



IPC updates



Dealing with different lattices

FCC lattice is continuously evolving

- Many constraints from the machine itself, beam-beam interactions, civil engineering, ...
- Changing the lattice will have impact on the production of beam backgrounds

Baseline lattice at the Z pole assumes

- 11200 bunches with ~25 ns spacing along the ring of 90 km
- Bunch charge of $2e^{12}$ electrons or positrons (similar for LHC)

Recently, studies for this baseline lattice show electron cloud build up rapidly in the beam pipe, degrading the beam lifetime

- Need to mitigate the e-cloud build-up without compromising the luminosity
- One proposal is to have very short pulses (5ns) and then a longer relaxation times
 - Not clear if detectors can deal with it
- Another proposal is to have 50 ns spacing (more time for the c-cloud to evaporate)
 - But to keep the same lumi, we need to double the charge
 - Studied today: study effect on IPC production and also on vertex occupancy



LCC lattice parameters for 25 and 50 ns

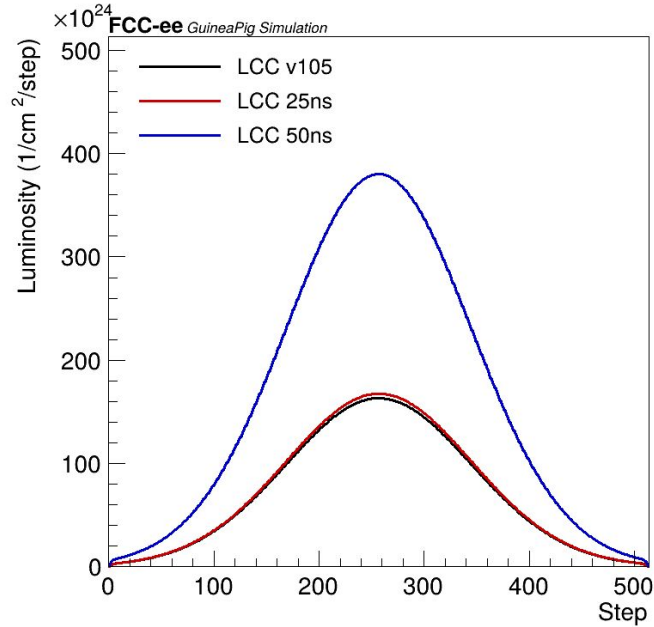
Inputs to GuineaPig				
	Units	LCC (v105) Reference till now	LCC 25 ns NEW	LCC 50 ns NEW
sigma_x	nm	7993.75	10478.55	10348.91
sigma_y	nm	35.20	54.07	64.60
sigma_z	um	16700.00	14900.00	22300.00
beta_x	mm	90.00	90.00	90.00
beta_y	mm	0.70	0.80	0.80
Bunch density	10^10	20.20	24.20	48.40
Number of bunches	#	12000	11200	5600
Bunch crossing rate	MHz	39.69	37.04	18.52

Preliminary lattice configuration for 25 and 50 ns

- Bunch density and number of bunches factor of 2 difference



Luminosity spectra



Luminosity		
Lattice	Per BX (1/cm ²)	Inst. (1/cm ² *s)
LCC	3.61e+28	143e+34
LCC25	3.71e+28	137e+34
LCC50	8.40e+28	156e+34

Ratio luminosity 50/25:

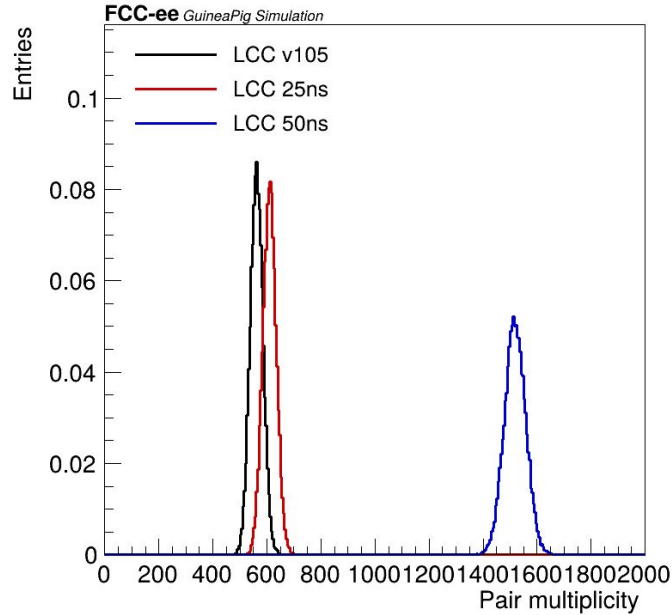
- Per BX: 2.26
- Time-averaged (inst): 1.14

→ LCC50 has 14% more inst. luminosity than LCC25

Luminosity calculated by GuineaPig per BX
Sum over luminosities per time step



IPC creation



Pair creation per BX		
Lattice	Avg (95% quant) pairs	95% quantile
LCC	561	601
LCC25	609	651
LCC50	1518	1583

Ratio luminosity 50/25:

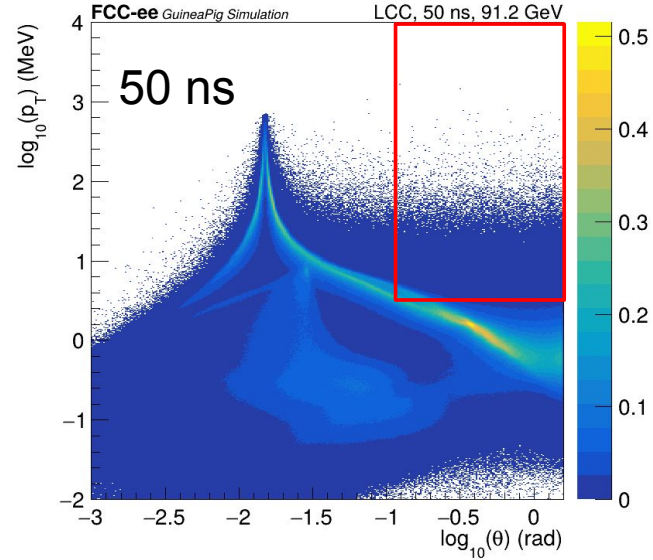
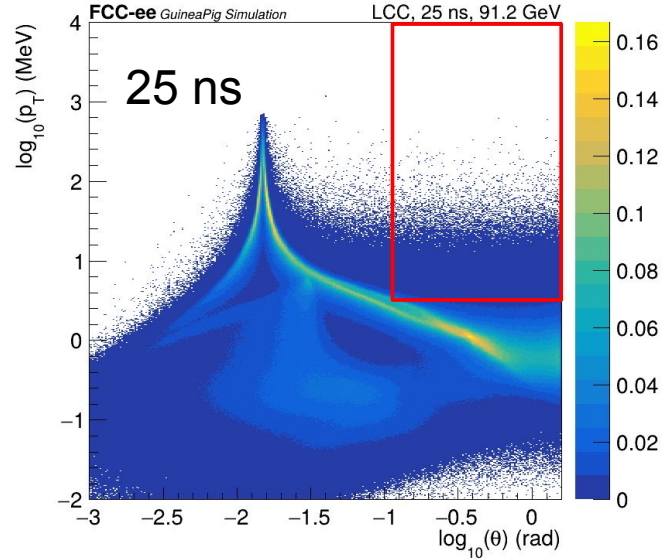
- Per BX: 2.50
- Time-averaged (inst): 1.25

IPC production scales with per BX luminosity

- Expected ~ 2.26 more IPCs created per BX for 50ns
- Slightly higher IPC production observed ~ 2.50
- Factor of $2.50/2.26 = 1.11$ (11%)

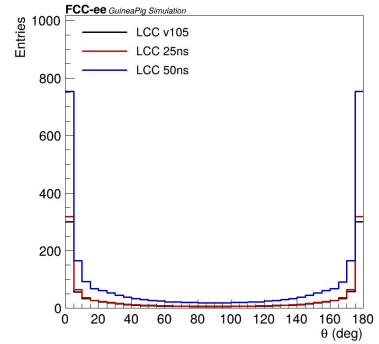
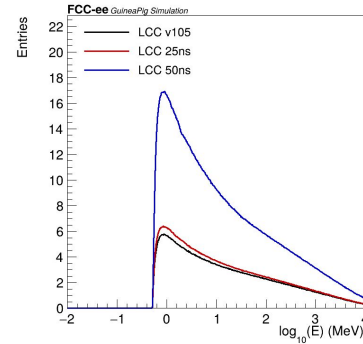


IPC kinematics



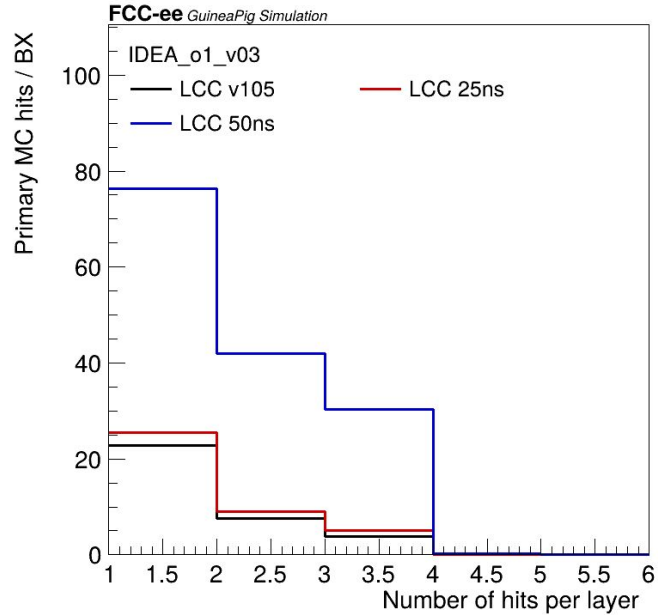
Slightly harder momentum spectrum for 50 ns

→ more IPCs in vertex phase space expected





Vertex occupancy (IDEA_o1_v03)



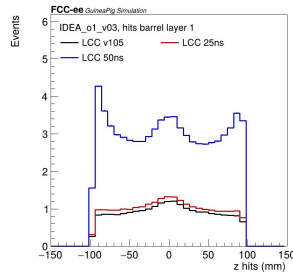
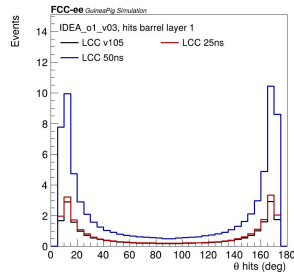
Average number of (primary) hits in layer 1		
Lattice	Per BX	Per 100 ns readout window
LCC	23	92 (4BX)
LCC25	25	100 (4BX)
LCC50	76	152 (2BX)

Ratio luminosity 50/25:

- Per BX: 3.04
- Time-averaged (inst): 1.52

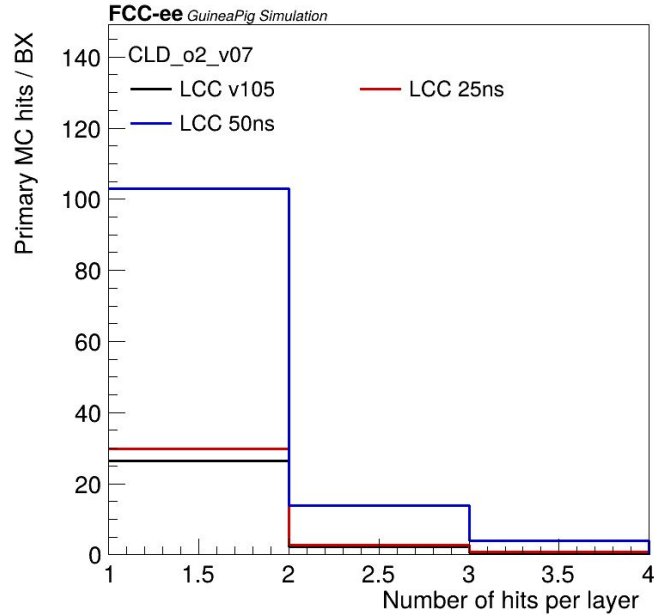
Time-averaged, factor 1.52 more IPCs in first layer for 50 ns

- Primarily due to harder spectrum for 50 ns, where more IPCs are entering the vertex phase space (20%)
- Secondary due to slightly higher IPC pair creation (11%) and higher inst. luminosity (14%)





Vertex occupancy (CLD_o2_v07)

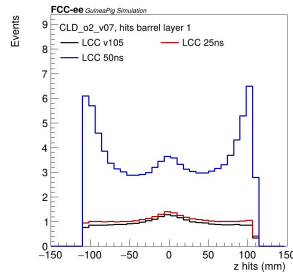
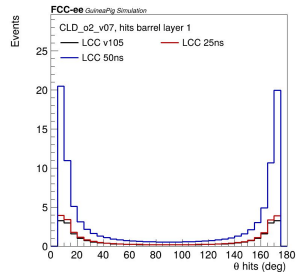


Average number of (primary) hits in layer 1		
Lattice	Per BX	Per 100 ns readout window
LCC	26	104 (4BX)
LCC25	30	120 (4BX)
LCC50	103	206 (2BX)

Ratio luminosity 50/25:

- Per BX: 3.43
- Time-averaged (inst): 1.72

Time-averaged, factor 1.76 more IPCs in first layer for 50 ns



- Primarily due to harder spectrum for 50 ns, where more IPCs are entering the vertex phase space (36%)
 - Higher than IDEA, due to longer z-extent
 - Also CLD slightly smaller radius
- Secondary due to slightly higher IPC pair creation (11%) and higher inst. luminosity (14%)

Preliminary conclusions



Comparison of LCC 25 and 50 ns lattices

- Given the lattice parameters, 50ns has 14% more luminosity (as calculated by GuineaPig)
- The 50 ns lattice produces 11 % more IPCs due to the bunch dimensions and beam structure
- The 50 ns has a harder energy spectrum, more IPCs reaching the first vertex layer
 - 20% more for IDEA, 35% more for CLD