

Nucleon Spin from global QCD analysis

Werner Vogelsang

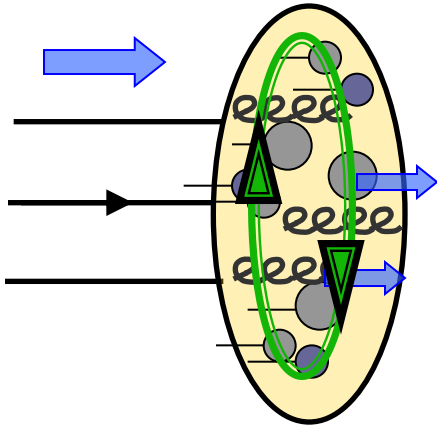
MIT, 09/23/2022

$$\Delta q(x) = \text{[red sphere with white dot and right-pointing yellow arrow]} \rightarrow \text{[red sphere with white dot and left-pointing yellow arrow]}$$

$$\Delta g(x) = \text{[red sphere with 'ee' and right-pointing yellow arrow]} \rightarrow \text{[red sphere with 'ee' and left-pointing yellow arrow]}$$

proton spin

Jaffe, Manohar; ...



$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \Delta\Sigma + \Delta G + L_q + L_g$$

$$\Delta\Sigma = \int_0^1 dx [\Delta u + \Delta\bar{u} + \Delta d + \Delta\bar{d} + \Delta s + \Delta\bar{s}](x) \ll 1$$

$$\Delta G = \int_0^1 dx \Delta g(x)$$

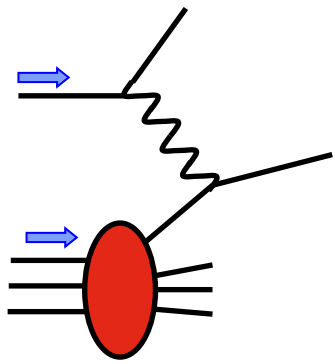
Outline:

- Global analysis of helicity PDFs: status
- EIC opportunities
- Where do we go from here? Preparing for the EIC
- Concluding remarks

* thanks to my colleagues **R. Sassot**, M. Stratmann, I. Borsa, E. Nocera, N. Sato

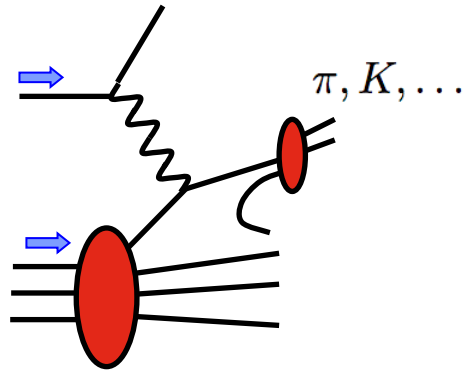
Global analysis: status

Helicity PDFs accessible in polarized high-energy scattering:

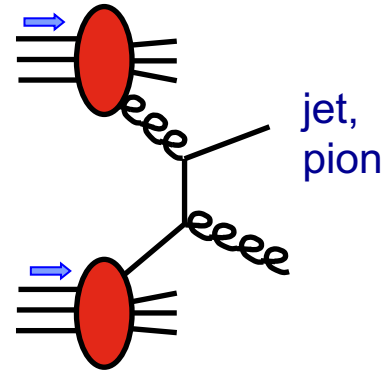


DIS

EMC, SMC, COMPASS,
E142, E143, E154, E155,
HERMES, CLAS, HALL-A

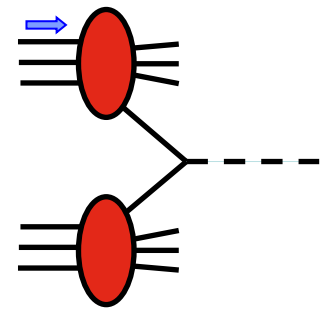


SIDIS



pp high- p_T

PHENIX, STAR



W bosons

$$\Delta\sigma_{pp} = \sum_{a,b=q,\bar{q},g} \Delta f_a(x_a, \mu) \otimes \Delta f_b(x_b, \mu) \otimes \Delta\hat{\sigma}_{ab}$$

$$\Delta\hat{\sigma}_{ab} = \Delta\hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{\text{LO}} + \frac{\alpha_s}{\pi} \Delta\hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{\text{NLO}} + \left(\frac{\alpha_s}{\pi}\right)^2 \Delta\hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{\text{NNLO}} + \dots$$

Key players over recent years (all at NLO ($\overline{\text{MS}}$):

DSSV
(2008 –)

NNPDF
(2013 –)



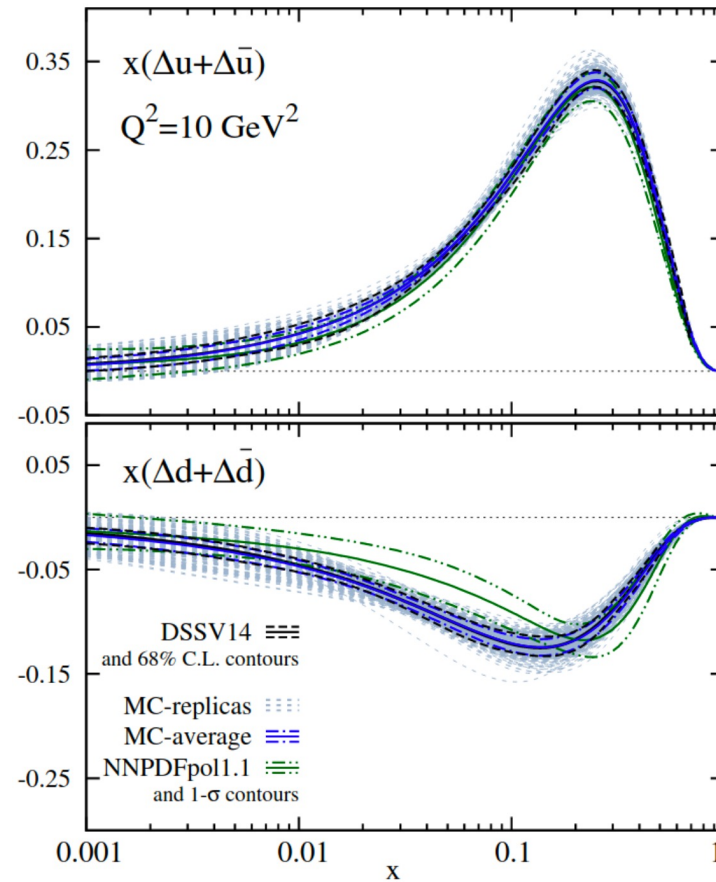
(2013 –)

- differences in methodology:
DSSV and **JAM**: Mellin moment techniques
NNPDF: neural-network technique, x-space
- mature analysis frameworks with robust assessment of uncertainties

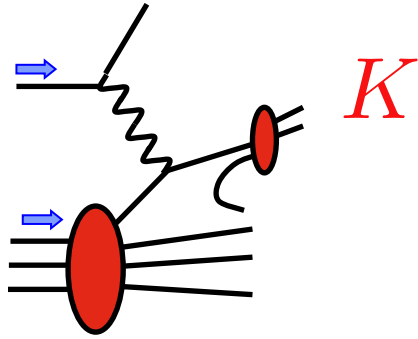
Total up and down polarizations:

$$\Delta u + \Delta \bar{u}$$

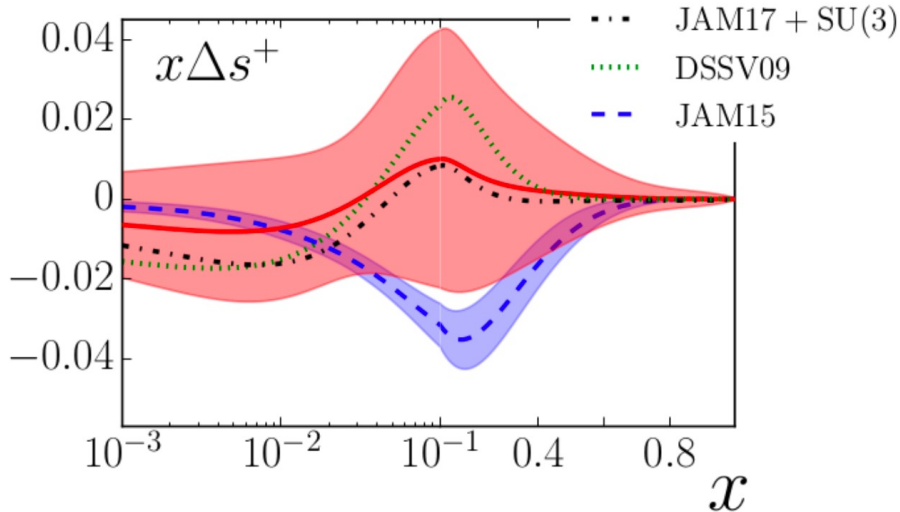
$$\Delta d + \Delta \bar{d}$$



strangeness $\Delta_s + \Delta_{\bar{s}}$:



→ little trace of strangeness



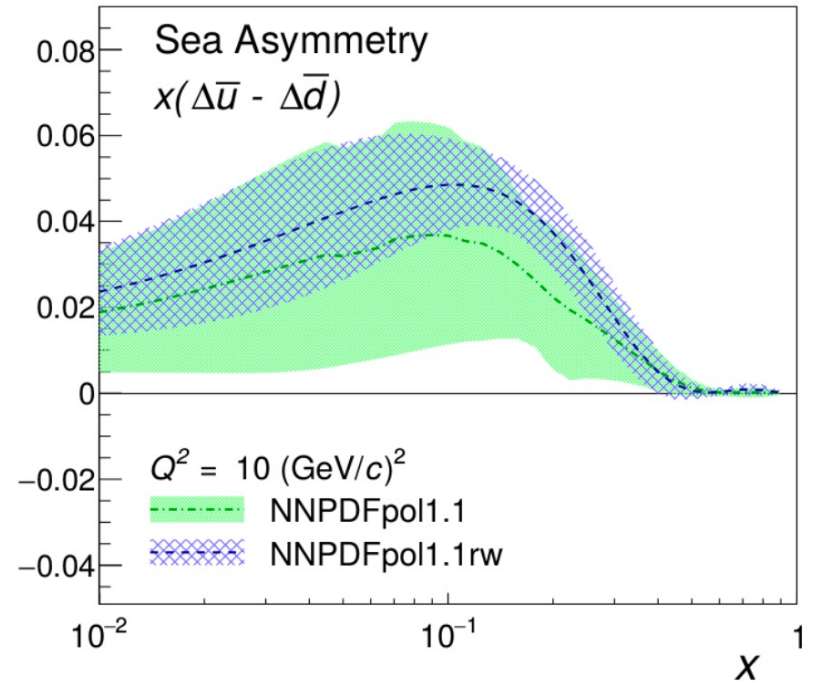
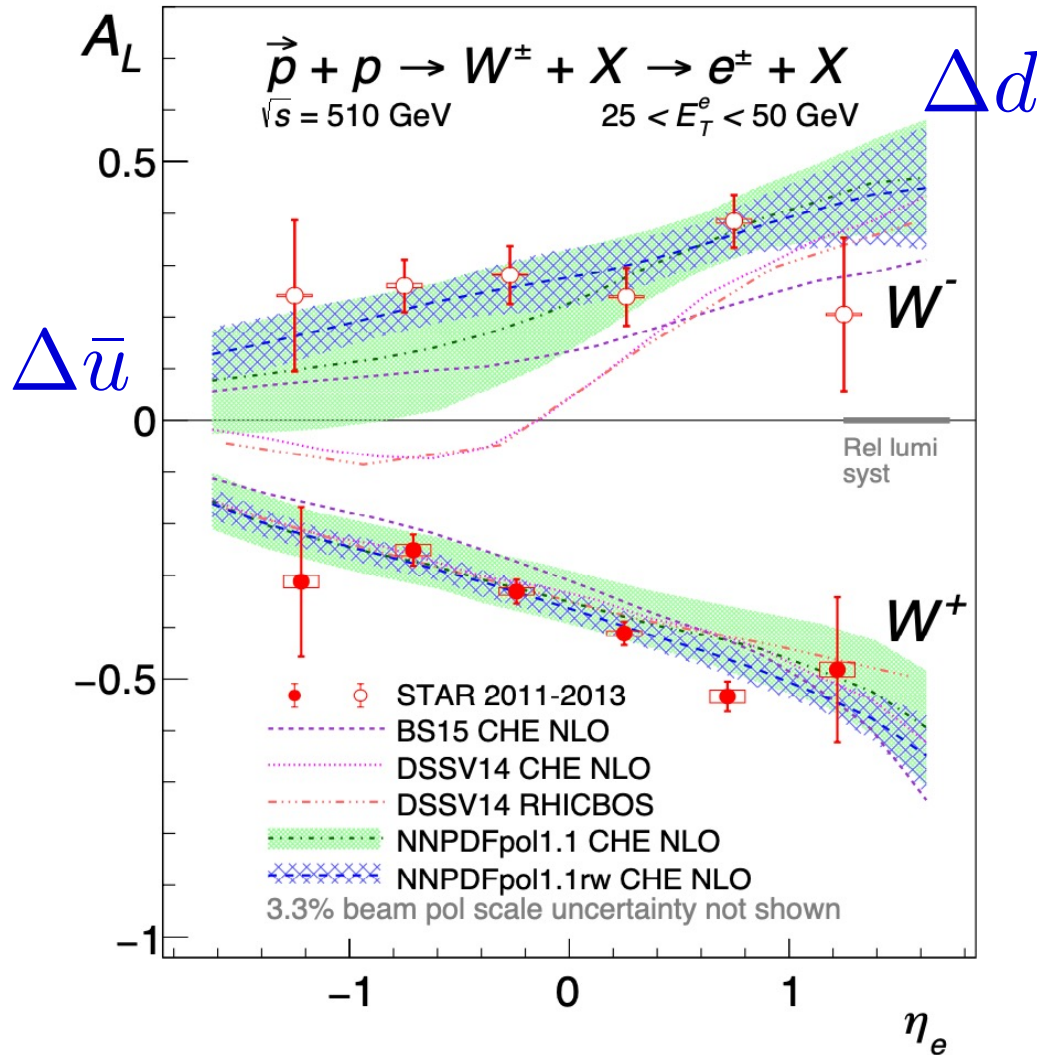
JAM'17:

$$\int_0^1 dx (\Delta_s + \Delta_{\bar{s}}) = -0.03 \pm 0.10$$

SU(3):
$$\int_0^1 dx (\Delta_u + \Delta_{\bar{u}} + \Delta_d + \Delta_{\bar{d}} - 2(\Delta_s + \Delta_{\bar{s}})) = 0.58 \pm 0.03$$

→ sizable negative $\int (\Delta_s + \Delta_{\bar{s}}) \sim -0.1$

Light sea quarks:



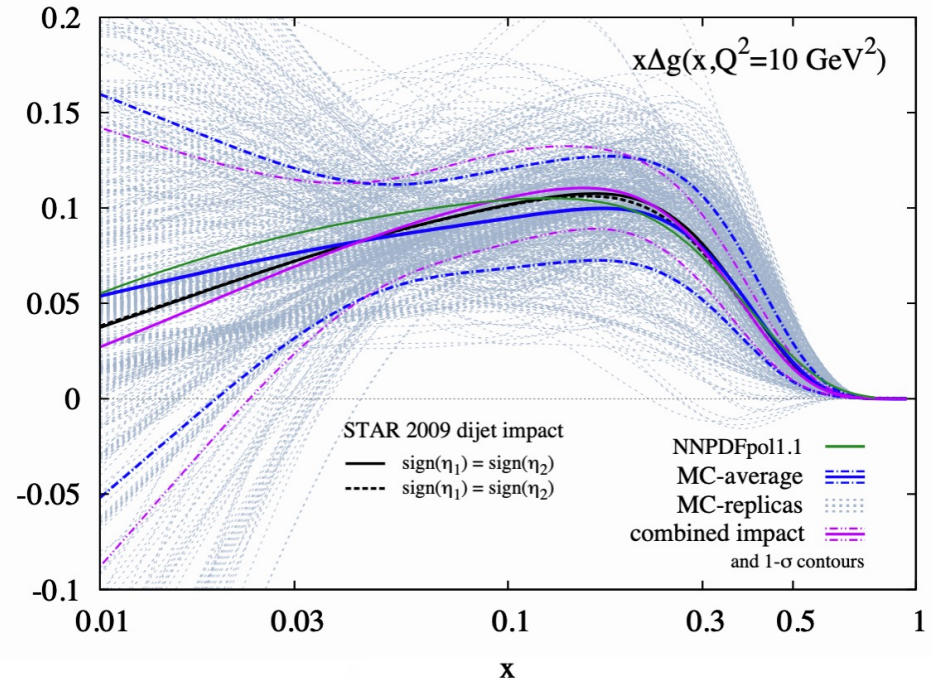
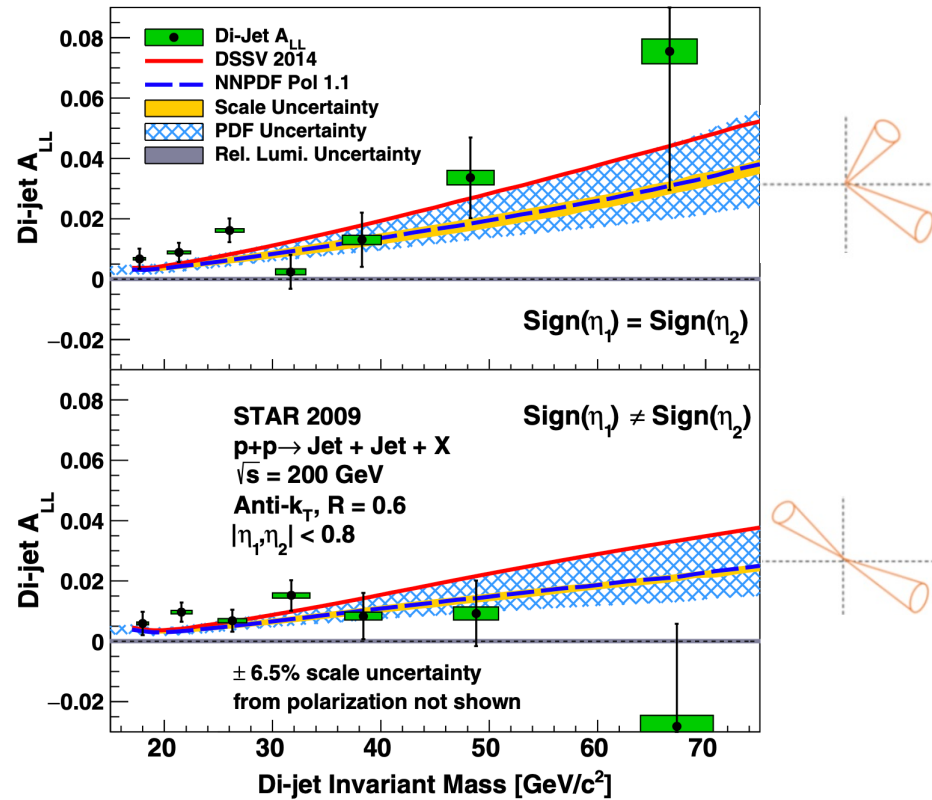
(consistent w/ SIDIS)

also JAM
 (Cocuzza, Melnitchouk, Metz, Sato)

Gluon polarization: 2014 RHIC-discovery that $\Delta g > 0$

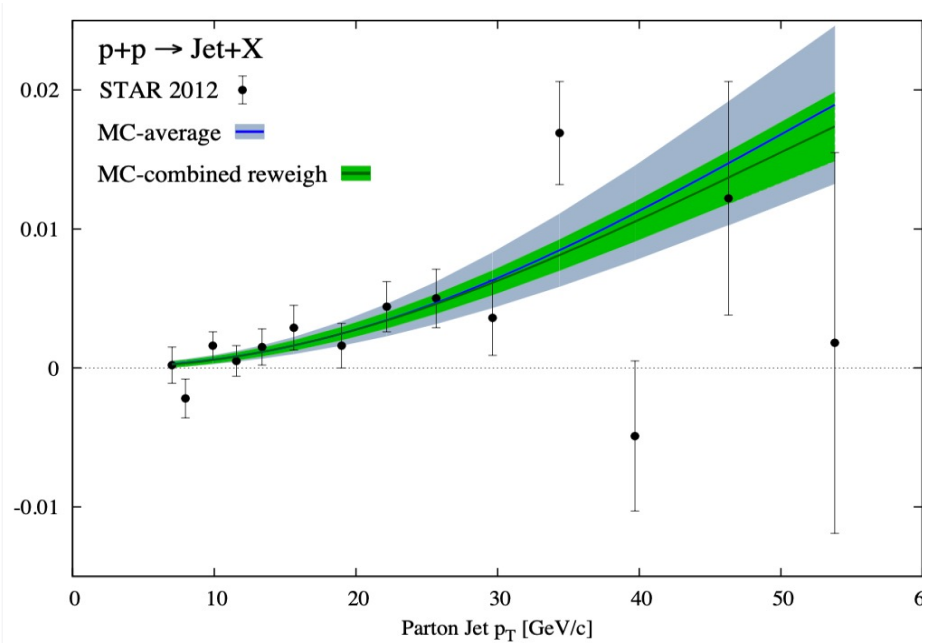
→ improvement and consolidation !

DSSV



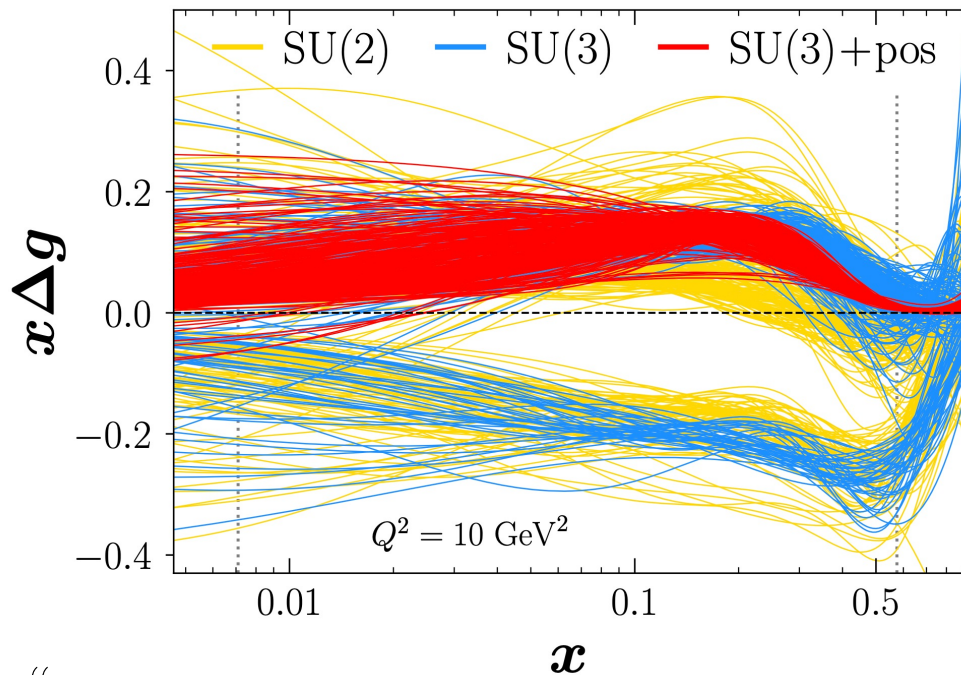
consistent w/ NNPDF

single jets @ 510 GeV

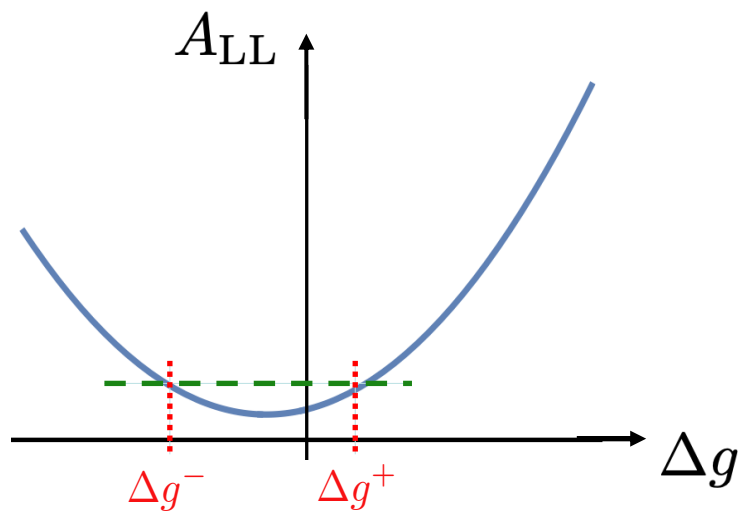


a recent little hiccup:

JAM



$$“ A_{LL} = a_{gg} (\Delta g)^2 + a_{qg} \Delta g + a_{qq} “$$

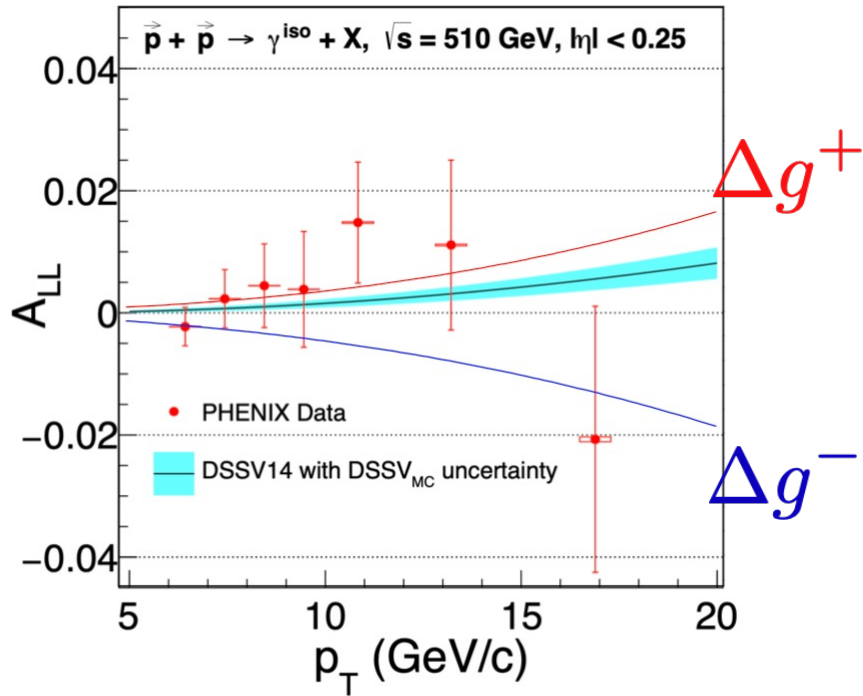


Jäger, Kretzer, Stratmann, WV 2004

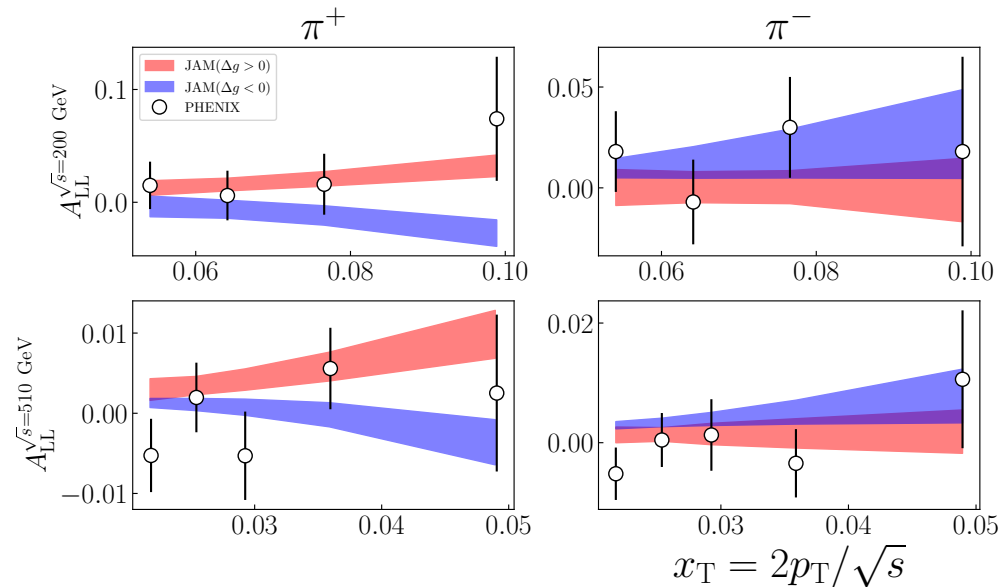
$$|\Delta g| > g$$

Phenix direct photons and charged hadrons:

$$qg \rightarrow \gamma q$$

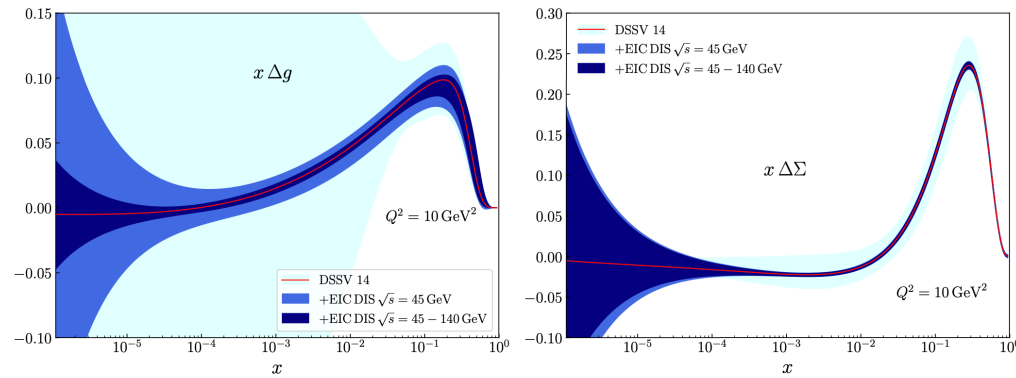


(courtesy N. Sato)

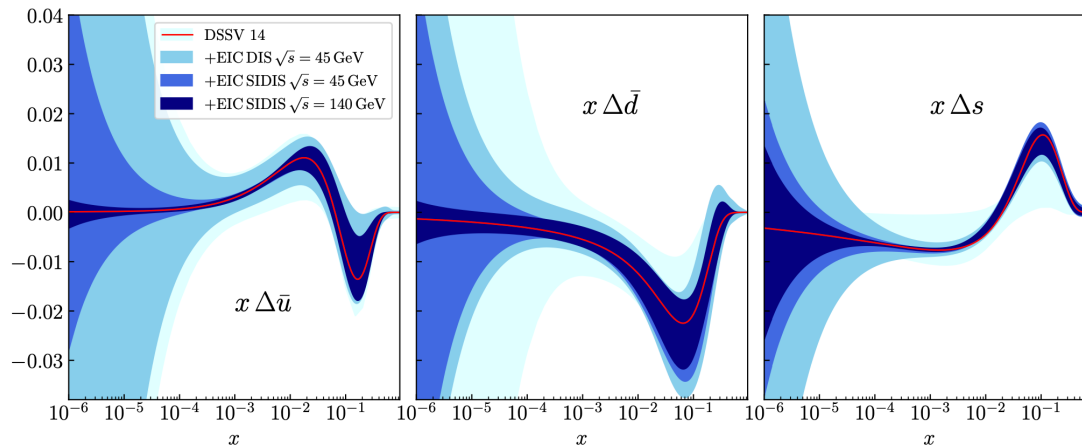


EIC opportunities

DIS



SIDIS



plus: jet production, charged-current DIS, ...

→ spin structure at low x: see talk [Y. Kovchegov](#)

Where do we go from here?
Preparing for the EIC

- "RHIC legacy" analysis:
 - **STAR** π^0 and jet/dijet asymmetries
 - **PHENIX** π^0 , π^\pm , η , γ , heavy flavor
- high-precision DIS and SIDIS data from **JLab12**
- continued impact studies for EIC

- precision era: the path to NNLO

$$\Delta\hat{\sigma}_{ab} = \Delta\hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{\text{LO}} + \frac{\alpha_s}{\pi} \Delta\hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{\text{NLO}} + \left(\frac{\alpha_s}{\pi}\right)^2 \Delta\hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{\text{NNLO}} + \dots$$

PDF
evolution

$$\Delta\mathcal{P}_{ij} = \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} \Delta P_{ij}^{\text{LO}} + \left(\frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi}\right)^2 \Delta P_{ij}^{\text{NLO}} + \left(\frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi}\right)^3 \Delta P_{ij}^{\text{NNLO}} + \dots$$



Moch, Vogt, Vermaseren

- NNLO available for some partonic cross sections:

DIS

van Neerven, Zilstra

DIS jets

Borsa, de Florian, Pedron; Boughezal, Petriello, Xing

W bosons in pp

Boughezal, Li, Petriello

SIDIS (approx.)

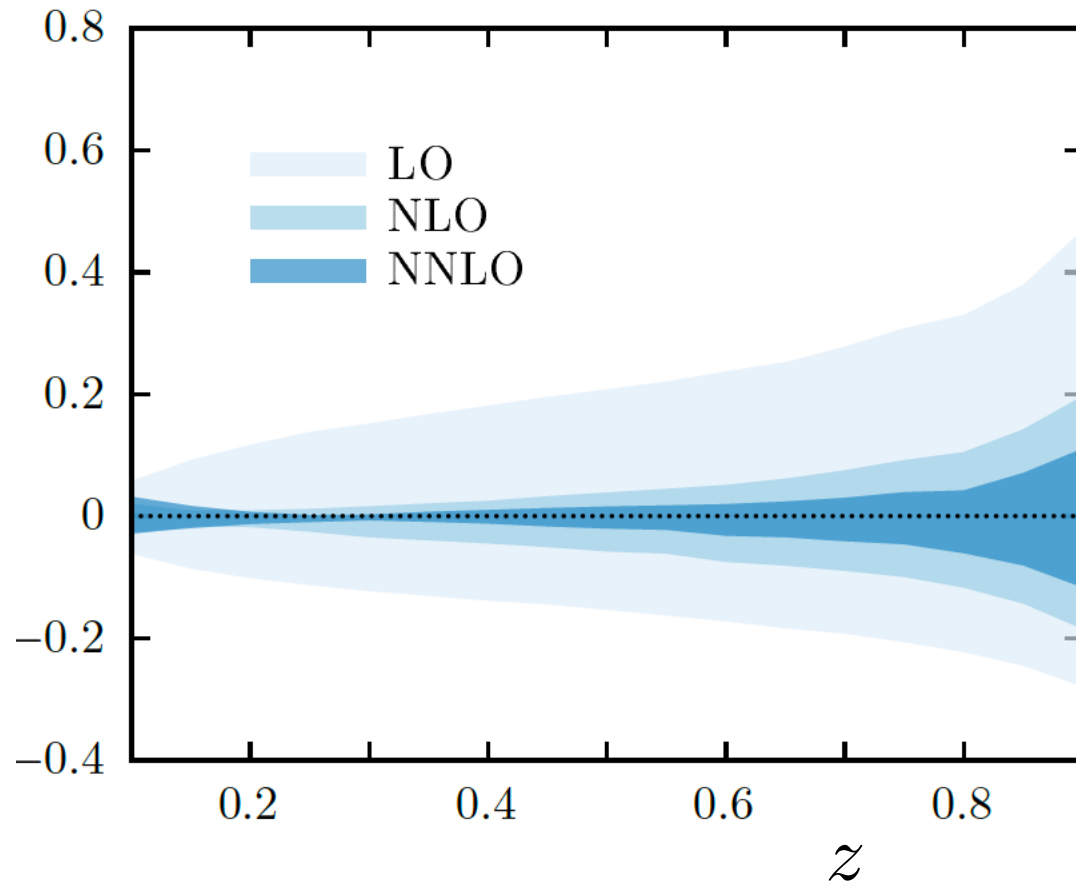
Abele, de Florian, WV

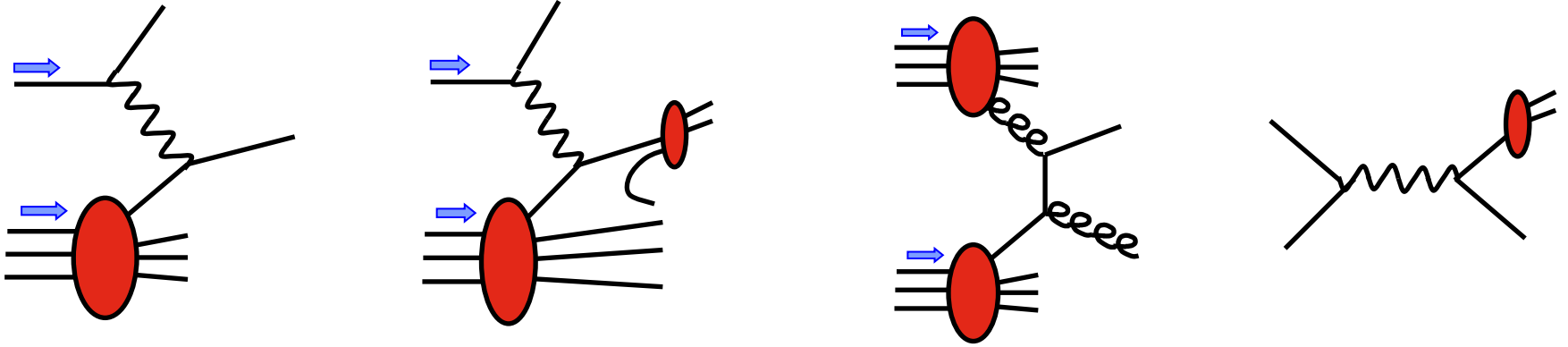
scale dependence in SIDIS at EIC:

$$Q^2 > 5 \text{ GeV}^2$$

$$\frac{\sigma(\mu) - \sigma(Q)}{\sigma(Q)}$$

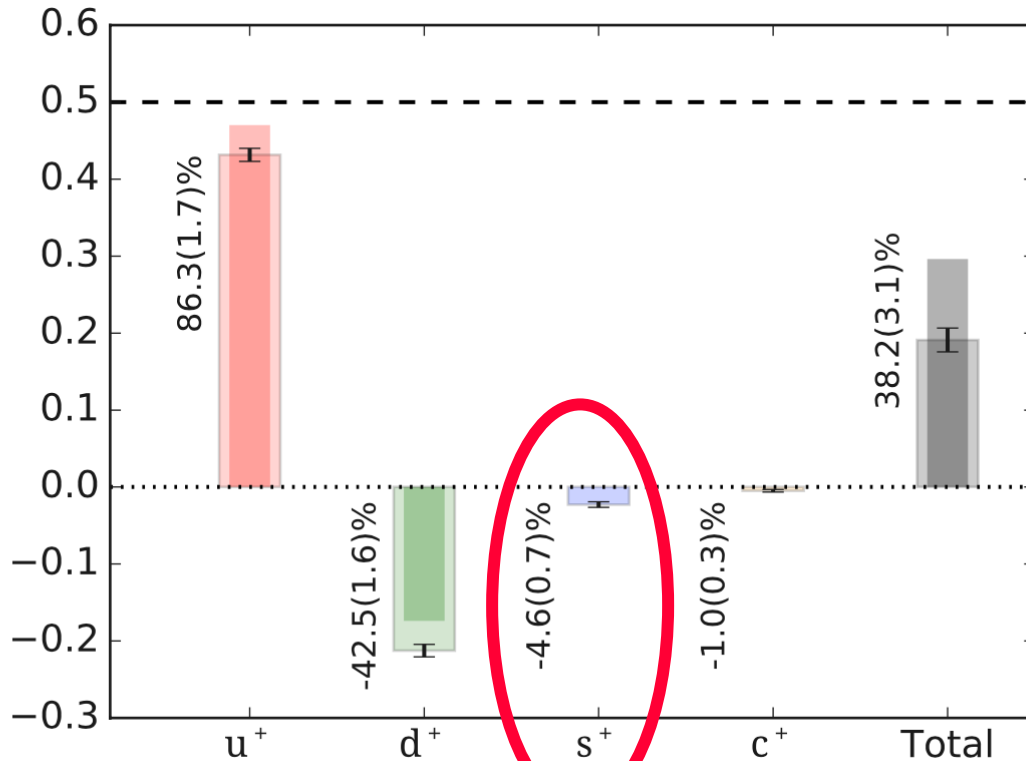
$$Q/2 \leq \mu_{R,F} \leq 2Q$$





- **JAM** has spearheaded efforts toward "simultaneous global" analyses of PDFs/FFs

- synergy with lattice, for example



Constantinou
et al. (ETMC) 2021

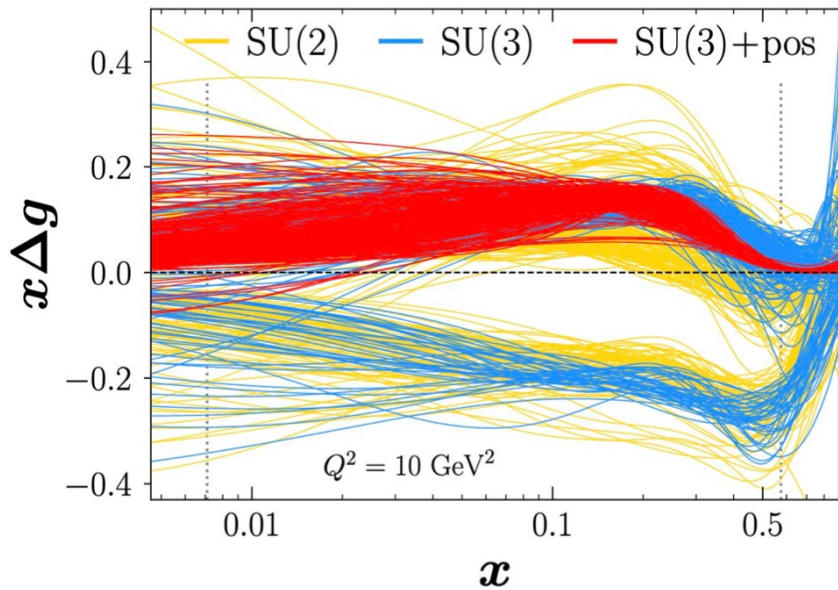
Bali et al. 2012:

$$\int_0^1 dx(\Delta s + \Delta \bar{s}) = -0.02 \pm 0.01$$

Lin et al. (PNDME) 2018:

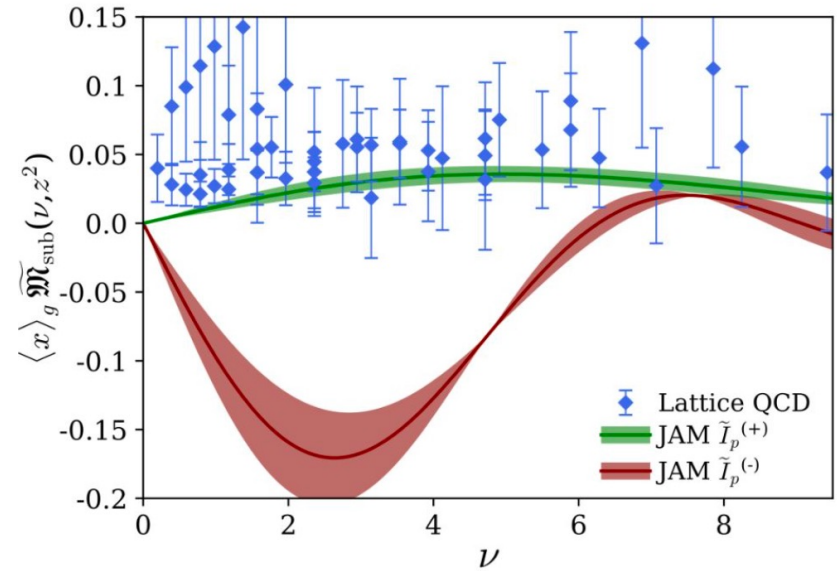
$$\int_0^1 dx(\Delta s + \Delta \bar{s}) = -0.053 \pm 0.008$$

$$\int_0^1 dx(\Delta s + \Delta \bar{s})$$



HadStruc collab.

Egerer et al ('22)



- emerging studies of x -dependence of pol. PDFs, and first inclusions in global analyses

Bringewatt, Sato, Melnitchouk, Qiu, Steffens, Constantinou

Concluding remarks:

- enormous progress on helicity PDFs over past ~decade

$$\int_{0.01}^1 dx \Delta\Sigma(x, Q^2) = 0.43 \pm 0.08 \quad \int_{0.01}^1 dx \Delta g(x, Q^2) = 0.3 \pm 0.1 \quad @ 10 \text{ GeV}^2$$

- to move ahead will require to make qualitative steps forward:
 - NNLO corrections & beyond
 - low-x
 - fully global analyses
 - power corrections
 - exploiting synergies with lattice
- will only be possible with strong, sustainable and diverse workforce in QCD phenomenology and global analysis, and with international collaborative efforts

CFNS workshop: EIC Theory in the next decade, Sep. 20-22, 2022, MIT
Organizers: Ian Cloët (ANL), Dmitri Kharzeev (Stony Brook University/BNL),
Xiangdong Ji (University of Maryland), Peter Petreczky (BNL), Jianwei Qiu (JLab), Phiala
Shanahan (MIT), Iain Stewart (MIT), Ivan Vitev (LANL), Feng Yuan (LBNL)

#participants: 65

<https://indico.bnl.gov/event/16740/>

Goal: review the needs and challenges for EIC theory including interdisciplinary aspects, 15 talks (5 by young faculty), 7 open mic discussion sessions

Resolution:

"We recommend the establishment of a national EIC theory alliance to enhance and broaden the theory community needed to advance EIC physics goals and the experimental program. This theory alliance will develop a diverse workforce through a competitive national EIC theory fellow program and tenure-track bridge positions, including appointments at minority serving institutions."