

Gluon trace anomaly form factors of the energy-momentum tensor

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- Energy momentum tensor (EMT)

$$T_{\mu\nu} = \frac{1}{4} \bar{\psi} \gamma_{(\mu} \overleftrightarrow{D}_{\nu)} \psi + G_{\mu\alpha} G_{\nu\alpha} - \frac{1}{4} \delta_{\mu\nu} G^2 \quad (1)$$

- From the forward matrix element of the EMT $\langle P | T^{\mu\nu} | P \rangle = 2P^\mu P^\nu$, pion mass can be obtained from the trace of the EMT:

$$m_\pi = \underbrace{\frac{\langle \pi | \int d^3 \vec{x} \gamma [\frac{\beta(g)}{2g} G^2 + \sum_f \gamma_m(g) m_f \bar{\psi}_f \psi_f] | \pi \rangle}{\langle \pi | \pi \rangle}}_{\text{conformal symmetry breaking} \leftrightarrow \text{trace anomaly ME}} + \underbrace{\frac{\langle \pi | \int d^3 \vec{x} \gamma \sum_f m_f \bar{\psi}_f \psi_f | \pi \rangle}{\langle \pi | \pi \rangle}}_{\sigma \text{ term, } \frac{1}{2} m_\pi \propto \sqrt{m_q}^1} \quad (2)$$

- 1st order in the **chiral symmetry breaking**:

$$m_\pi \propto \sqrt{m_q}, \quad \text{for } m_q = m_u = m_d \quad (3)$$

¹Based on the Gellmann-Oakes-Renner relation and the Feynman-Hellman theorem.

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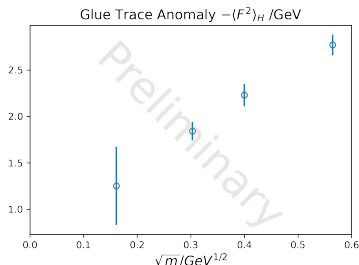
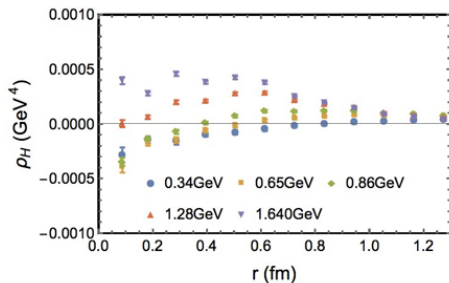
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Pion Mass Puzzle

- **How** does the **conformal** symmetry breaking correlate with the **chiral** symmetry breaking?
- **How** does the gluon trace anomaly matrix element keep itself proportional to $\sqrt{m_q}$ as $m_q \rightarrow 0$?

F. He, P. Sun and Y.B. Yang (χ QCD) (PRD 2021, 2101.04942)

As $m_q \rightarrow 0$, the **density function changes sign** and the sum approximately is proportional to $\sqrt{m_q}$

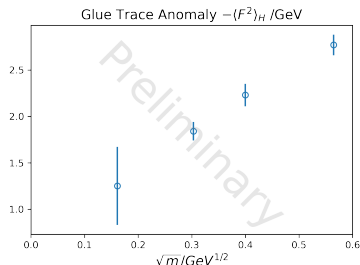
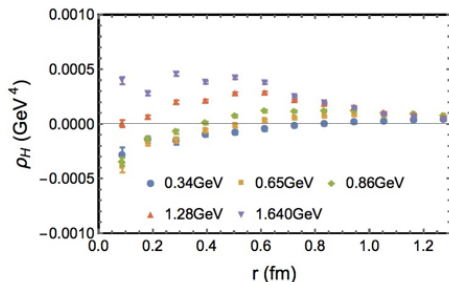


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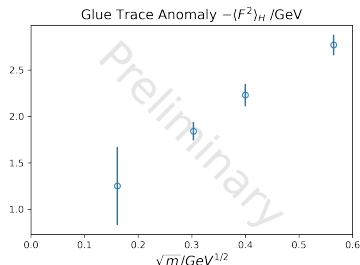
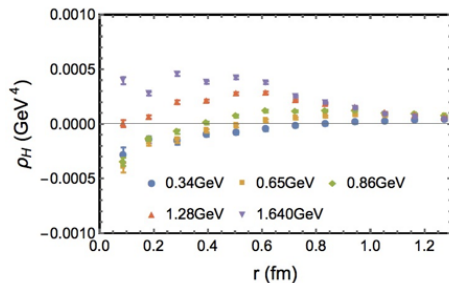
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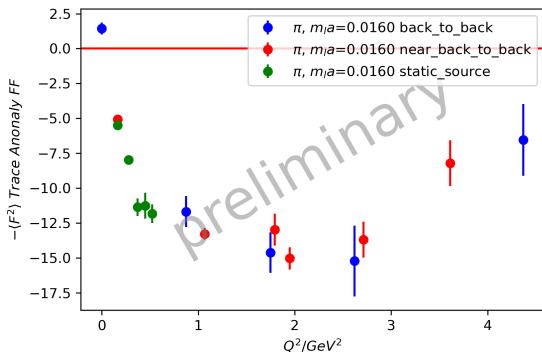


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- Will the **form factor** $G_H(t) = \langle p_f | O_g(q) | p_i \rangle / m_H$ **changes sign** as well?

- Overlap fermions on DWF at near-physical pion mass:

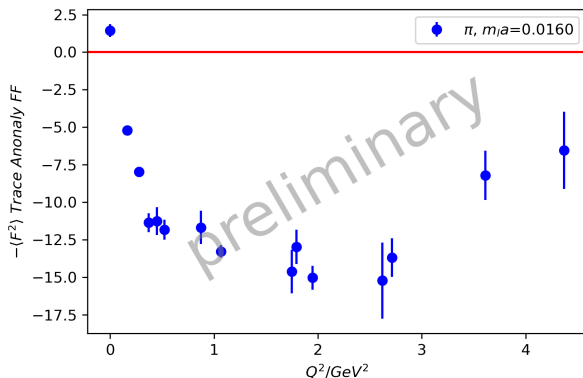
	Ensemble	$L^3 \times T$	a (fm)	L (fm)	m_π (MeV)	N_{conf}	N_{src}
1	24l	$24^3 \times 64$	0.1105(3)	2.65	340	794	16

- Supplemented by three different momentum transfer scenarios, each has 225 source-sink momentum combinations (same Q^2 averaged)



Three cases of momentum transfer:

- $|\vec{p}_i| = 0$ with $\vec{q} = \vec{p}_f$ or $|\vec{p}_f| = 0$ with $\vec{q} = -\vec{p}_i$
- the back-to-back case: $\vec{p}_f = -\vec{p}_i$ with $\vec{q} = 2\vec{p}_f$
- the near-back-to-back case: for a given \vec{q} , \vec{p}_f and $-\vec{p}_i$ are close to $\vec{q}/2$.



- **positive** at $Q^2 = 0 \text{ GeV}^2$ (contribution to the hadron mass)
- **sign change** of gluon trace anomaly form factors for **pion**, consistent with the density calculation results
- form factor calculated up to $Q^2 \sim 4 \text{ GeV}^2$

① pion mass puzzle (motivation):

- trace anomaly matrix element is proportional to $\sqrt{m_q}$ as $m_q \rightarrow 0$ and gluon trace anomaly has a **sign change** in the spatial distribution(density) to achieve this.
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2 gluon trace anomaly form factors of the EMT(**preliminary**):

- consistent with hadron mass results at $Q^2 = 0 \text{ GeV}^2$.
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 - to be confirmed in experiments: J/Ψ production at the threshold of photoreaction, etc.
- We expect the calculation on the 48l ensemble will give a prediction of the gluon trace anomaly form factors **at physical pion mass**.

Thanks for your attention!