

Sensitivity to BSM fermions from Higgs precision studies

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A. Freitas and Q. Song,
JHEP 01 (2024) 137 [arXiv:2308.13030]



Symmetry magazine (Sandbox studio, Ana Kova)

Introduction

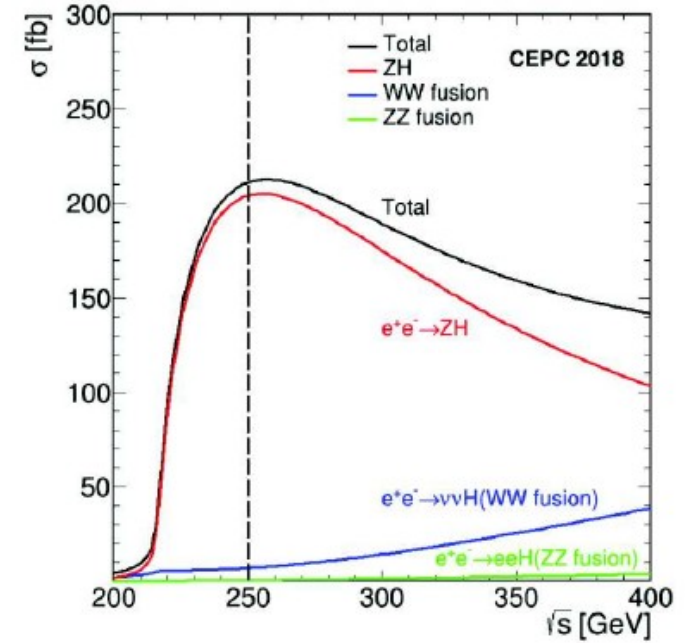
- ▶ Precision Higgs studies are sensitive to BSM physics
- ▶ Expected precision for $ee \rightarrow HZ$:

ILC	1.2%	[1903.01629]
CEPC	0.5%	[1811.10545]
FCC-ee	0.4%	[EPJ ST 228, 261]

- ▶ Sensitivity to BSM mass scales:

LO: $\delta \sim (E_{\text{CM}}/m_{\text{BSM}})^2$
 $\delta \sim 1\% \Rightarrow m_{\text{BSM}} \sim 2.5 \text{ TeV}$

NLO: $\delta \sim g^2/(4\pi) (E_{\text{CM}}/m_{\text{BSM}})^2$
 $\delta \sim 1\% \Rightarrow m_{\text{BSM}} \sim 700 \text{ GeV}$



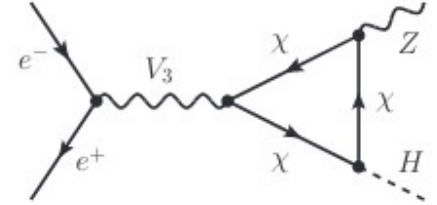
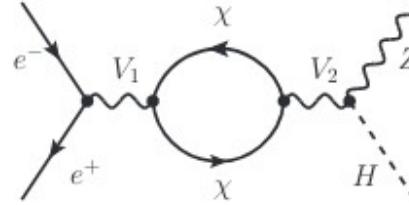
} within reach of LHC!

Introduction

- ▶ Existing studies of Higgs Factory—LHC complementarity:
 - Singlet scalar model [Ellis et al., 1910.11775]
 - Two-Higgs doublet models [Chen, Han, Su, Su, Wu, 1808.02037] [+ Li, 1912.01431]
 - Composite Higgs models [Thamm, Torre, Wulzer, 1502.01701]
 - SUSY [Bahl, Bechtle, Heinemeyer, Liebler, Stefaniak, Weiglein, 2005.14536]
 - Fermionic DM models [Bi, Xiang, Yin, Yu, 1707.03094] [+ Wang, 1711.05622]
- ▶ **This work:** broad class of fermionic dark sector models
 - Lightest fermion can (but need not) be DM
 - Larger parameter region and wider set of (HL-)LHC constraints than prev. work

Observables and constraints

- Cross section for $ee \rightarrow HZ$



- Oblique S/T parameters from LEP
- Recast (HL-)LHC chargino/neutralino searches

$$q\bar{q}' \rightarrow W^{*\pm} \rightarrow \chi^\pm (\rightarrow \chi_i^0 W^{*\pm}) + \chi^0 (\rightarrow \chi_i^0 + Z^*/H),$$

$$q\bar{q}' \rightarrow Z^* \rightarrow \chi^0 (\rightarrow \chi_i^0 + Z^*/H) + \chi^\pm (\rightarrow \chi_i^\pm + Z^*/H)$$

$$q\bar{q}' \rightarrow Z^* \rightarrow \chi^\pm (\rightarrow \chi_i^0 W^{\pm*}) + \chi^\mp (\rightarrow \chi_i^0 W^{\mp*}),$$

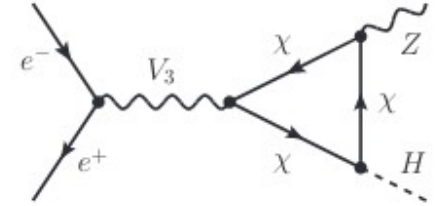
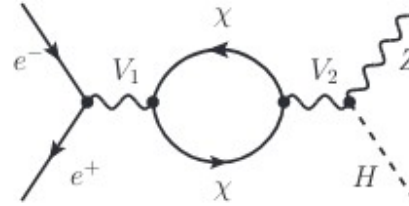
For stable (unstable) lightest χ :

LHC searches assuming R-parity conservation (violation)

- $R_\gamma = \text{BR}[H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma]$ (where applicable)

Models

- ▶ Two fermion multiplets for Yukawa coupling with Higgs



- ▶ Dirac singlet-doublet model (DSDM):

Dirac singlet χ_S + Dirac doublet $\chi_D = (\chi_D^+, \chi_D^0)$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{DSDM}} \supset -m_D \bar{\chi}_D \chi_D - m_S \bar{\chi}_S \chi_S - (y \bar{\chi}_D \chi_S H + \text{h.c.})$$

χ_S and χ_D^0 mix \Rightarrow mass eigenstates $\chi_{l,h}^0$

- ▶ Majorana singlet-doublet model (MSDM): Majorana singlet χ_S

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{MSDM}} \supset -m_D \bar{\chi}_D \chi_D - \frac{1}{2} m_S \bar{\chi}_S \chi_S - (y \bar{\chi}_D \chi_S H + \text{h.c.}).$$

χ_S and χ_D^0 mix \Rightarrow Majorana mass eigenstates $\chi_{l,m,h}^0$

Models

- ▶ Dirac doublet-triplet models:

- a) triplet hypercharge -1 (DDTM1)

- mass eigenstates $\chi_{l,h}^0; \chi_{l,h}^\pm; \chi_T^{\pm\pm}$

$$\chi_D = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_D^0 \\ \chi_D^- \end{pmatrix}, \quad \chi_T = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_T^-/\sqrt{2} & \chi_T^0 \\ \chi_T^- & -\chi_T^-/\sqrt{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

- b) triplet hypercharge 0 (DDTM0)

- mass eigenstates $\chi_{l,h}^0; \chi_{l,m,h}^\pm$

$$\chi_D = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_D^+ \\ \chi_D^0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \chi_T = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_T^0/\sqrt{2} & \chi_T^+ \\ \chi_T^- & -\chi_T^0/\sqrt{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

- ▶ Majorana doublet-triplet model (MDTM):

- Similar to DDTM0, but χ_T is a Majorana field

- mass eigenstates $\chi_{l,h}^\pm; \chi_{l,m,h}^0$ (Majorana)

Most sensitive LHC studies

Stable lightest fermion:

- ▶ Large mass difference (Bino+Wino-like):

Current: [ATLAS \[2108.07586\]](#)

(139 fb⁻¹, fully hadronic W/Z decays)

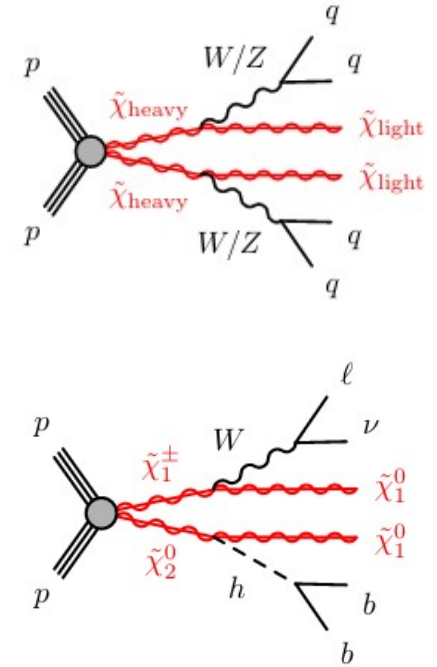
HL-LHC: [ATLAS \[ATL-PHYS-PUB-2018-048\]](#)

(2 b-jets + 1 lepton)

- ▶ Small mass difference (Higgsino-like):

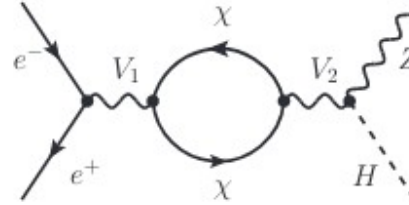
Diffractional chargino prod. with soft-lepton final states

$pp \rightarrow p(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \chi^+\chi^-)p$ [\[Zhou, Liu, 2208.10406\]](#)

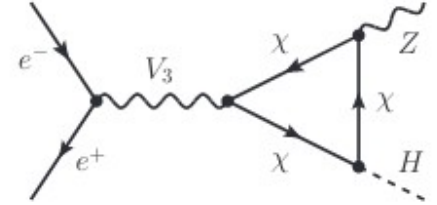


Computational methods

- ▶ Amplitude generation with **FeynArts 3.11** [[Hahn., hep-ph/0012260](#)] (in-house BSM model files)



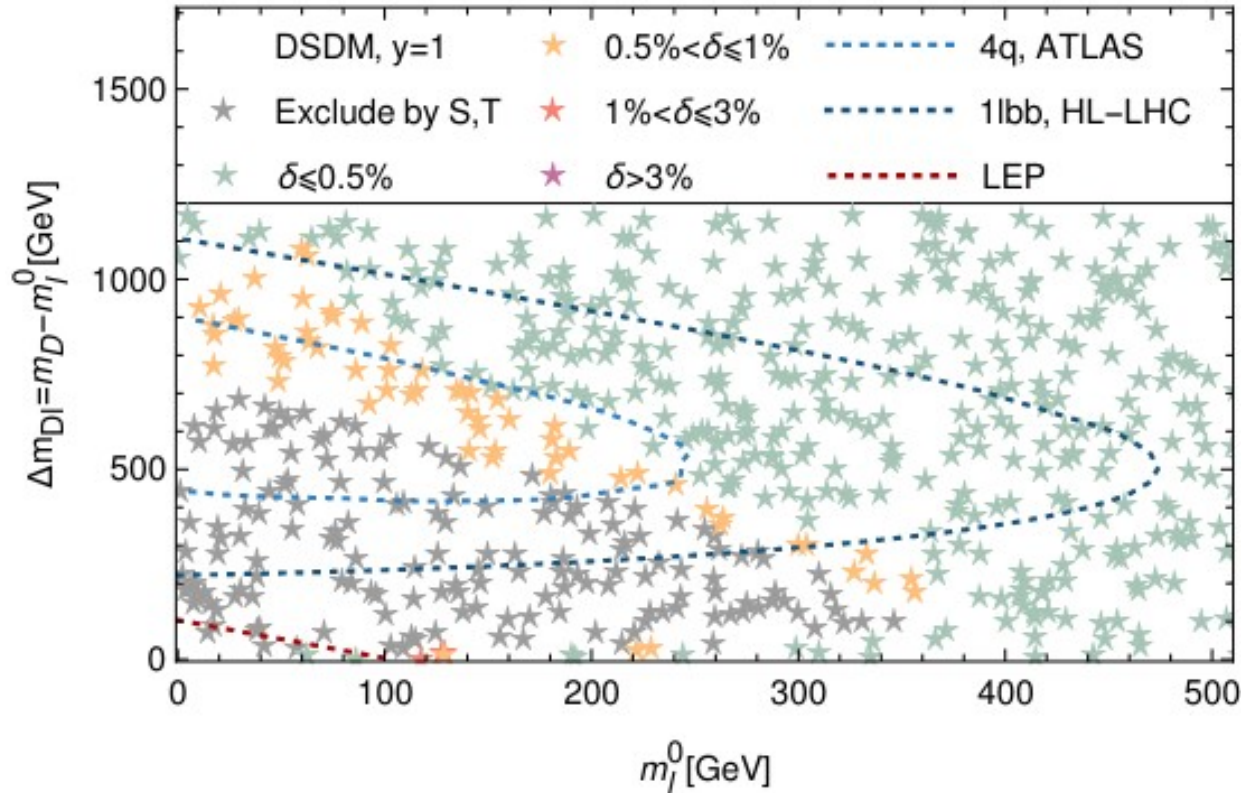
- ▶ Computation of “observables” (σ_{HZ} , S/T , R_γ) with **FeynCalc 9** [[Shtabovenko, Mertig, Orellana. 2001.04407](#)] and in-house Mathematica code



- ▶ Recast of (HL-)LHC bounds by inter-/extrapolation of published exclusion contours or cross-section limits, compared to model cross-sections [limited accuracy, but sufficient for sufficient for present purposes]

Results: stable Dirac singlet-doublet model

Plot for $m_D > m_S \Rightarrow m_h^0 \sim m^\pm \gg m_l^0$ (similar to bino-Higgsino system)



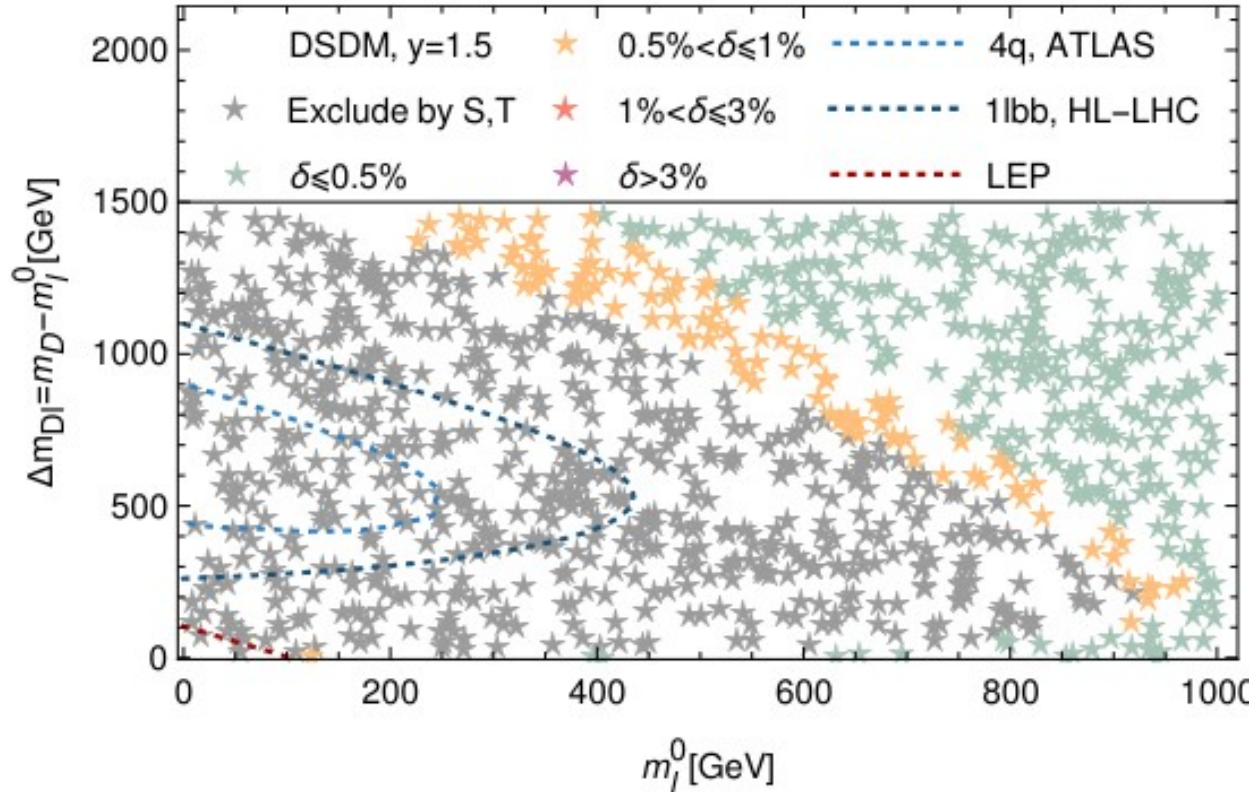
$$\delta = \left| \frac{\sigma_{ZH}^{\text{FDS}} - \sigma_{ZH}^{\text{SM}}}{\sigma_{ZH}^{\text{SM}}} \right|$$

ILC	1.2%
CEPC	0.5%
FCC-ee	0.4%

- strong bounds from oblique parameters
- significant deviations in $ee \rightarrow HZ$ unlikely

Results: stable Dirac singlet-doublet model

Plot for $m_D > m_S \Rightarrow m_h^0 \sim m^\pm \gg m_l^0$ (similar to bino-Higgsino system)



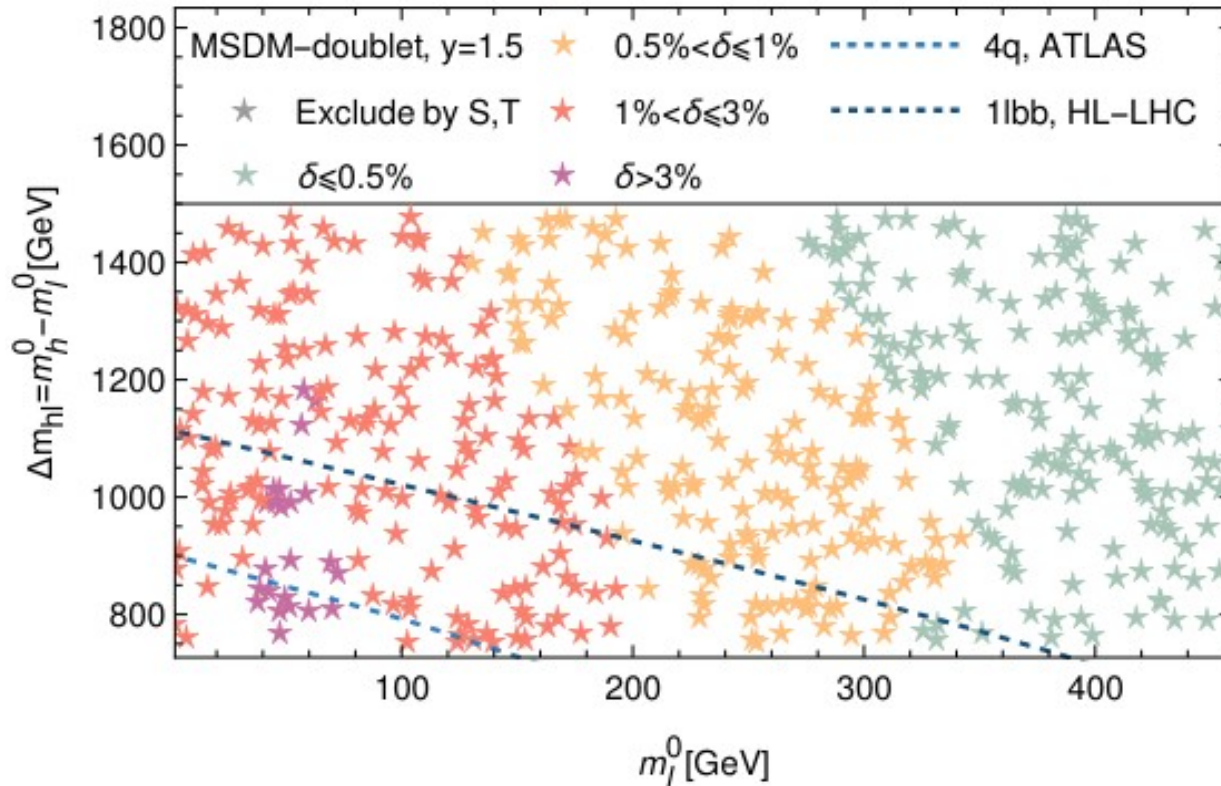
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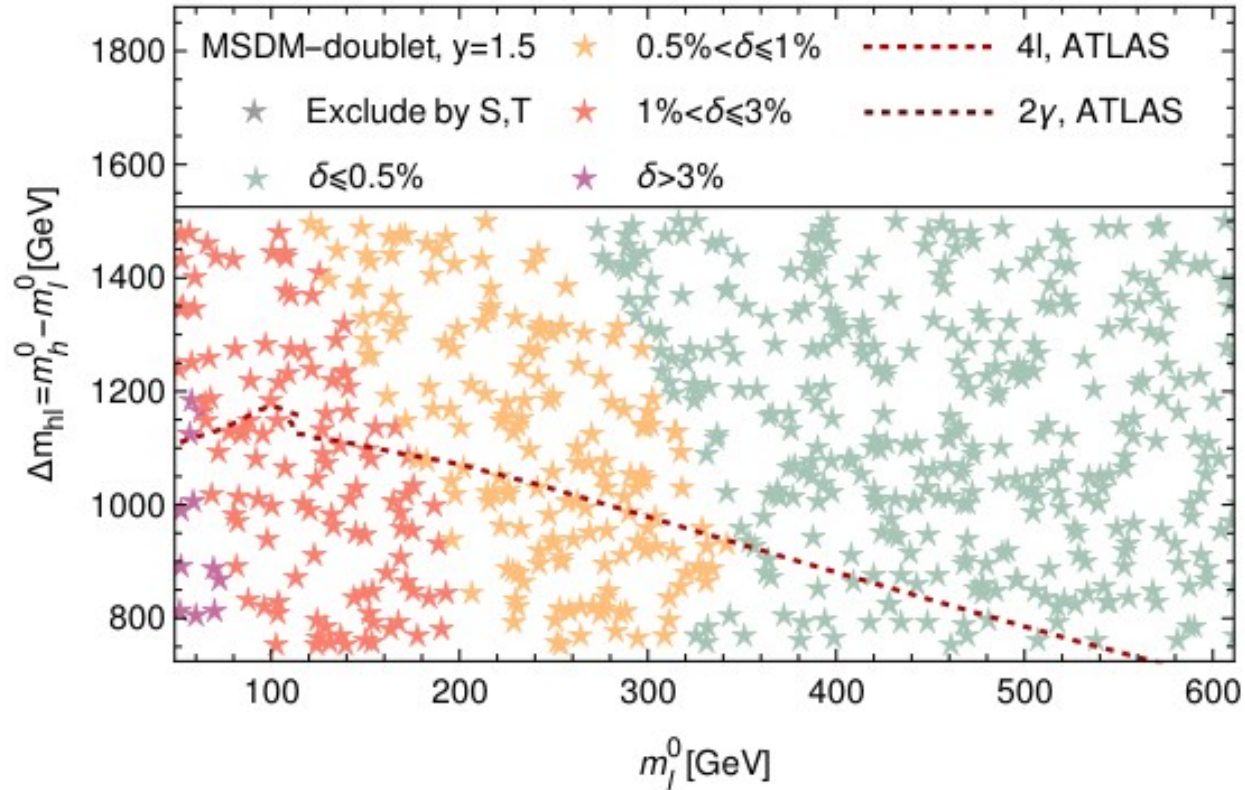
$$\delta = \left| \frac{\sigma_{ZH}^{\text{FDS}} - \sigma_{ZH}^{\text{SM}}}{\sigma_{ZH}^{\text{SM}}} \right|$$

ILC	1.2%
CEPC	0.5%
FCC-ee	0.4%

- no relevant bounds from oblique parameters
- significant deviations in $ee \rightarrow HZ$ beyond (HL-)LHC constraints

Results: decaying Majorana singlet-doublet model

Plot for $m_D > m_S \Rightarrow m_h^0 \sim m^\pm \gg m_l^0$ (similar to bino-Higgsino system)



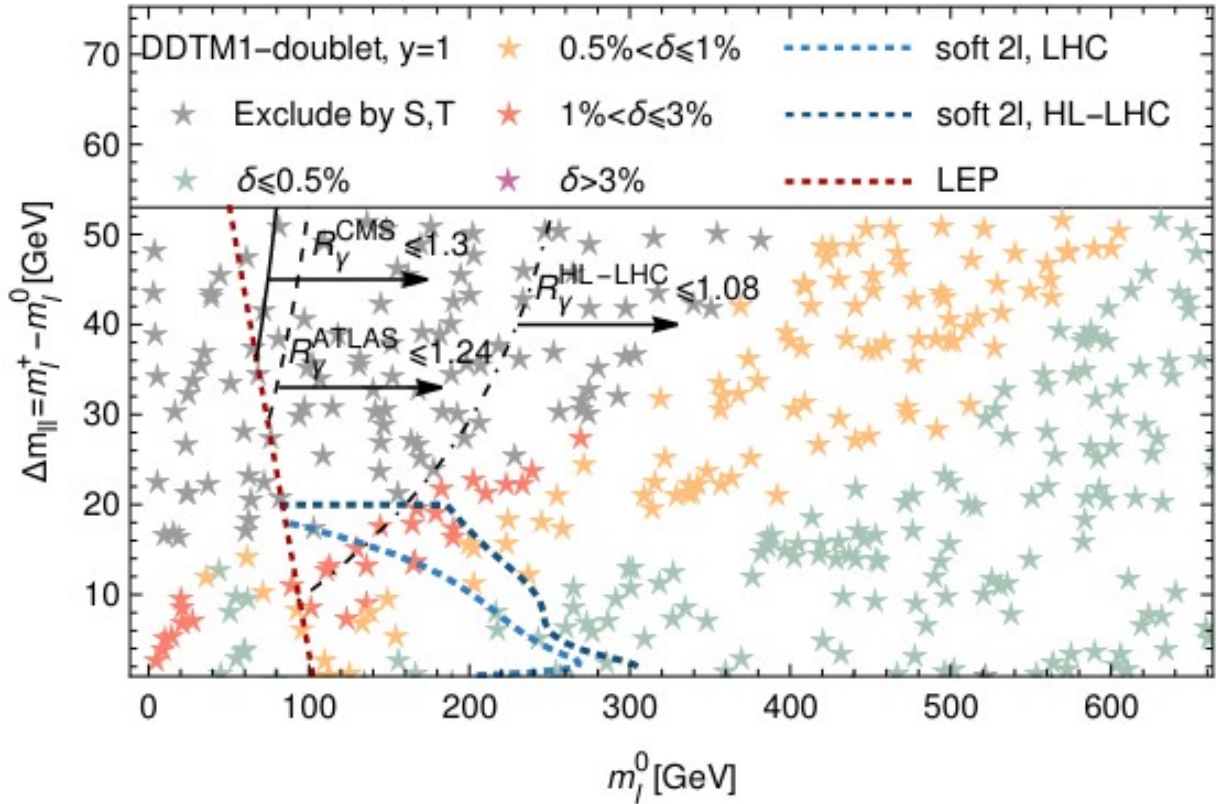
$$\delta = \left| \frac{\sigma_{ZH}^{\text{FDS}} - \sigma_{ZH}^{\text{SM}}}{\sigma_{ZH}^{\text{SM}}} \right|$$

ILC	1.2%
CEPC	0.5%
FCC-ee	0.4%

- stronger (HL-)LHC bounds for leptonic decays
- photonic decay study has small statistics (36 fb^{-1})

Results: stable Dirac doublet-triplet model with $Y=-1$

Plot for $m_D > m_T \Rightarrow m_h^{0, \pm, \pm\pm} \gg m_l^{0, \pm}$ (similar Higgsino with decoupl. wino)



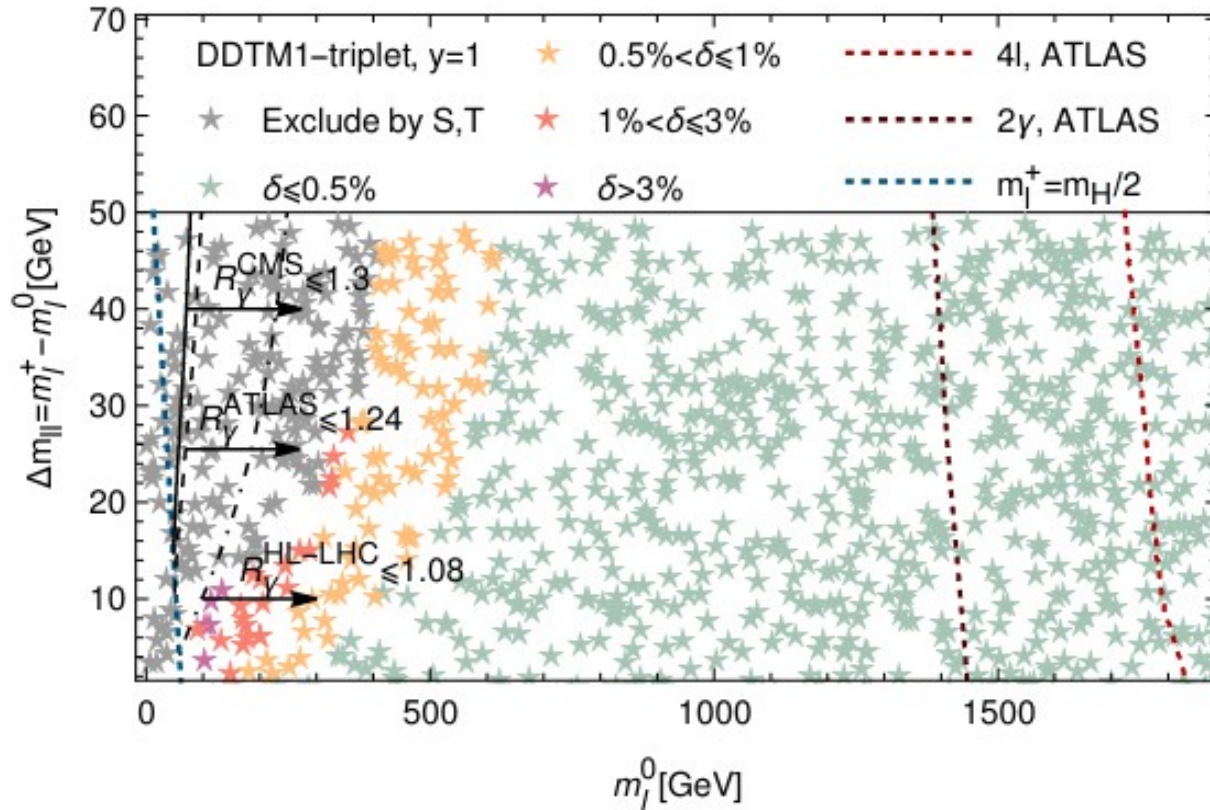
$$\delta = \left| \frac{\sigma_{\text{ZH}}^{\text{FDS}} - \sigma_{\text{ZH}}^{\text{SM}}}{\sigma_{\text{ZH}}^{\text{SM}}} \right|$$

ILC	1.2%
CEPC	0.5%
FCC-ee	0.4%

- significant bounds from oblique parameters
- direct (HL-)LHC searches for soft final states

Results: decaying Dirac doublet-triplet model ($Y=-1$)

Plot for $m_D > m_T \Rightarrow m_h^{0, \pm, \pm\pm} \gg m_l^{0, \pm}$ (similar Higgsino with decoupl. wino)



$$\delta = \left| \frac{\sigma_{\text{ZH}}^{\text{FDS}} - \sigma_{\text{ZH}}^{\text{SM}}}{\sigma_{\text{ZH}}^{\text{SM}}} \right|$$

ILC	1.2%
CEPC	0.5%
FCC-ee	0.4%

- direct (HL-)LHC searches much stronger, using harder leptons from $m_l^{0, \pm}$ decay

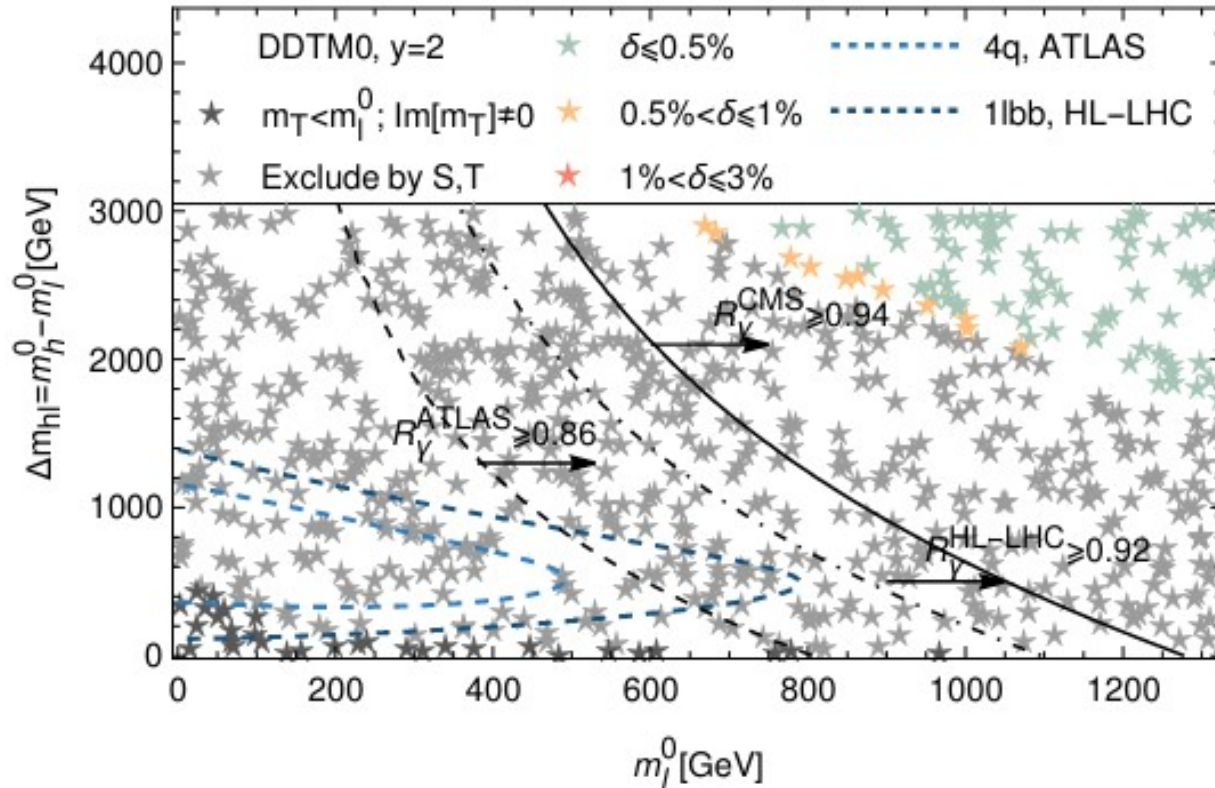
Conclusions

- ▶ Minimal dark-sector fermion models modify Higgs physics at NLO
 - Consider $SU(2)$ singlets/doublet/triplets and Dirac/Majorana fields
- ▶ Complementary probes at LHC (direct) and Higgs factories (indirect, 1-loop)
 - %-level corrections for σ_{HZ} in large parameter regions; $O(\text{TeV})$ masses
 - Strong constraints from oblique parameters for most Dirac models
- ▶ New parameter space probed by Higgs factories (beyond current and projected HL-LHC bounds)
 - in particular for Majorana models
 - also in regions of small Δm
- ▶ Oblique parameter measurements at FCC-ee could provide stronger bounds for some models, help with model discrimination (tbd)

Backup

Results: stable Dirac doublet-triplet model with $Y=0$

Plot for $m_T > m_D \Rightarrow m_h^{0,\pm} \gg m_l^{0,\pm}$ (similar to wino-Higgsino system)



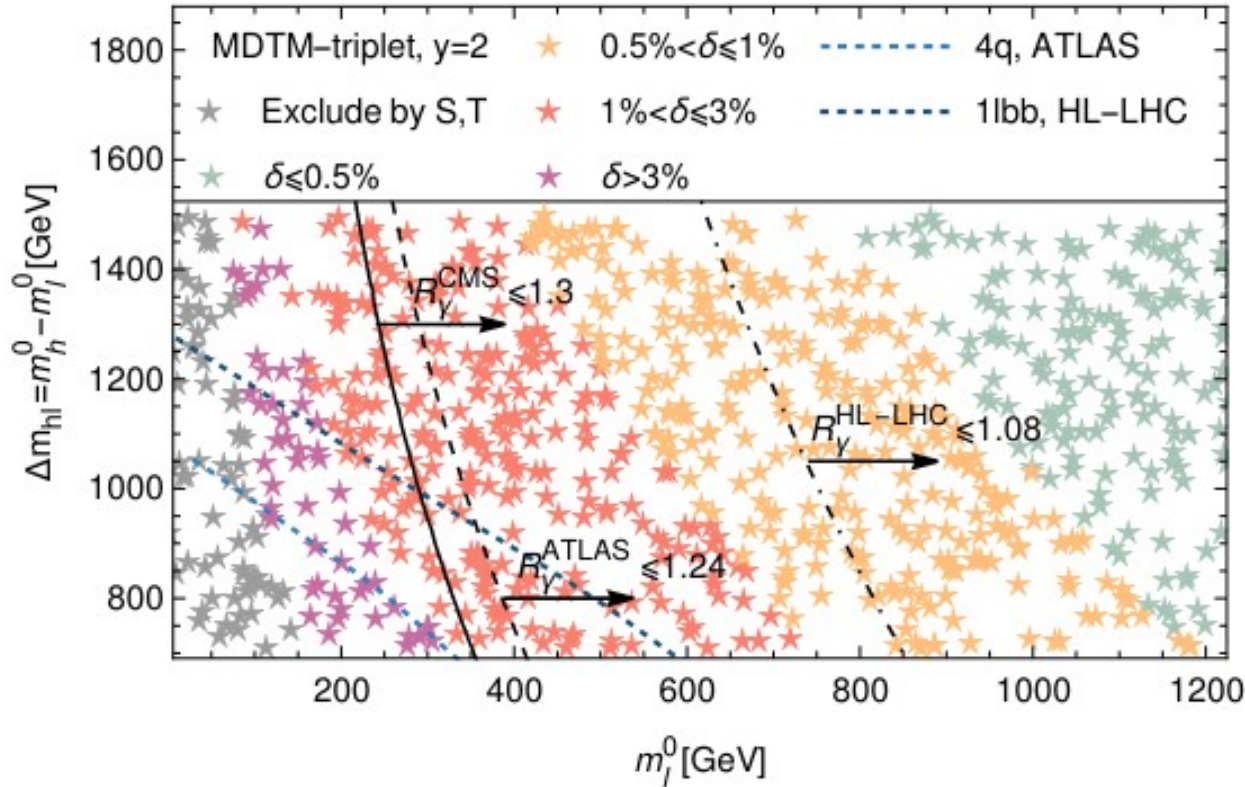
$$\delta = \left| \frac{\sigma_{ZH}^{FDS} - \sigma_{ZH}^{SM}}{\sigma_{ZH}^{SM}} \right|$$

ILC	1.2%
CEPC	0.5%
FCC-ee	0.4%

- strong bounds from oblique parameters
- significant deviations in $ee \rightarrow HZ$ unlikely

Results: stable Majorana doublet-triplet model

Plot for $m_T > m_D \Rightarrow m_h^{0,\pm} \gg m_l^{0,\pm}$ (similar to wino-Higgsino system)



$$\delta = \left| \frac{\sigma_{\text{ZH}}^{\text{FDS}} - \sigma_{\text{ZH}}^{\text{SM}}}{\sigma_{\text{ZH}}^{\text{SM}}} \right|$$

ILC	1.2%
CEPC	0.5%
FCC-ee	0.4%

- most important LHC constraints from R_γ
- significant deviations in $ee \rightarrow HZ$ strongly bounded