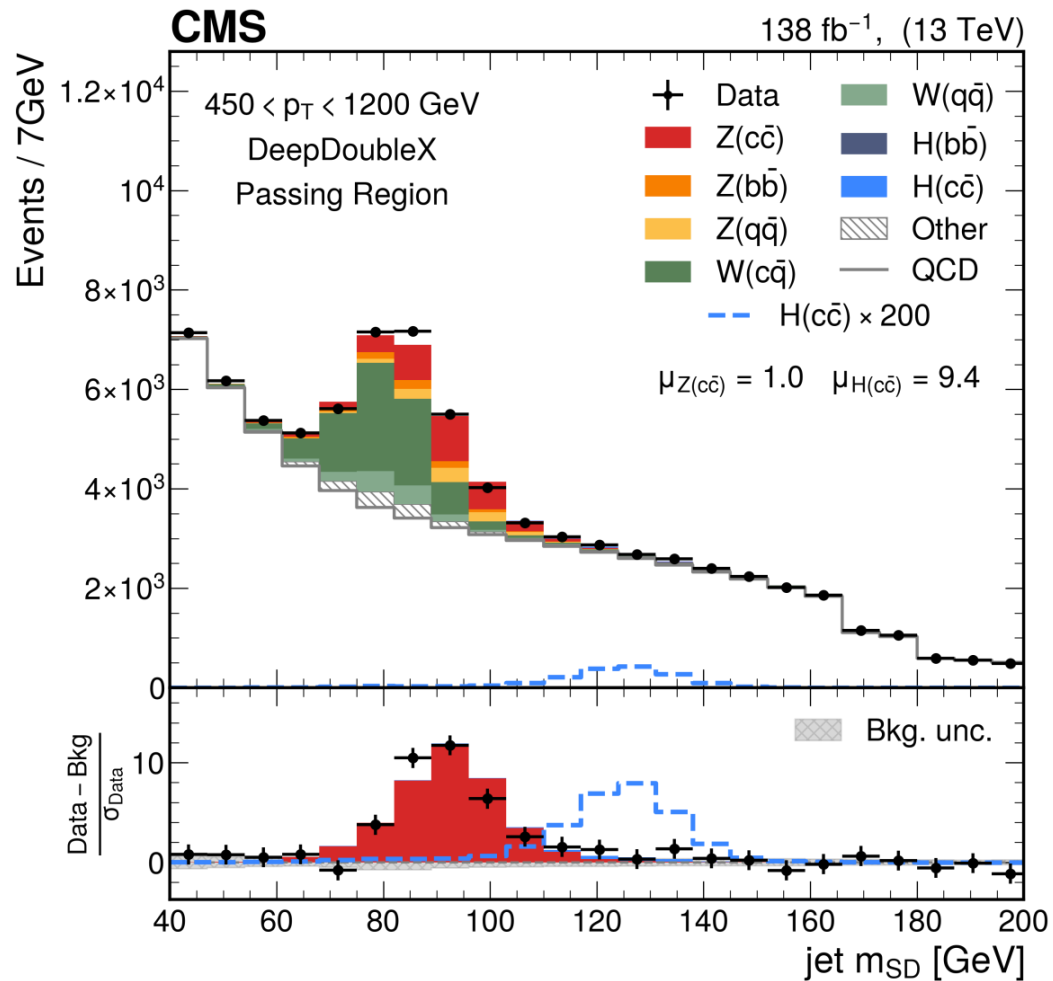
Transfer Factor Fit – In Practice

- **2 effects** to parametrize
 - Classifier **Mass Sculpting** (MC only fit)
 - **Discrepancies** due to **Data/MC** mismodelling

- Both independently parametrized
- Method tested against bias
 - Spurious “peaky” signal
 - Different TF parametrization tested



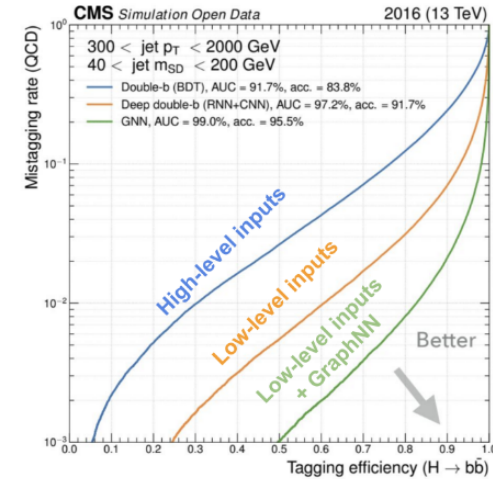
Inclusive High p_T Search ($H \rightarrow cc$)



What About Other Decay Modes ($H \rightarrow \tau\tau$)

Neural Network Taggers

- Both Z-tagger and $\tau\tau$ -taggers use similar inputs into graph-based Interaction Network:
 - Top 30 p_T particles in jet
 - Top 5 p_T SVs in jet
 - Top 3 p_T boosted taus in jet
 - Top 2 p_T electrons/muons in jet (for $e\tau/\mu\tau$)
 - Multiplicities and energy fractions for {charged hadrons, neutral hadrons, e, γ , μ }



[1909.12285]

