

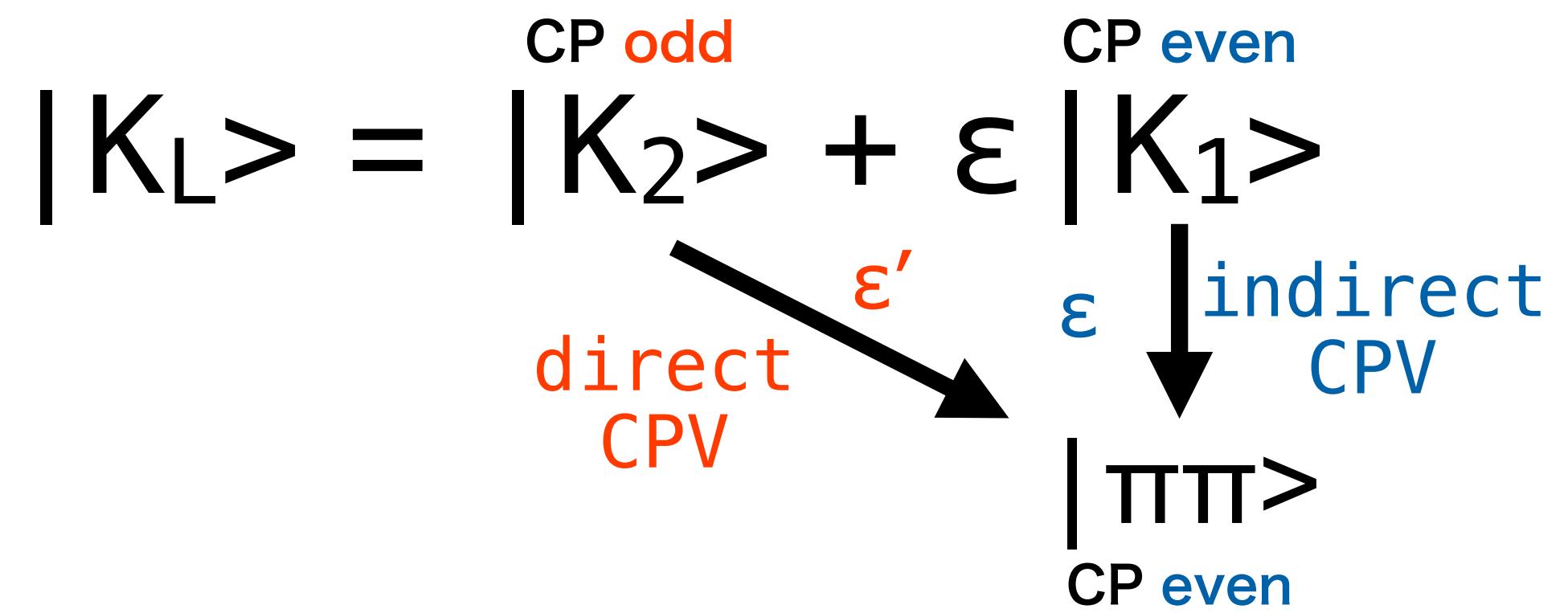
$K \rightarrow \pi\pi$ and ε'

PI: Masaaki Tomii

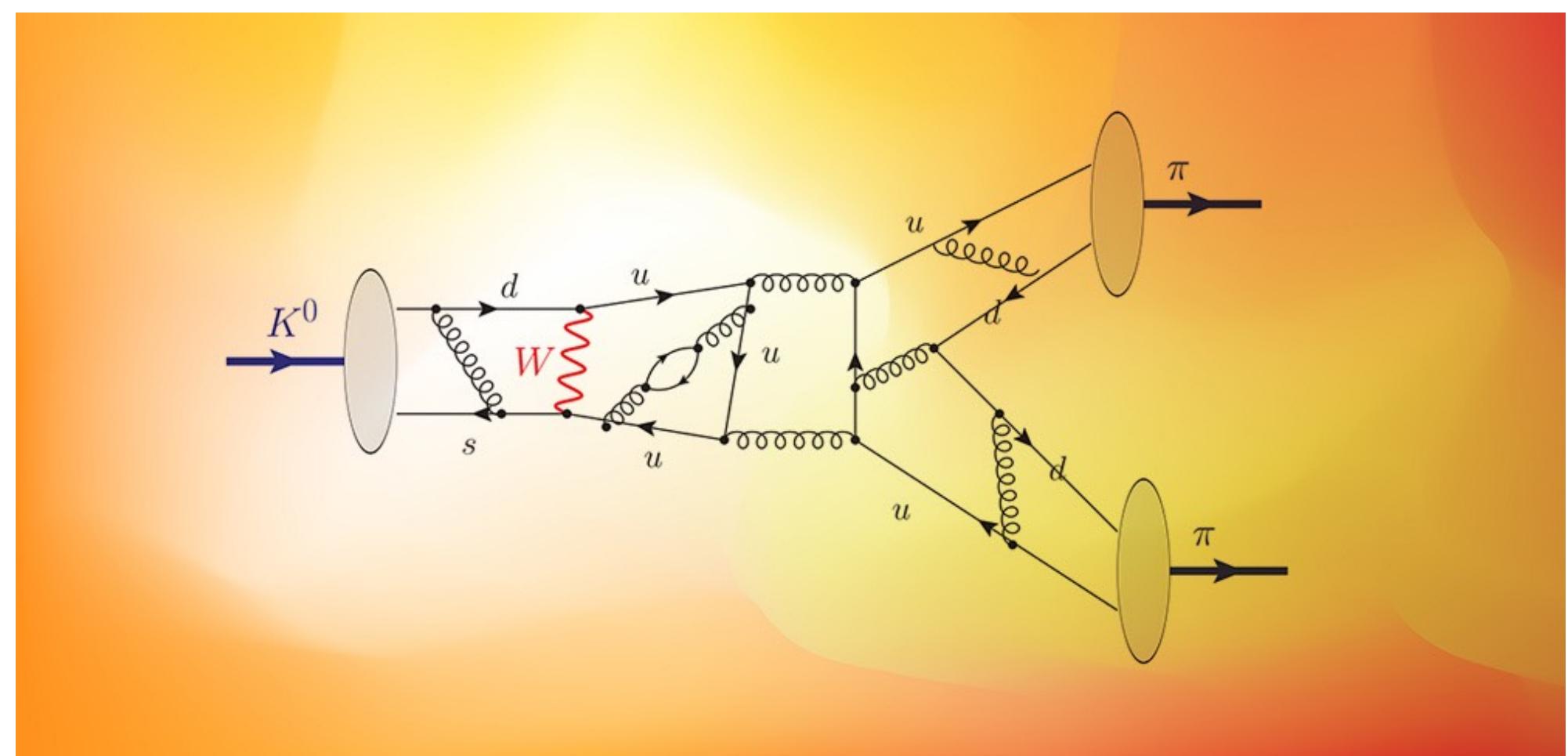
co-PI: T. Blum, P. Boyle, D. Hoying, T. Izubuchi, L. Jin, C. Jung, A. Soni

for RBC & UKQCD Collaborations

$K \rightarrow \pi\pi$ & direct CPV



- ε' vs ε
 - ▶ $\text{Re } (\varepsilon'/\varepsilon)_{\text{exp}} = 16.6(2.3) \times 10^{-4}$
(KTeV, NA48)
 - ▶ Explained by SM?

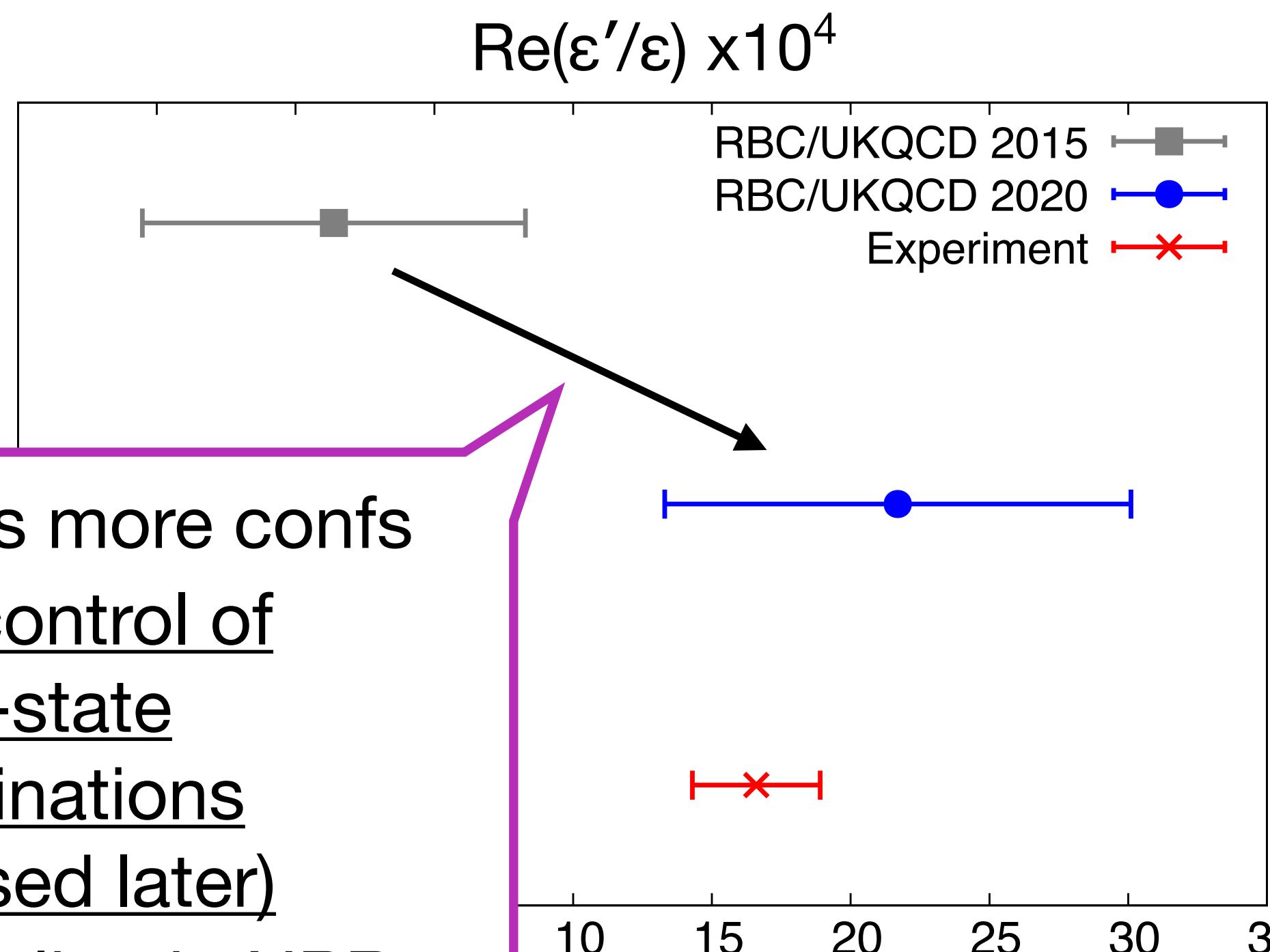


Calculation with G-parity BC

Ground $\pi\pi$ final state can express on-shell kinematics

$$\text{Re} \left(\frac{\epsilon'}{\epsilon} \right) \approx \frac{\omega}{\sqrt{2}|\epsilon|} \left[\frac{\text{Im } A_2}{\text{Re } A_2} - \frac{\text{Im } A_0}{\text{Re } A_0} \right]$$

(Amplitudes: $A_I = \langle (\pi\pi)_I | H_W | K \rangle$)
 $(\omega = \text{Re } A_2 / \text{Re } A_0)$



- 3+ times more confs
- Better control of excited-state contaminations
(discussed later)
- Step scaling in NPR

- $\text{Re} \left(\frac{\epsilon'}{\epsilon} \right)_{\text{SM}} = 21.7(2.6)_{\text{stat}}(6.2)_{\text{sys}}(5.0)_{\text{EM/IB}} \times 10^{-4}$
 - PRD 102,054509 (2020)
 - $\text{Re}(\epsilon'/\epsilon)_{\text{exp}} = 16.6(2.3) \times 10^{-4}$
- Independent calculations desired
 - ◆ Phenomenological importance of ϵ'
 - ◆ Relatively large uncertainty compared to exp
- Major sources of systematic errors
 - ◆ QED & IB corrections
 - ◆ Finite lattice spacing effects
 - ◆ Wilson coefficients

Why periodic BC?

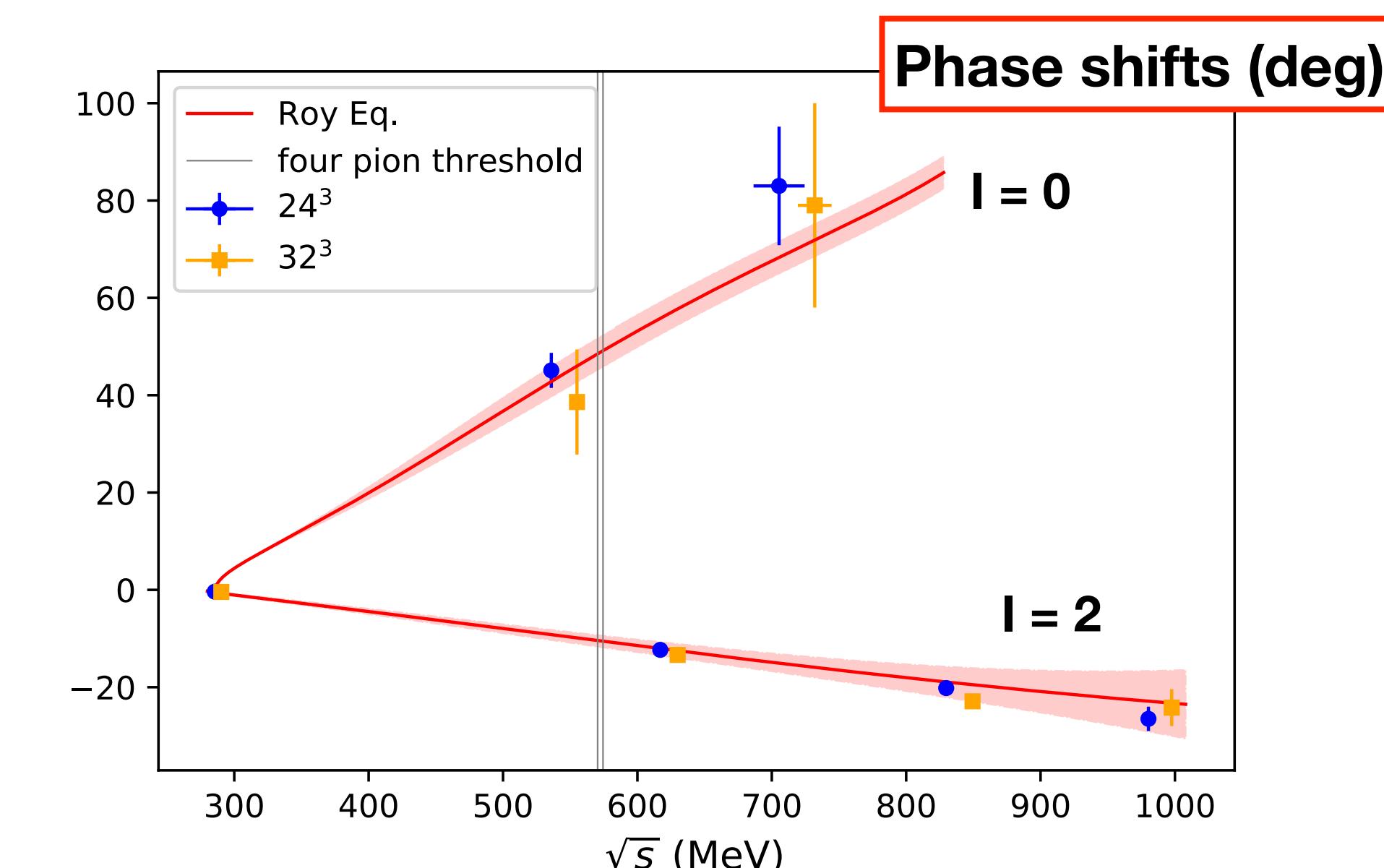
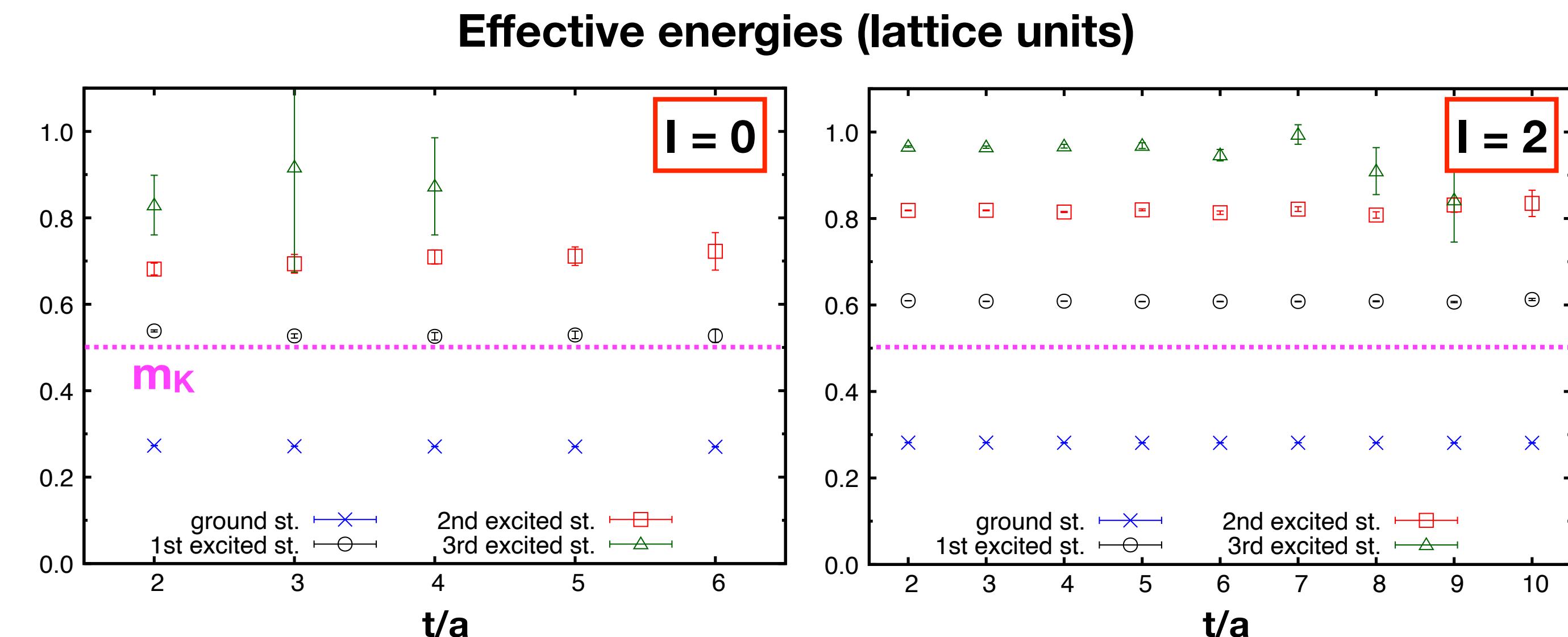
- Already have lattice ensembles with physical pion mass
 - ▶ $a^{-1} = 1 \text{ GeV}$, $24^3 \times 64$ & $a^{-1} = 1.4 \text{ GeV}$, $32^3 \times 64$ & ...
 - ▶ Continuum limit without new ensemble generation
- Hope to introduce QED/IB effects near future
 - ▶ Complicated with G-parity BC (violation of charge conservation)
 - ▶ Maybe possible with periodic BC
- Presence of $E_{\pi\pi} = 2m_\pi$ state challenging
 - ▶ interesting to see feasibility of extracting signal of excited states

Setup

- 2+1 MDWF ensembles with physical m_π (RBC/UKQCD)
 - ▶ $a^{-1} = 1.02 \text{ GeV}$, $24^3 \times 64$
 - ▶ $a^{-1} = 1.38 \text{ GeV}$, $32^3 \times 64$
- GEVP to extract ME with excited $\pi\pi$ states
 - ▶ $O_\pi(\vec{p})O_\pi(-\vec{p})$ w various \vec{p}
 - ▶ O_σ : iso-singlet scalar operator for $I = 0$
 - ▶ also control higher-state contamination
- All-to-all propagator method
- AMA correction (exact calculation w fewer confs)

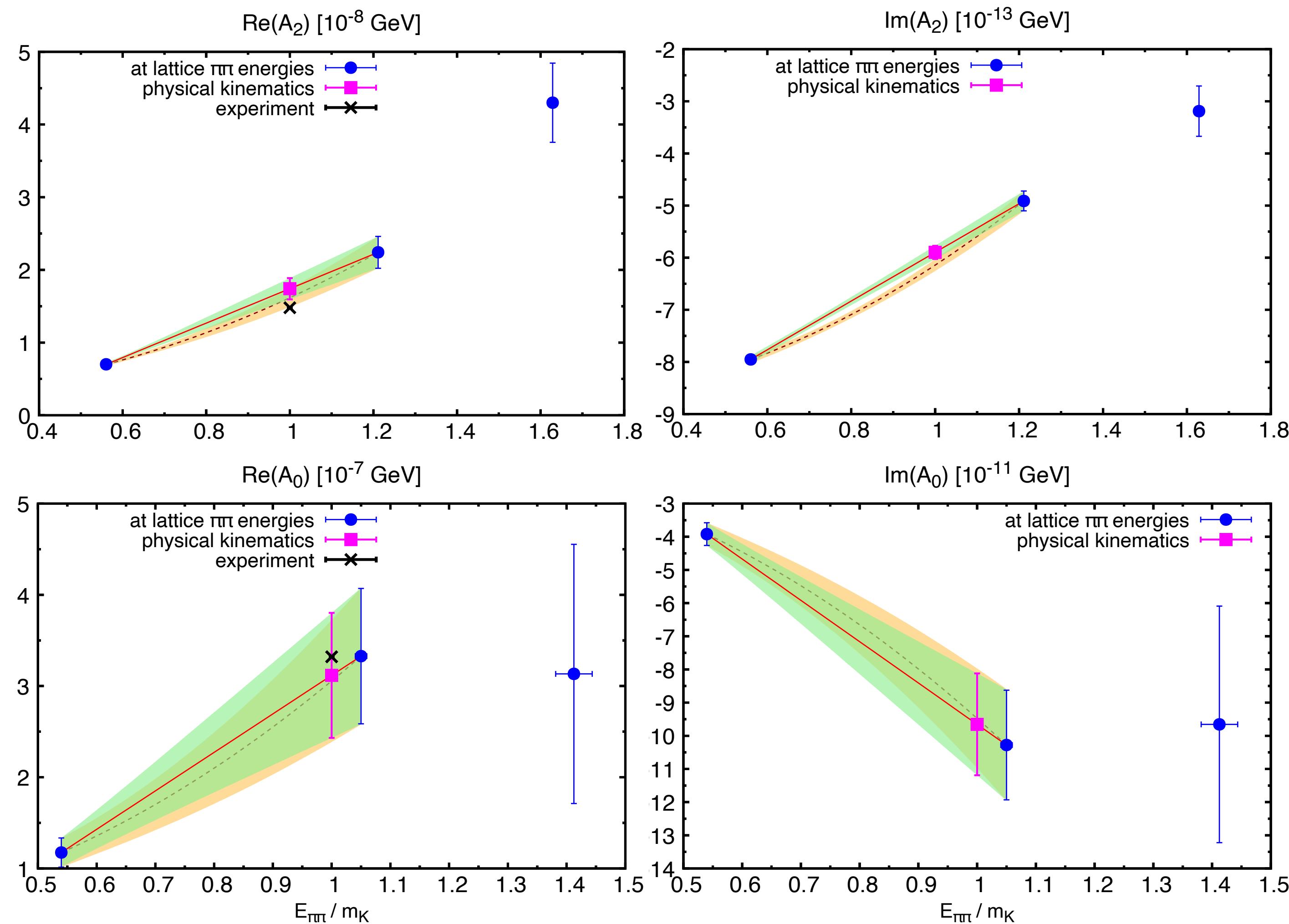
Achievements

- $\pi\pi$ scattering
 - ▶ GEVP successfully worked
 - ▶ m_K close to 1st excited state
 - ▶ Phase shifts from Lüscher's method consistent with Roy equation
- arXiv: 2301.09286 [hep-lat]



Achievements

- $K \rightarrow \pi\pi$ amplitudes
- Interpolation to physical kinematics
- Paper to be on arXiv soon



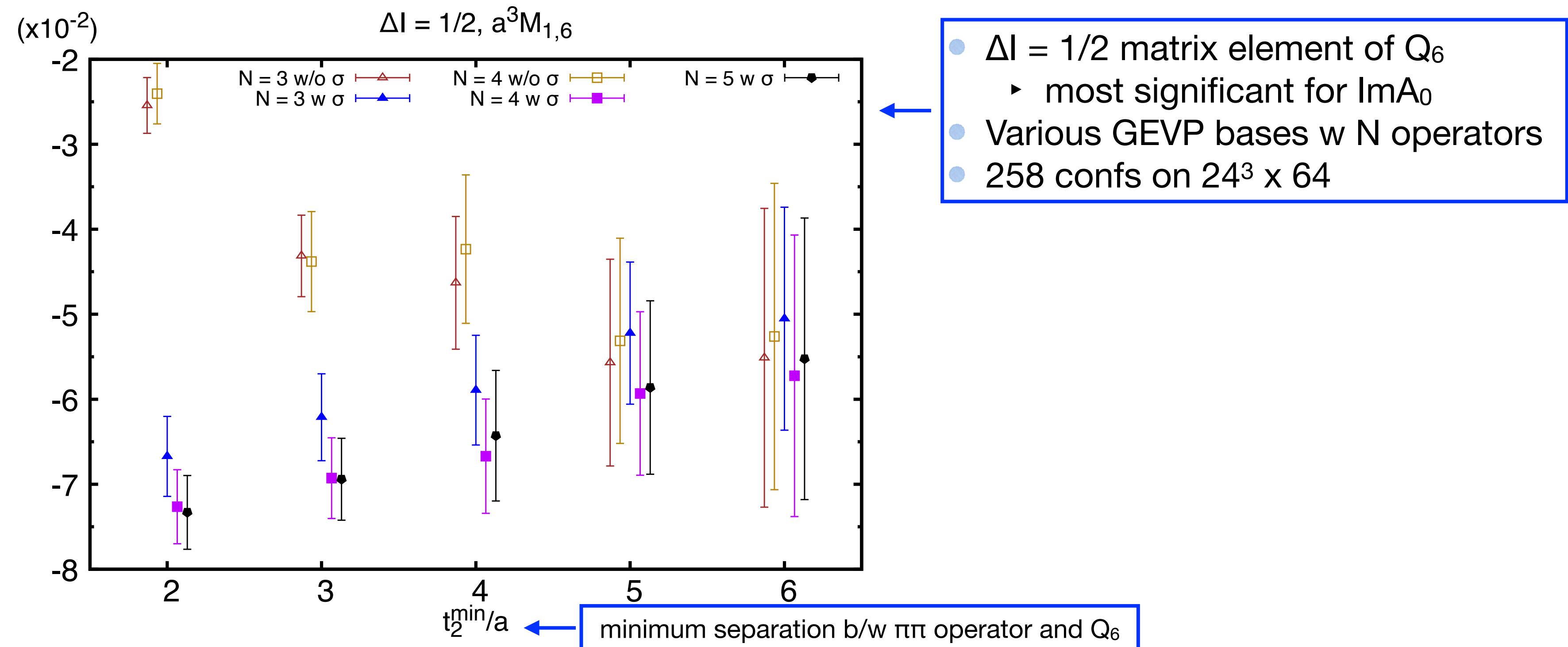
Goal vs where we are

- Goal (for next allocation year): continuum limit of A_0 with < 10% stat error
 - ▶ then only a few sources of systematic errors to be taken into account
- Measurements so far
 - ▶ 450 configs on 24^3 done
 - ▶ 250 configs on 32^3 almost done → 500 in the 23–24 allocation year
- Precision performance and expect

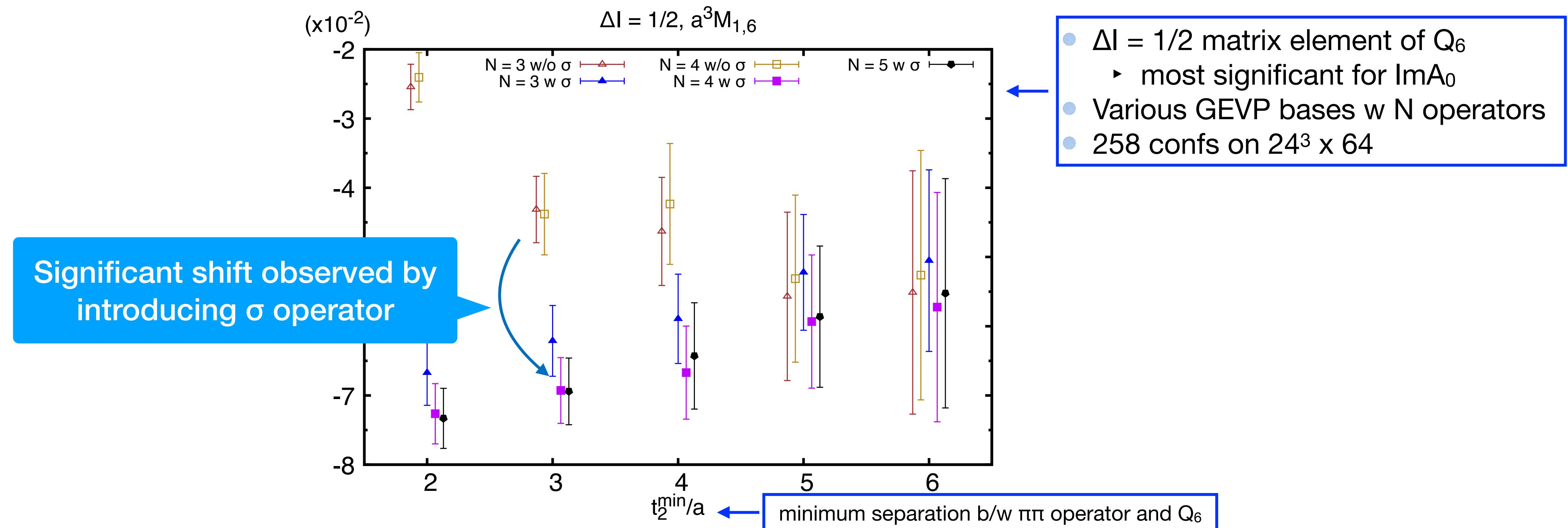
	$24^3 \times 64$	$32^3 \times 64$		$24^3 \times 64$	$32^3 \times 64$	expectation
N_{conf}	258	107	→	450	500	
Stat error on $\text{Re}A_0$	22%	16%	→	17%	7.4%	
Stat error on $\text{Im}A_0$	15%	16%	→	11%	7.4%	

- might need some improvement to achieve 10% after continuum limit

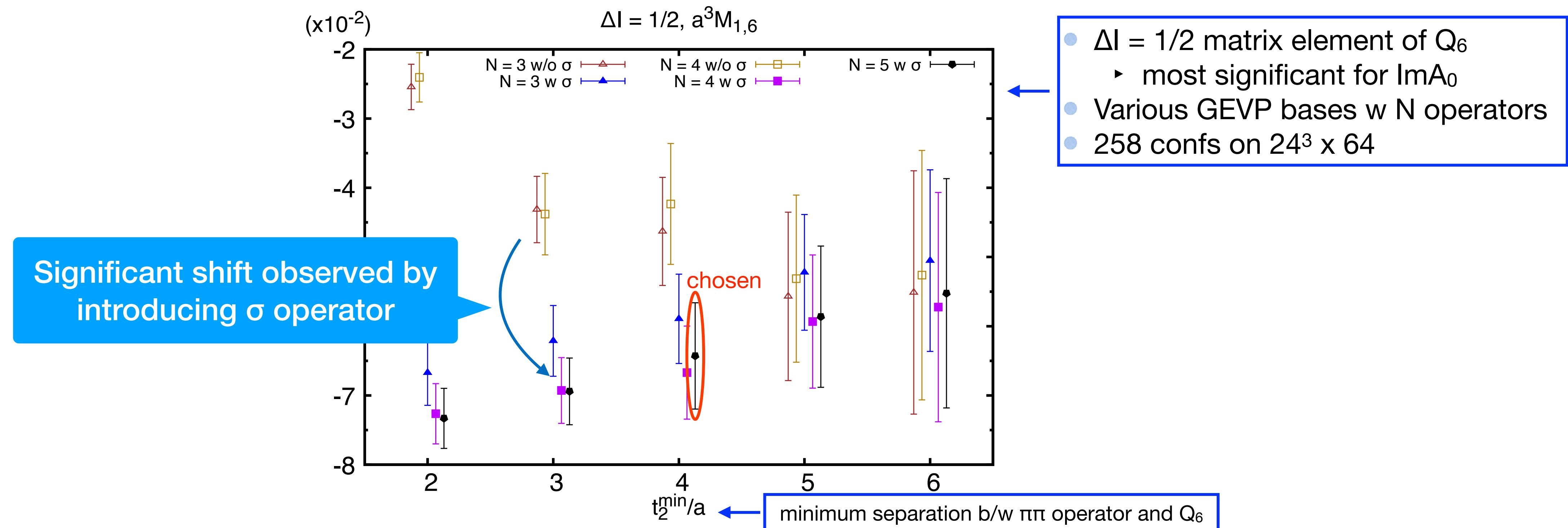
Dominant source of stat error on $\text{Im}A_0$



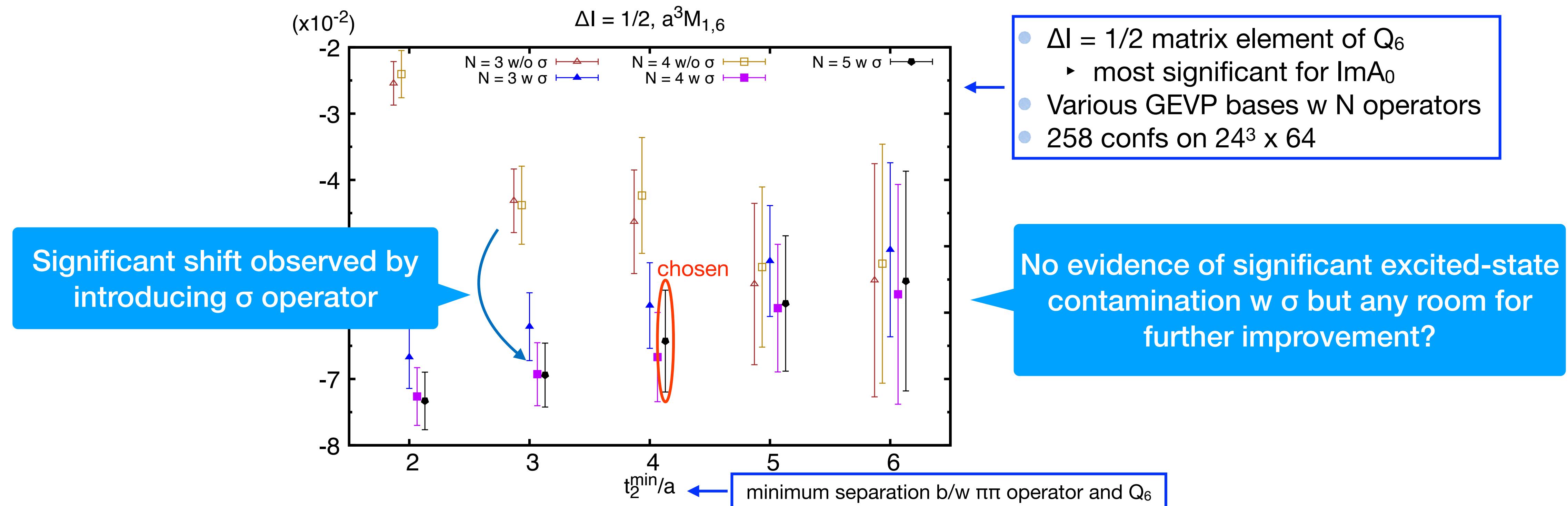
Dominant source of stat error on $\text{Im}A_0$



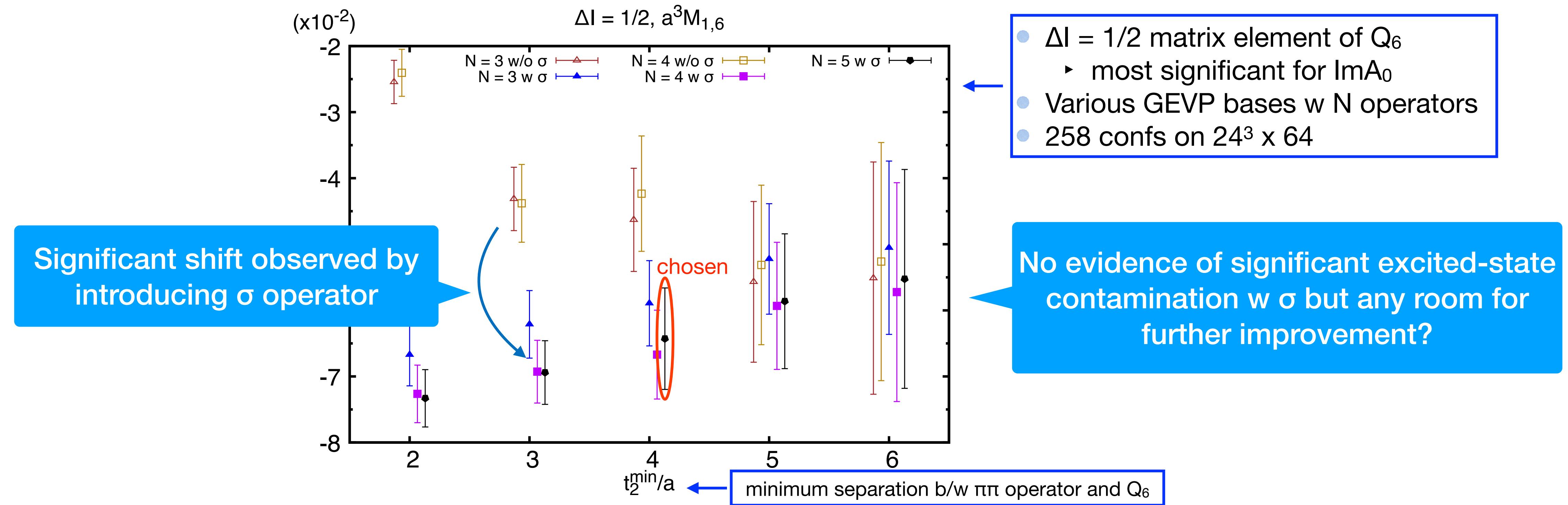
Dominant source of stat error on $\text{Im}A_0$



Dominant source of stat error on $\text{Im}A_0$

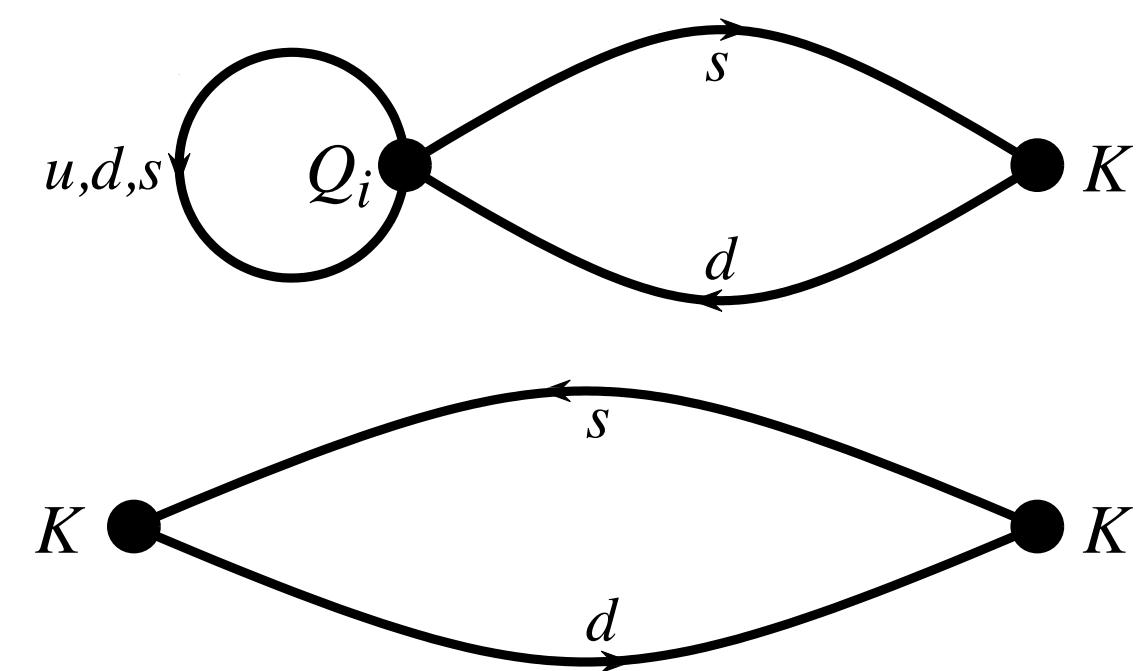


Dominant source of stat error on $\text{Im}A_0$



Introducing a KK sink operator in 23–24 alloc year

- very cheap to implement (we have saved needed meson fields)
- can take care of potential contamination from $\langle \text{KK} | Q_i | \text{KK} \rangle$
- give a few new types of diagrams



NPR

- Significant dependence on intermediate renormalization scheme & scale found
 - ▶ RI-SMOM(q, q) vs RI-SMOM(γ_μ, γ_μ) schemes
 - ▶ $\mu \approx 1.48a^{-1} \rightarrow$ big difference up to 15%
 - ▶ $\mu \approx 1.28a^{-1} \rightarrow$ 3–4%, ok but
 - ▶ $(1.48/1.28)^2 \neq 15\% / 4\%$ is concerning
- Plan to calculate with a few more intermediate scales to better understand in 23–24 alloc year
- Code is ready

Summary

- Goal: continuum limit with $\leq 10\%$ stat error on A_0
 - ▶ More statistics: additional measurements on 32^3 lattice to 500 confs
 - ▶ Better control of systematic errors – NPR
 - ▶ Improvement ideas (KK sink operator, ...)
- Request at JLab
 - ▶ 37 M KNL core hours
 - ▶ Carry forward current 200 TB disk
 - ▶ Additional 530 TB on short-term tape