FCCee Vertexing Analysis

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CLD and IDEA Detectors



Beam Background

- Beam background: Unwanted particles from interactions not part of the primary collision.
- Secondary hits: Particle interactions outside the beam pipe, in surrounding material.
- Effects: Detector noise, false signals, reduced data quality.





Electron-Positron Pairs

- Breit-Wheeler: Photon-photon collision creates an electron-positron pair.
 - Fundamental test of energy-mass conversion.
- Bethe-Heitler: Photon interacts with a nucleus to produce an electron-positron pair.
 - Nucleus absorbs recoil, common in gamma-ray interactions.
- Landau-Lifshitz: Photon interacts with a strong EM field to create an electron-positron pair.



Electron-Positron Pairs

- <u>Electron-positron scattering</u>: Exchange of a virtual photon, no annihilation.
- Electron-positron annihilation to 4e: Virtual photon creates two electron-positron pairs.
 - Higher-order QED process: Extra photon interactions lead to pair production.



Hit definitions

- Hit: Any impact detected by the first layer of the detector.
- Macrohit: Sum of hits associated with one MC Particle or with its barycenter. Represented as one hit.
- Microhit: Individual hit within a macrohit





Definitions: dR, Barycenter and Multiplicity



• Barycenter: The weighted energy sum of all the hits that come from one MC particle. $\sum_{i=1}^{n} E_{i}\mathbf{r}_{i}$

$$\mathbf{R}_{ ext{barycenter}} = rac{\sum_{i=1}^n E_i \mathbf{r}_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n E_i}$$

• dR: The distance between one hit from an MC particle and the barycenter

$$dR=\sqrt{dx^2+dy^2+dz^2}$$

 Multiplicity: The number of hits for each MC particle

dR vs. hits

• dR from position of maximum momentum hit



• dR from position of barycenter



Energy vs. hits

• Energy from individual hits



• Energy from macrohits: independent of dR definition



IDEA Detector Phi Hits





- Previous plot on the right counting multiple hits per MC.
- Updated plot counting one hit per MC particle, smoothing out the sharper peaks.
- Peaks created by overlapping detector segments on IDEA.

Better visualization of Z-Phi Plot



IDEA Detector Z-phi



- The same peaks present in the previous slide show up again on the right.
- Again, when plotting one hit per MC particle the distribution becomes far more natural.

Updated Occupancy Calculations

Occupancy = #hits/bunch-crossing/per cellID CellID = readout unit area

Previous Occupancies:

- IDEA Maximum occupancy: 57.206
- IDEA Average occupancy: 31.920
- CLD Maximum occupancy: 195.000
- CLD Average occupancy: 161.020

New Occupancies:

- IDEA Maximum occupancy: 18.783
- IDEA Average occupancy: 10.555
- CLD Maximum occupancy: 50.588
- CLD Average occupancy: 37.610

The new occupancies are about a third of the previous ones. This results from the corrected calculation with only one hit per MC particle.



Future Work:

- Better understand the physics of beam background and include other sources.
- Vertex detector optimization based on expected (and validated) beam backgrounds.
- Analyze different sources of data besides GuineaPig, possibly comparing simulated LEP data against actual data collected at LEP.