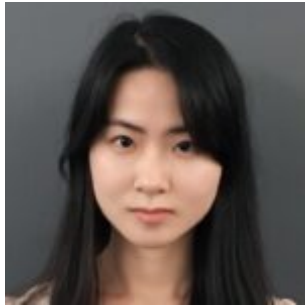


Self-dual Higgs transition: Toric code and beyond

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Simons Collaboration on Confinement and QCD Strings Workshop, MIT
May 19, 2026



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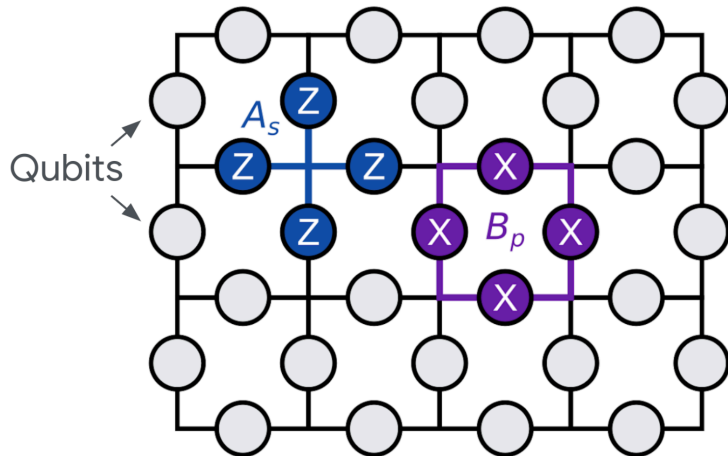


Zheng Zhou
Perimeter → Harvard

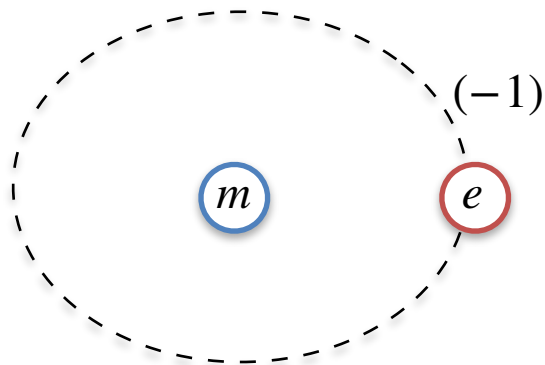
arXiv:2601.20945

\mathbb{Z}_2 gauge theory/ \mathbb{Z}_2 spin liquid/Toric Code

$$H = - \sum_v XXXX - \sum_p ZZZZ$$



- Gapped excitations: $\{e, m, \epsilon = em\}$
- Mutual π -braiding between e, m
- Fermion statistics of ϵ

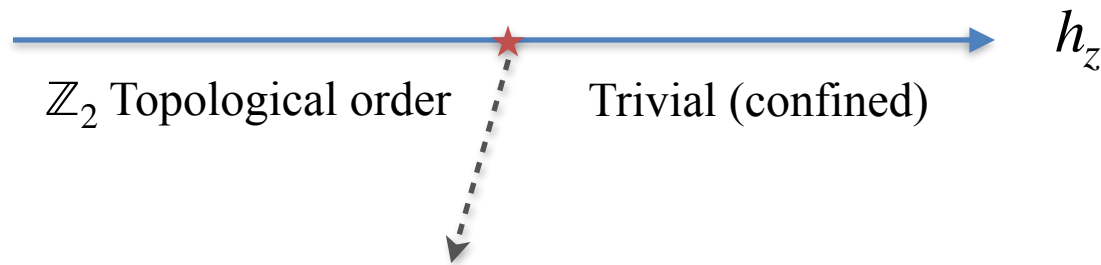


- Self-duality \mathbb{Z}_2^{SD} symmetry: $e \leftrightarrow m$

Wagner; Kogut; Fradkin, Shenker;
Read, Sachdev; Wen; Kitaev

Higgs transition of Toric Code

$$H = - \sum_v XXXX - \sum_p ZZZZ - \sum_e h_z Z_e$$



Ising* transition: $(2 + 1)d$ Ising CFT coupled to \mathbb{Z}_2 gauge field

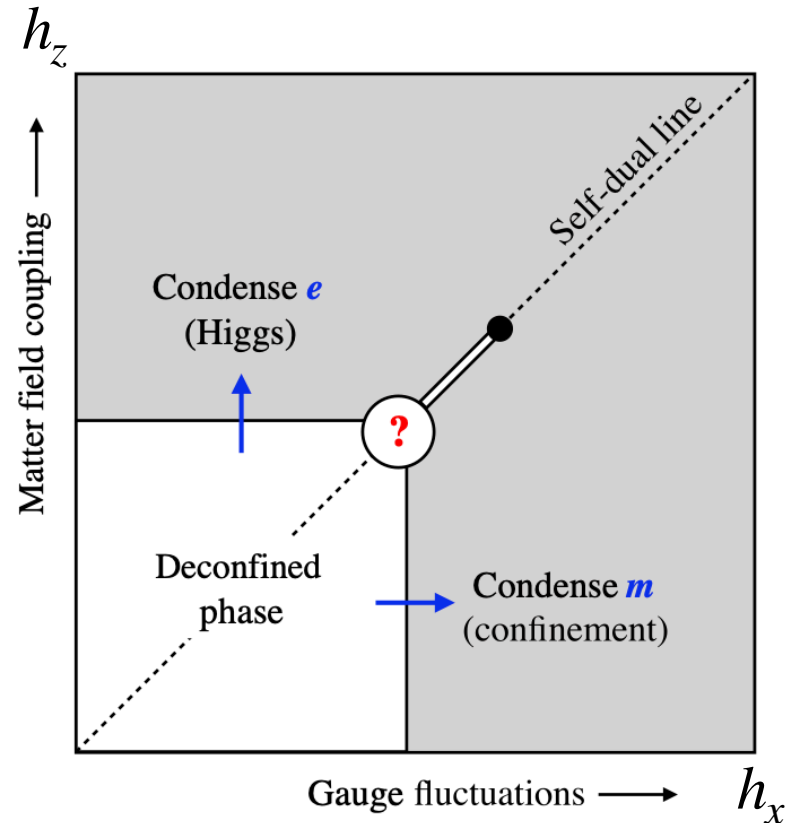
Physically: gap of e closes $\Rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_2$ Higgs transition (“ e condensed”)

Replacing $h_z Z \rightarrow h_x X$: $e \leftrightarrow m$, still an Ising* transition (“ m condensed”)

Higgs with self-duality symmetry

$$H = - \sum_v XXXX - \sum_p ZZZZ - \sum_e (h_x X + h_z Z)$$

- Numerical evidence along self-dual line ($h_x = h_z$):



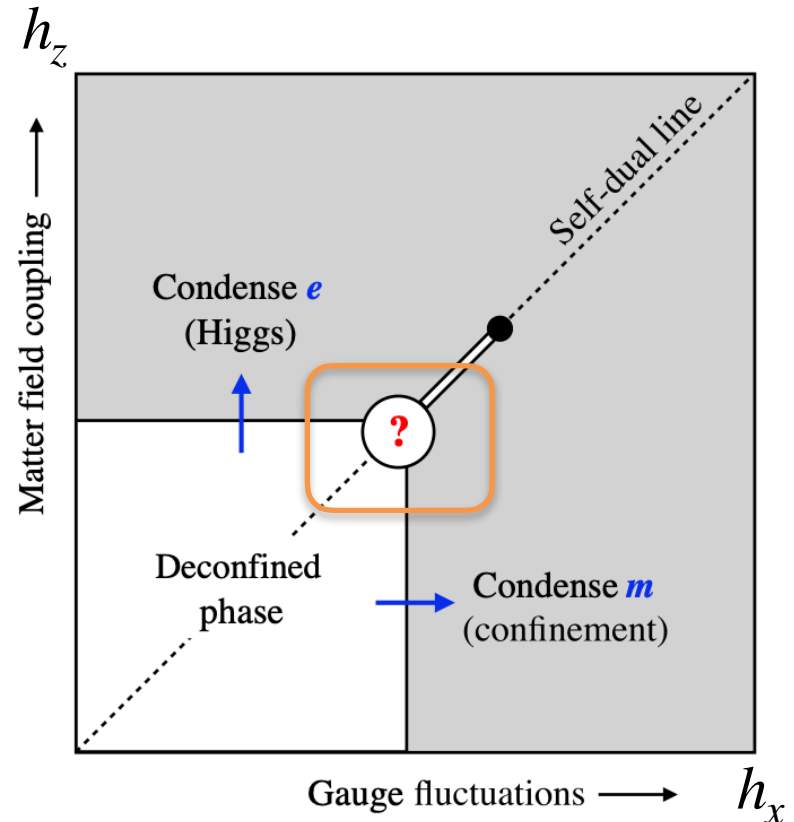
Higgs with self-duality symmetry

$$H = - \sum_v XXXX - \sum_p ZZZZ - \sum_e (h_x X + h_z Z)$$

- Numerical evidence along self-dual line ($h_x = h_z$):

Direct, continuous transition from \mathbb{Z}_2 topological order to a non-topological state with spontaneously broken \mathbb{Z}_2^{SD} self-duality symmetry

Tupitsyn, Kitaev, Prokof'ev, Stamp 0804.3175
Vidal, Dusuel, Schmidt 0807.0487
Wu, Deng, Prokof'ev 1201.6409
Somoza, Serna, Nahum 2012.15845
Oppenheim, Koch-Janusz, Gazit, Ringel 2311.17994

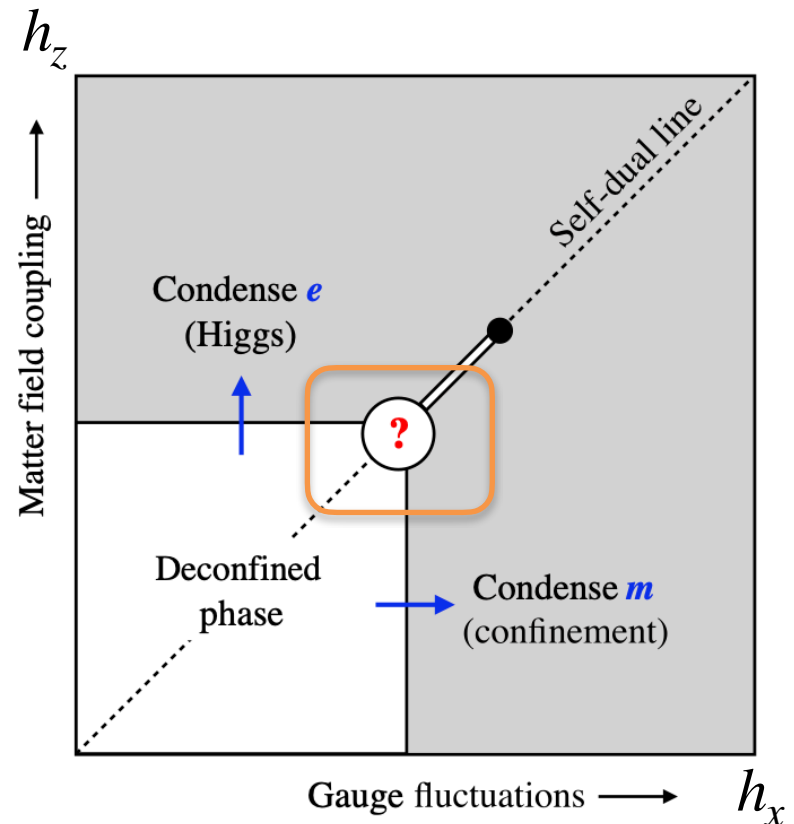


What field theory describes this?

- Challenge: find a continuum field theory with correct phase diagram*

Direct, continuous transition
from \mathbb{Z}_2 topological order to a
non-topological state with spontaneously
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Trick: “gauging & guessing”

- Work on self-dual line, consider gauging \mathbb{Z}_2^{SD}
- \mathbb{Z}_2 topological order $\xrightarrow{\text{Gauging } \mathbb{Z}_2^{SD}}$ Double-Ising (Teo, Hughes, Fradkin, 15)
 $\{1, e, m, \epsilon = em\}$ $\{1, \sigma, \psi\} \times \{1, \bar{\sigma}, \bar{\psi}\}$
- \mathbb{Z}_2^{SD} spontaneously broken $\xrightarrow{\text{Gauging } \mathbb{Z}_2^{SD}}$ Trivial vacuum

*After gauging \mathbb{Z}_2^{SD} :
Transition from double-Ising to trivial phase*

Trick: “gauging & guessing”

Want: Transition from double-Ising to trivial phase

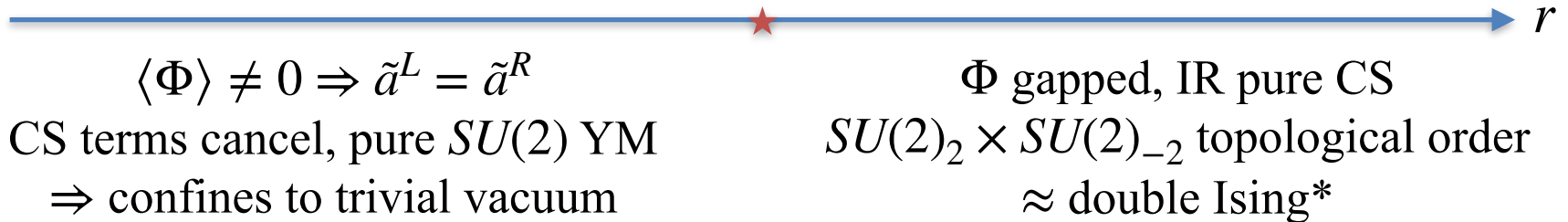
- This theory works:

$$(D_{\tilde{a}}\Phi)^2 + r\Phi^2 + \lambda\Phi^4 + \frac{1}{2g^2}\text{tr}\tilde{f}_{\mu\nu}^2 + i\text{CS}[\tilde{a}]_{2,-2}$$

- a : dynamical $SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R$ gauge field
- Φ : scalar in $SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R$ bi-fundamental rep
- $\text{CS}[a]_{2,-2}$: Chern-Simons term, level +2 (−2) for $SU(2)_L$ ($SU(2)_R$)

Matching phase diagram

$$(D_{\tilde{a}}\Phi)^2 + r\Phi^2 + \lambda\Phi^4 + \frac{1}{2g^2}\text{tr}\tilde{f}_{\mu\nu}^2 + i\text{CS}[\tilde{a}]_{2,-2}$$



*: a twisted version of double Ising, obtained by gauging toric code + \mathbb{Z}_2^{SD} SPT

Back to toric code transition

- Can “un-gauge” \mathbb{Z}_2^{SD} by gauging \mathbb{Z}_2 one-form symmetry (charged operator: $SU(2)_L$ -fund Wilson loops)

$$(D_a \Phi)^2 + r\Phi^2 + \lambda\Phi^4 + \frac{1}{2g^2} \text{tr} F_{\mu\nu}^2 + i\text{CS}[a]_{2,-2}$$

- a : dynamical $SO(4) = \frac{SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R}{\mathbb{Z}_2}$ gauge field
- Φ : real scalar in $SO(4)$ vector rep (4 component)
- $\text{CS}[a]_{2,-2}$: Chern-Simons term, level +2 (−2) for $SU(2)_L$ ($SU(2)_R$)

Global symmetry

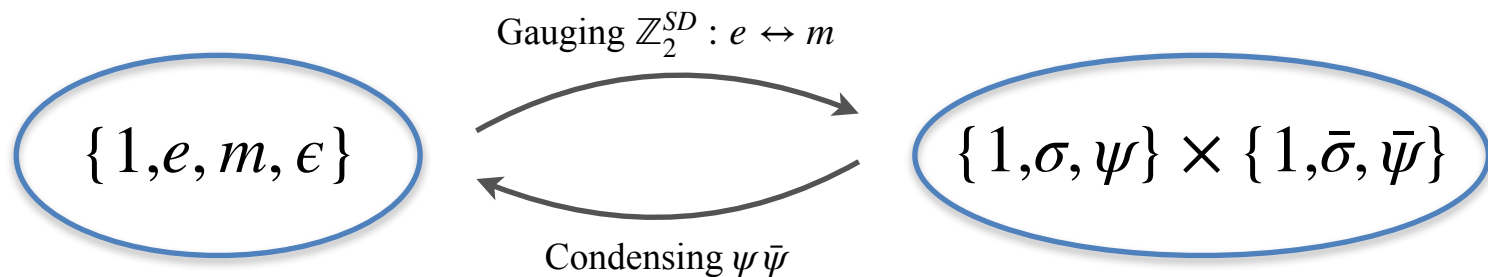
$$(D_a \Phi)^2 + r\Phi^2 + \lambda\Phi^4 + \frac{1}{2g^2} \text{tr} F_{\mu\nu}^2 + i\text{CS}[a]_{2,-2}$$

- Time-reversal \mathbb{Z}_2^T : exchange $SU(2)_L \leftrightarrow SU(2)_R$
- Unitary \mathbb{Z}_2 (to become \mathbb{Z}_2^{SD}): flux conservation from $\pi_1(SO(4)) = \mathbb{Z}_2$
- \mathbb{Z}_2^{SD} charged local operator: $SO(4)$ monopole \mathcal{M}_a
- Coupling background \mathbb{Z}_2^{SD} gauge field: $i\pi A^{\mathbb{Z}_2} \cup w_2^{SO(4)}$
- Sanity check: gauging $A^{\mathbb{Z}_2} \Rightarrow w_2^{SO(4)} = 0$
 $\Rightarrow a$ becomes $SU(2) \times SU(2)$ gauge field

Topological order

$$i\text{CS}[a^{SO(4)}]_{2,-2} + i\pi A^{\mathbb{Z}_2} \cup w_2^{SO(4)} + i\pi A^{\mathbb{Z}_2} \cup A^{\mathbb{Z}_2} \cup A^{\mathbb{Z}_2}$$

- $r > 0$: Φ gapped, pure $SO(4)_{2,-2}$ Chern-Simons theory
- This is just toric code in disguise
- From $SU(2)_2 \times SU(2)_{-2}$ to $SO(4)_{2,-2} = SU(2)_2 \times SU(2)_{-2} / \mathbb{Z}_2$:
gauge 1-form symmetry for $\psi\bar{\psi}$ (equivalently: condensing $\psi\bar{\psi}$)



Higgs phase

- $r < 0 : \langle \Phi \rangle \neq 0$, Higgs $SO(4) \rightarrow SO(3)$ (“diagonal $SU(2)$ ”)
- Chern-Simons terms $SU(2)_2 + SU(2)_{-2}$ cancel each other
- We are left with pure $SO(3)$ Yang-Mills

$$\frac{1}{2g^2} \text{tr} F_{\mu\nu}^2 + i\pi A^{\mathbb{Z}_2} \cup w_2^{SO(3)}$$

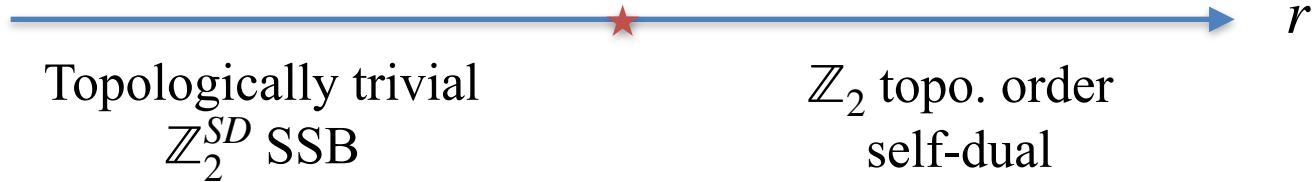
SSB of \mathbb{Z}_2^{SD}

$$\frac{1}{2g^2} \text{tr} F_{\mu\nu}^2 + i\pi A^{\mathbb{Z}_2} \cup w_2^{SO(3)}$$

- Pure $SO(3)$ Yang-Mills is expected to be gapped at IR
- \mathbb{Z}_2 flux symmetry will be broken:
gauge $\mathbb{Z}_2^{SD} \rightarrow w_2^{SO(3)} = 0 \rightarrow SU(2)$ pure Yang-Mills
→ should confine to a unique vacuum
→ vacuum before gauging \mathbb{Z}_2^{SD} must be SSB

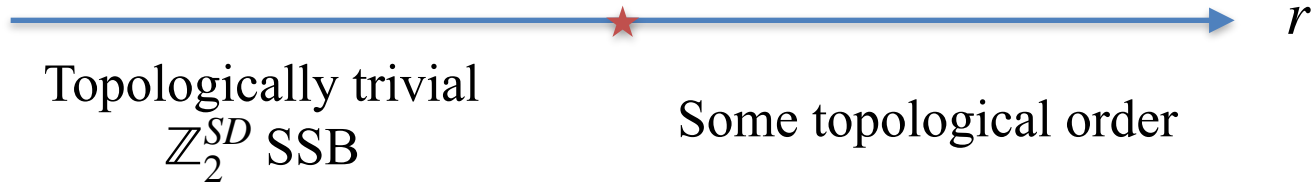
So, as promised:

$$(D_a \Phi)^2 + r\Phi^2 + \lambda\Phi^4 + \frac{1}{2g^2} \text{tr} F_{\mu\nu}^2 + i\text{CS}[a]_{2,-2} + i\pi A^{\mathbb{Z}_2} \cup w_2^{SO(4)}$$



Fun generalization: $SO(4)_{k,-k}$

$$(D_a \Phi)^2 + r\Phi^2 + \lambda\Phi^4 + \frac{1}{2g^2} \text{tr} F_{\mu\nu}^2 + i\text{CS}[a]_{k,-k} + i\pi A^{\mathbb{Z}_2} \cup w_2^{SO(4)}$$



Example: $k = 4$

$$(D_a \Phi)^2 + r\Phi^2 + \lambda\Phi^4 + \frac{1}{2g^2} \text{tr} F_{\mu\nu}^2 + i\text{CS}[a]_{4,-4} + i\pi A^{\mathbb{Z}_2} \cup w_2^{SO(4)}$$

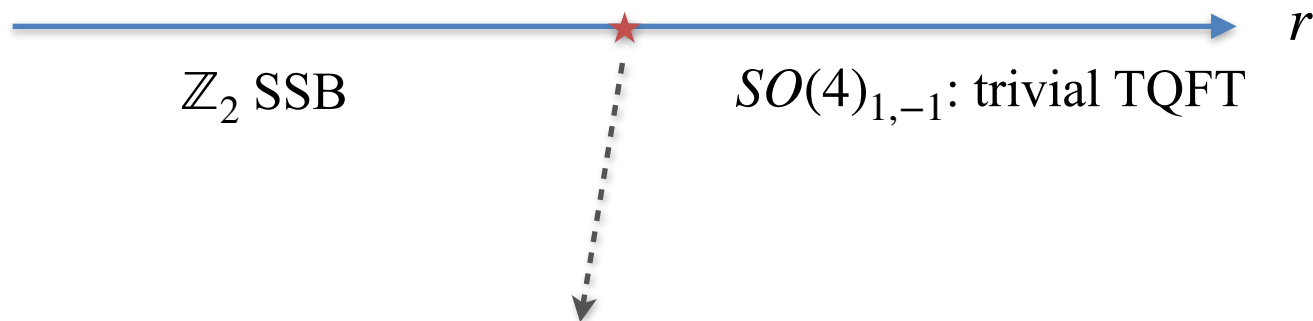


For large enough k , gauge field becomes classical:

$$\Delta_{\Phi^2} \rightarrow \Delta_{\epsilon}^{O(4)\text{Wilson-Fisher}} \approx 1.66$$

Example: $k = 1$

$$(D_a \Phi)^2 + r\Phi^2 + \lambda\Phi^4 + \frac{1}{2g^2} \text{tr} F_{\mu\nu}^2 + i\text{CS}[a]_{1,-1} + i\pi A^{\mathbb{Z}_2} \cup w_2^{SO(4)}$$



Natural conjecture: **an IR dual of 3d Ising!**

Ising spin $\phi \leftrightarrow \mathcal{M}_{SO(4)}$

Similar to particle-vortex duality for complex scalar

Summary

$$(D_a \Phi)^2 + r\Phi^2 + \lambda\Phi^4 + \frac{1}{2g^2} \text{tr} F_{\mu\nu}^2 + i\text{CS}[a]_{2,-2} + i\pi A^{\mathbb{Z}_2} \cup w_2^{SO(4)}$$



To do:

1. Monopole

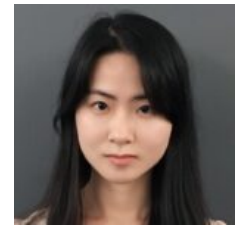
In progress with Matthew Blakenem, Yunchao Zhang



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→ Westlake University

2. Generalization, e.g. $D(S_3)$

In progress with Dachuan Lu, Ashvin Vishwanath

3. Defects

In progress with Ryan Lanzetta

Thank you!